

GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY  
OFFICE OF CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION  
SPONSORED PROJECT INITIATION

Date: May 16, 1978

Project Title: Automatic Direction Finding Equipment Evaluation

Project No: A-2134

Project Director: Mr. T. F. Divine

Sponsor: Naval Electronic Systems Command; Code 2603; Washington, DC 20360

Agreement Period: From 4/10/78 Until 30 Mar 79 10/9/78 (R&D Performance)

Type Agreement: Contract No. N00039-78-C-0224

Amount: \$47,976

Reports Required: Test Plan; Test Report; Engineering Drawings & Lists.

Sponsor Contact Person (s):

Technical Matters

Mr. Robert Reece  
Naval Electronic Systems Command  
ATTN: Code PME 107-144  
Washington, DC 20360  
Phone: (202)692-3741

Contractual Matters

(thru OCA)  
ONR Resident Representative  
Room 325, Hinman Research Bldg.  
Ga. Tech Campus

Defense Priority Rating: DO-A7 under DMS Reg. 1

Assigned to: Radar Instrumentation Laboratory (School/Laboratory)

COPIES TO:

Project Director  
Division Chief (EES)  
School/Laboratory Director  
Dean/Director-EES  
Accounting Office  
Procurement Office  
Security Coordinator (OCA)  
Reports Coordinator (OCA)✓

Library, Technical Reports Section  
EES Information Office  
EES Reports & Procedures  
Project File (OCA)  
Project Code (GTRI)  
Other \_\_\_\_\_

GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY  
OFFICE OF CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION  
SPONSORED PROJECT TERMINATION

Date: April 15, 1981

Project Title: Automatic Direction Finding Equipment Evaluation

Project No: A-2134

Project Director: J. S. Ussailis

Sponsor: Naval Electronic Systems Command; Code 2603; Washington, DC 20360

Effective Termination Date: 3/30/79

Clearance of Accounting Charges: 3/30/79

Grant/Contract Closeout Actions Remaining:

- ☒ Final Invoice and Closing Documents
- ☐ Final Fiscal Report
- ☐ Final Report of Inventions
- ☒ Govt. Property Inventory & Related Certificate
- ☐ Classified Material Certificate
- ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

Assigned to: RAIL (School/Laboratory)

COPIES TO:

Administrative Coordinator  
Research Property Management  
Accounting Office  
Procurement Office  
Research Security Services  
Reports Coordinator (OCA)

Legal Services (OCA)  
Library, Technical Reports  
EES Research Public Relations (2)  
Project File (OCA)  
Other: \_\_\_\_\_





# ENGINEERING EXPERIMENT STATION

GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY • ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30332

17 May 1978

Commander  
Naval Electronic Systems Command  
Washington, DC 20360

Attention: Mr. Robert Reece  
PME 107-144

Reference: Contract N00039-78-C-0224

Subject: Monthly Progress Letter No. 1  
10 April 1978 - 30 April 1978

Gentlemen:

During late March and the month of April, work began on the development of the Five Channel Microwave Instrumentation Receiver. Primary emphasis was placed on the identification and order of long lead-time material required for receiver fabrication. The material which has been placed on order is identified in Enclosure 1 and represents an encumbrance of \$26.5K or 80 percent of the direct material (purchased parts) authorized under the contract.

Work has begun on the functional and physical partitioning of the receiver system. The ideal choice of physical partitioning is influenced by the operational deployment of the system (e.g., piling, buoy, or platform). Since the details of the operational deployment of the system are uncertain, a submersible container adequate for housing the remote receiver subsystem and associated power supplies have been identified. Since the container can be used for most conceivable deployments of the receiver, the receiver physical design can proceed.

Work has begun on the Equipment Test Plan (Sequence No. A001 of Contract Data Requirements List). The proposed format of the Equipment Test Plan would include: (1) an analysis of a realistic test configuration including propagation and receiving antenna array considerations, (2) a brief development of receiver performance objectives based on the test, and (3) a brief description of the test procedures used to verify the baseline performance of the receiver. The receiver performance characteristic of primary importance is power ratio measurement accuracy, which can be directly related to DF errors in an amplitude comparison direction finding system. Secondary performance characteristics of interest include sensitivity and dynamic range. The Test Plan submission will be delayed until the receiver deployment plan is firm.


Mr. Robert Reece, PME 107-144  
Monthly Progress Letter No. 1  
17 May 1978  
Page 2

During the reporting period the total and direct wage expenditures were approximately \$2.4K and \$1.4K respectively. The Materials and Supplies identified in Enclosure 1 will be reported as actual expenditures during subsequent reporting periods.

Respectfully submitted,

T. F. Divine  
Project Director

APPROVED:

---

D. K. Plummer  
Head, EM Surveillance Branch

TFD:nsb

Enclosure

## Enclosure 1

Materials and Supplies on Order

VENDOR	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	APPROXIMATE COST	DELIVERY
RHG Electronics	Mixers (5) Log IF Amplifiers (5) Linear IF Amplifiers (5) IF Discriminator (1)	\$8,718	120 days
Hewlett-Packard	Programmable Attenuators (6) Coaxial Switches (4)	\$6,235	21 days
NARDA	Power-Dividers (3)	\$ 735	56 days
OMNIYIG	YIG & YIG-Tuned Gunn Oscillators (3)	\$5,020	-----
CIRQTEL	Harmonic Rejection Filters (2)	\$ 161	49 days
NARDA	Directional Couplers (5) Fixed Attenuators (5)	\$2,088	30 days
DATEL	Sample/Hold Modules (10)	\$1,790	-----
Micronet Works	Analog-to-Digital Converters (10)	1,765	-----

Grand Total \$26,507



ENGINEERING EXPERIMENT STATION  
GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY • ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30332

A-2134

21 June 1978

Commander  
Naval Electronics Systems Command  
ATTN: Mr. Robert Reece  
PME 107-144  
Washington, DC 20360

REFERENCE: Contract N00039-78-C-0224

SUBJECT: Monthly Progress Report No. 2, 1 May 1978 - 31 May 1978

Gentlemen:

During the month of May the primary contract activity concerned the details of the receiver signal processing and control design. While these designs were not completed during the reporting interval, they were pursued in sufficient depth to identify a majority of the materials (circuit components, etc.) necessary to implement the ancillary receiver function. This material has been placed on order.


Feedback concerning the long lead time items discussed in Monthly Progress Letter No. 1 indicates that some material (notably rf components) may not be received until late (eg. September) in the contract period. At this point it appears that sufficient parts are on-hand under Contract N00039-74-C-0278 to permit the construction and test of one receiver channel rf chain. It is requested that appropriate approval be given for the use of suitable N00039-74-C-0278 components in the execution of this contract.

During the reporting period, the direct wage expenditures were approximately \$2.8K. The total expenditures and/or encumbrances for the month were \$22.9K. The total free balance remaining in the contract budget is \$22.7K. The enclosed figure illustrates the contract expenditures and budget projections over the contract's duration. A similar figure will be provided in future progress reports.

Respectfully submitted,

T. F. Divine  
Project Director

Approved:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
D. K. Plummer  
Head, EM Surveillance Branch

Enclosures



JNE 9 ,1978

K\$

100

90

80

70

60

50

40

30

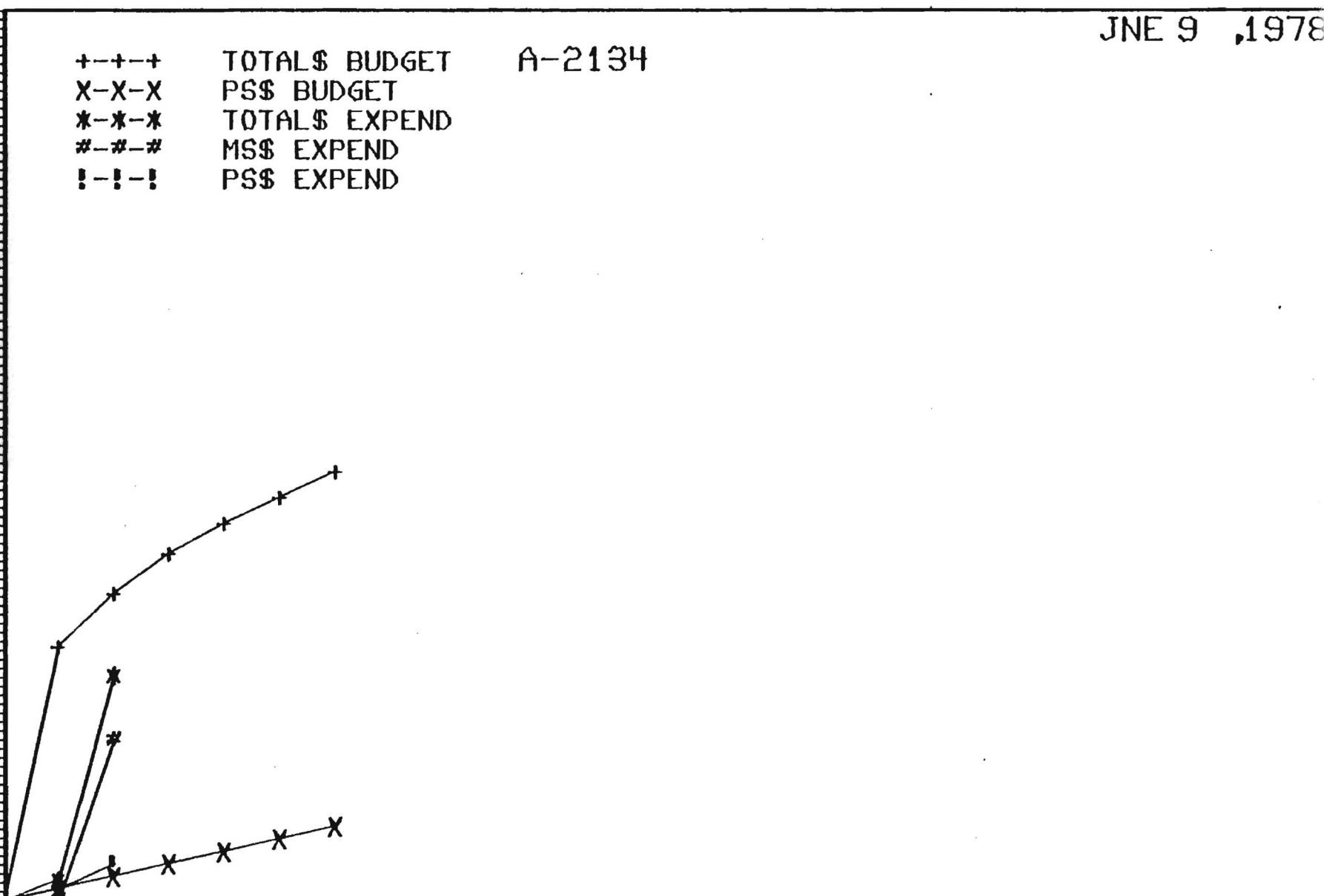
20

10

0

+--+ TOTAL\$ BUDGET A-2134  
 X-X-X PS\$ BUDGET  
 \*-\*- TOTAL\$ EXPEND  
 #-#- MS\$ EXPEND  
 !-!- PS\$ EXPEND

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24  
 A M J J A S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F M  
 FY78 FY79 FY80





ENGINEERING EXPERIMENT STATION  
GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY • ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30332

A-2134

21 May 1979

Department of the Navy  
Naval Electronics Systems Command  
Washington, D.C. 20360

Attention: Mr. Robert Reece  
Code PME 107-14

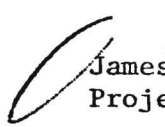
Reference: Contract No. N00039-78-C-0224  
"Assembly and Test of Instrumentation Receiver for  
Automatic Direction Finding Equipment Evaluation  
Georgia Tech/EES Project A-2134

Subject: DD1423 No. A001, Equipment Test Plan

Gentlemen:

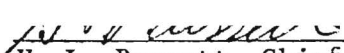
Attached to this letter is an equipment test plan for your review  
and approval.

Respectfully submitted,

  
James S. Ussailis  
Project Director

JSU/c  
Att.

Approved: 

  
H. L. Bassett, Chief  
ESM Division

EQUIPMENT TEST PLAN

Assembly and Test of Instrument Receiver  
for Automatic Direction Finding Equipment Evaluation  
Project A-2134

Prepared for

Naval Electronics Systems Command - Code PME 107-14  
Washington, D.C.

Contract No.  
N00039-78-C-0224

Prepared by

GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY  
Engineering Experiment Station  
Radar and Instrumentation Laboratory  
21 May 1979

## I. INTRODUCTION

This document describes qualification tests of the receiver for the Automatic Direction Finding (ADF) Test Program to be conducted by Georgia Tech at the Naval Coastal Systems Center (NCSC). It is submitted in fulfillment of contract data requirement list item A001 under Contract N0039-78-C-0224 describing the purpose of the entire experiment and contains a general description of test sites, equipment to be used and experimental procedures. This Receiver Test Plan compliments and expands on the Experiment Test Plan.

The philosophy of testing the receiver is substantially different from a qualification test for an item of purchased equipment or for procurement of a device utilized in an operational environment. The underlying purpose behind these tests is to ensure that the characteristics of the receiver will permit meaningful data to be collected and that characteristics describing the operation of the receiver are accurately recorded. In keeping with this philosophy, detailed tests of the individual receiver components, while a necessary part of the development program, are not specified as part of the Receiver Test Plan. Only their performance, when embedded as part of the overall system, has meaningful impact on the receiver characteristics which are important to this experiment.

Since a primary objective of these tests is to accurately record receiver characteristics rather than to determine compliance with a set of specifications, the go/no-go results are established to encompass a relatively wide range of receiver parameters. The tests are designed to record the maximum amount of data useful in characterization of the data acquisition and analysis system.

The following section describes a receiver qualification test procedure consisting of a number of individual performance tests to be carried out before equipment is sent to the field.



## II. RECEIVER QUALIFICATION TEST PROCEDURES

### A. Purpose

The purpose of these test procedures is to ensure that characteristics of the receiver are suitable for the ADF Measurement Program, that the characteristics of the receiver are accurately recorded for use in subsequent data analysis and to answer any questions concerning receiver performance which might arise. It is specifically not intended that the receiver satisfy a set of military specifications, that it be capable of operating over an extreme temperature range or that it be operated by other than trained scientific personnel.

### B. Location

The receiver qualification test procedures will be performed at the contractor's facilities, Georgia Tech Research Facility, Cobb County, Georgia.

### C. Test Instrumentation and Calibration

Standard Georgia Tech calibration procedures established by our instrumentation calibration laboratory will be used to calibrate all appropriate test equipment utilized during the program. It is anticipated that all equipment for these experiments will be owned by Georgia Tech and subject to these calibration requirements. Appropriate descriptive information concerning the identity of this equipment will be recorded on the appropriate data sheets.

### D. Support Requirements

All necessary support will be provided by the contractor.

### E. Test Descriptions

Five major tests will be performed as part of the qualification test procedures.

#### E.1. Bandwidth

The objective of this test is to determine the nature of the receiver passband, the levels of voltage output, the saturation levels of the system and the variation in bandwidth with changes in input signal strength. These tests will be conducted at center frequencies of approximately 3.0, 9.5 and

14.5 GHz. They will encompass a range of input power from 0 dBm to less than -70 dBm. Figure 1, a simplified block diagram of the system, shows the use of a swept frequency source, a calibrated attenuator, an oscilloscope display and a camera or an X-Y chart recorder to record results. A sweep width of 200 MHz about the center frequency will be established, the receiver tuned to that center frequency and the scope utilized to display a trace of detected receiver output as a function of input frequency. A value input power will be stepped in 10 dB increments from 0 dB to less than -70 dBm and will be utilized in separate steps and recorded by sequential exposure on the same film. It is anticipated that a 3 dB bandwidth of approximately 50 MHz will be obtained, and that this value will be no greater than 100 nor less than 35 MHz. Recorded data will be carefully annotated to indicate output voltage levels and the association of receiver bandpass traces with input signal power.

## E.2. Spurious Responses

### E.2.a. Spurious Signal Response

The same data recording scheme will be used as with the bandwidth measurements above, but the sweep width will be increased so the 1 to 15 GHz range will be covered. The plots of receiver output as a function of input frequency will again be recorded for input signal values of -10, -30 and -70 dBm. Data shall be carefully examined to ensure that spurious responses are at least 40 dB below those desired.

### E.2.b. Intercept Point

A two-tone intermodulation distortion measurement will be performed in the vicinity of 3.1 GHz (Figure 2) and the results plotted on log-log graph paper to determine both the third order intercept point<sup>1</sup> and the 1 dB compression point.

## E.3. Equivalence of CW and Pulsed Measurements

A calibrated crystal detector will establish equivalence in peak power between a CW signal and a pulsed single frequency signal. These signals will be sequentially injected into the receiver at operating frequencies of 3.1, 9.5 and 14.5 GHz to ensure that the output signal is independent of

---

<sup>1</sup>Electronic Design, 1 Feb. 1967. "Don't Guess the Spurious Level," McVay, Franz C.

pulse length. Continuous wave signals and pulse signals having pulse lengths 2, 1, 0.5 and 0.25 microseconds will be utilized. A simplified block diagram of the measurements set-up is included as Figure 3.

#### E.4. Minimum Detectable Signal

The test set-up described in Figure 3 will be utilized with a 1.0 microsecond wide pulse to establish the level of minimum detectable signal. While this signal is a difficult measurement to make, the use of tangential signal sensitivity provides a much more repeatable value. At least three measurements of tangential signal sensitivity will be made by a minimum of three different operators at each frequency in order to establish the level of tangential sensitivity, the average of these readings being the measured value. The known relationship between minimum detectable signal and tangential signal sensitivity will then be used to determine the minimum detectable signal for the system.

#### E. 5. Logarithmicity

The linearity of the transfer function between detected signal output of the receiver and the input signal power in dBm will be established utilizing the experimental set-up described in Figure 4. A continuous wave injected signal tuned to the receiver's center frequency will be stepped in 5 dB increments throughout the receiver's dynamic range to ensure a linear and known relationship between receiver input power in dBm and signal output. If deviations over a 50 dB dynamic range from a straight line of less than 1 dB cannot be achieved, the experiment will be repeated using 2 dB increments. Tests will be performed at a center frequency of 3, 9.5 and 14.5 GHz at 15°C, 20°C, 25°C and 30°C ambient temperature.

#### F. Delivery of Documentation

Within thirty days after completion of the receiver qualification test procedures, copies of all completed data sheets and a copy of the receiver test plan will be forwarded to the sponsor for his records. Included in this data package will be a letter discussing deviations of the results from expected values and indications of the impact of these deviations on the experiment.

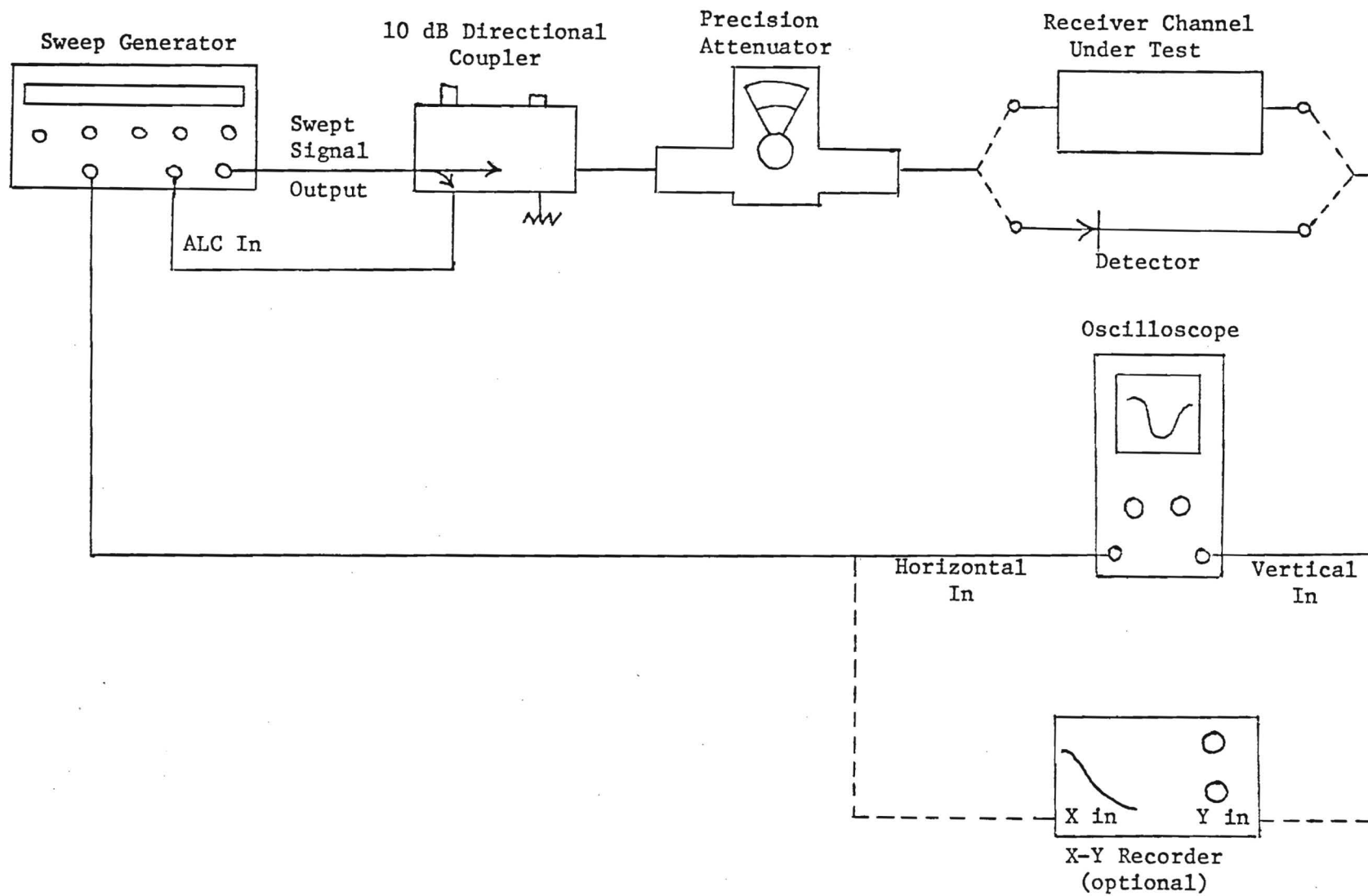


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Swept Bandwidth Measurement



S Band Signal Generators

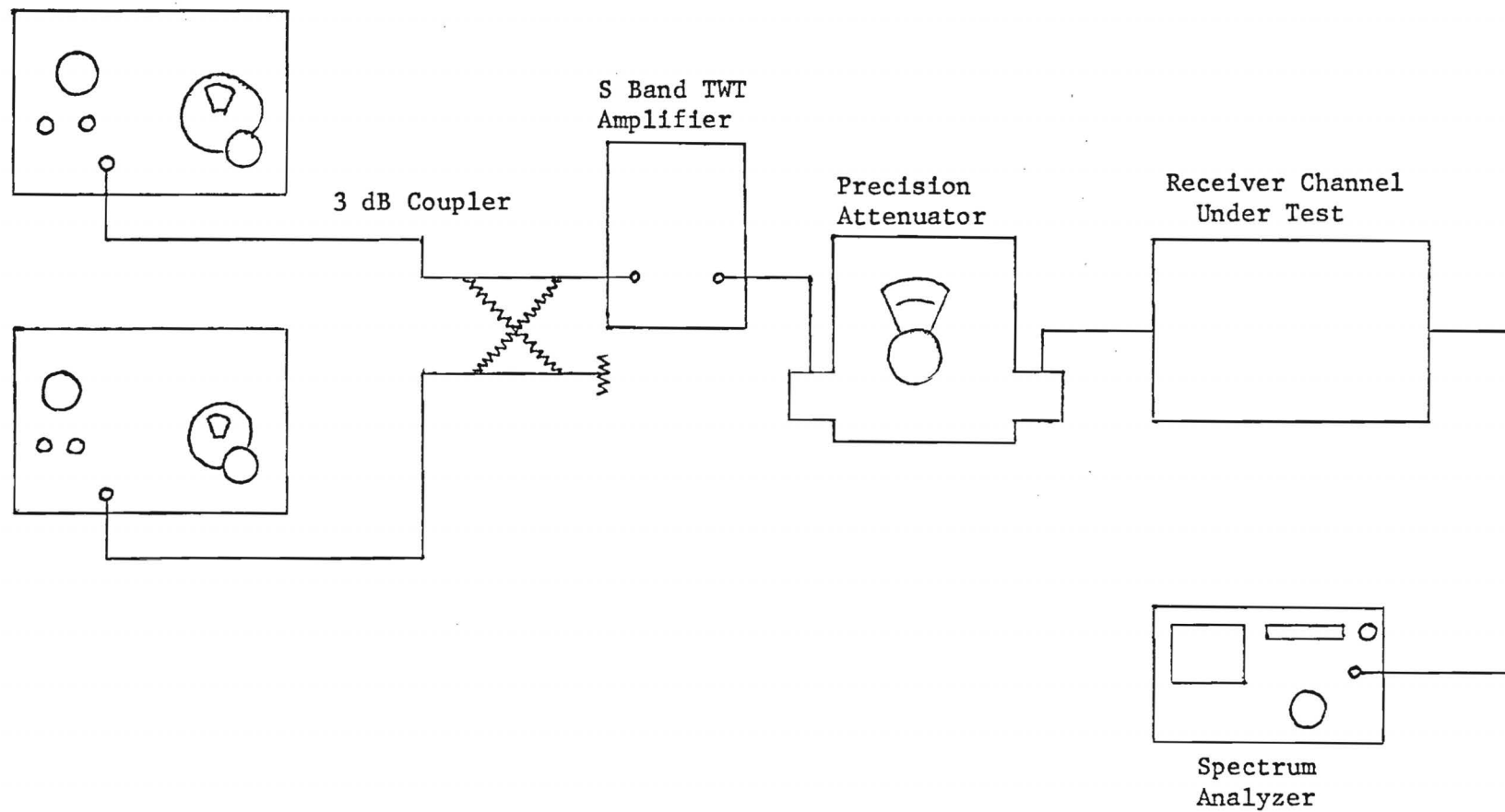


Figure 2. Block Diagram of Intermodulation Distortion Measurement

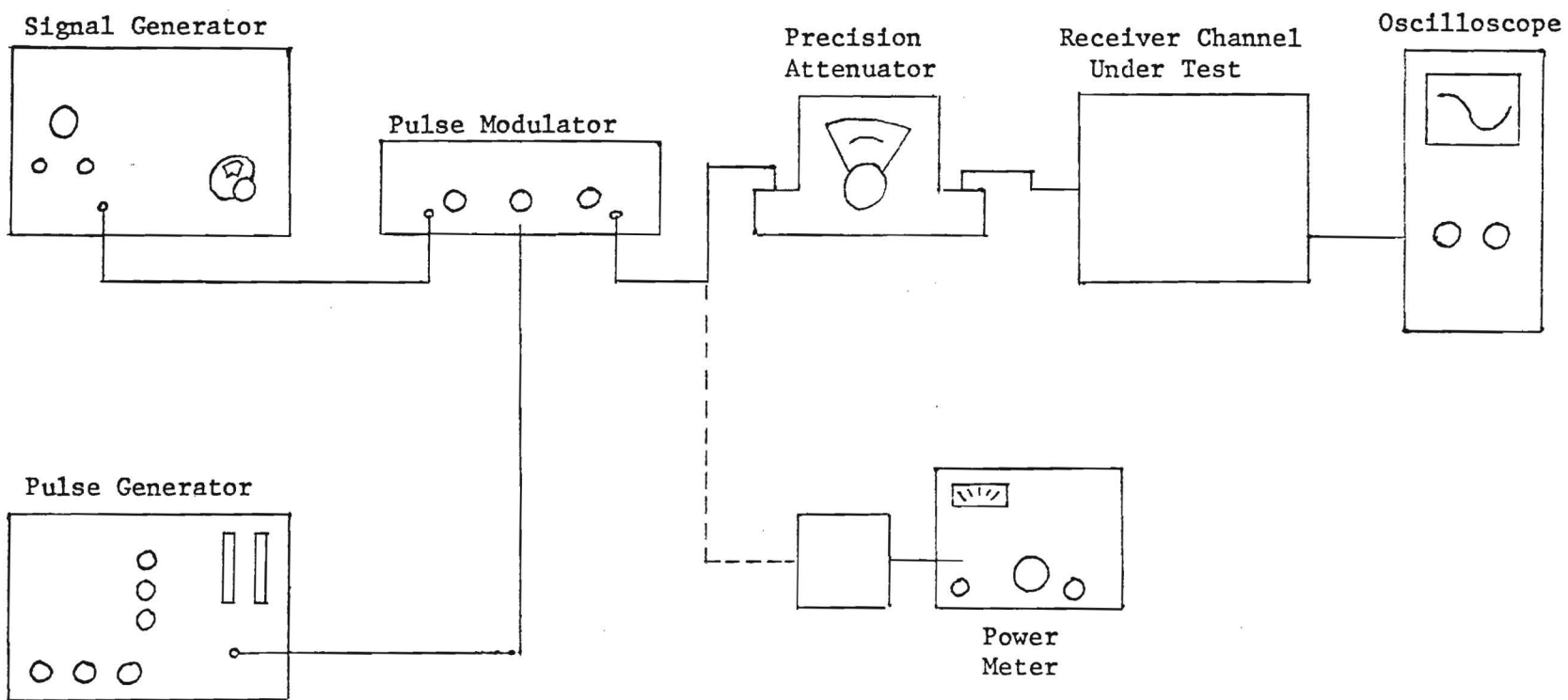


Figure 3. Block Diagram of Equivalence and Tangential Sensitivity Tests

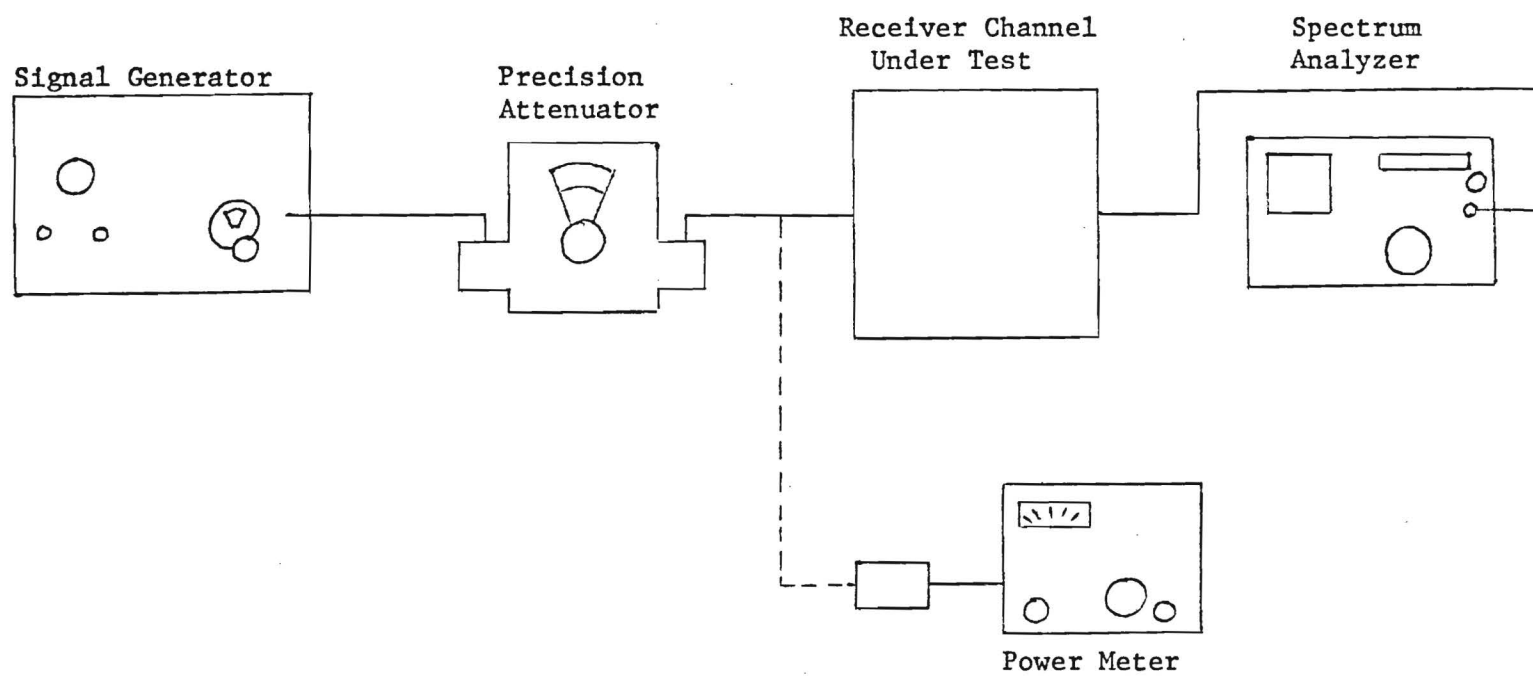


Figure 4. Block Diagram of Logarithmicity Test



Georgia Institute of Technology  
ENGINEERING EXPERIMENT STATION  
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30332

26 March 1981

Department of the Navy  
Naval Electronics Systems Command  
Washington, D.C. 20360

Attention: Mr. Ed Walsh  
Code PME 107-14

Reference: Contract No. N00039-78-C-0224  
"Assembly and Test of Instrumentation Receiver for  
Automatic Direction Finding Equipment Evaluation"  
Georgia Tech/EES Project A-2134

Subject: DD1423 Item A002 - Test Report

Gentlemen:

Attached to this letter is a test report for your review and approval. This report is the result of testing undertaken in accordance with DD1423 Item A001, Equipment Test Plan.

Respectfully submitted,

*Handwritten mark*

*James S. Ussailis*  
James S. Ussailis  
Project Director

JSU/c  
Attachment

APPROVED:

*Handwritten signature*

*Harold L. Bassett*  
Harold L. Bassett, Chief  
Modeling and Analysis Division



# REPORT APPROVAL SHEET

DUE DATE:

I. \_\_\_\_\_ PROJECT NO. 42134  
 (Report Type and No.)  
 REPORT TITLE Assembly and Test of Instrumentation Receiver for Automatic Direction Finding Equipment Evaluation  
 REPORT AUTHOR(S) James S. Ussailis and Keith D. Vaughn  
 PROJECT DIRECTOR James S. Ussailis DIV./BR. RAIL/MAD

II. DRAFT (typed, complete) approved for preparation of reproduction masters (or final typing on bond) by:  
3/30/81 \_\_\_\_\_ PROJECT DIRECTOR  
 \_\_\_\_\_ BRANCH HEAD  
 \_\_\_\_\_ DIVISION CHIEF  
 (Date Signed) (Signature)

III. REPRODUCTION MASTER (or typed bond and carbon copies):  
3-27-81 \_\_\_\_\_ TYPIST  
 (Date Signed) (Signature)  
 A. APPROVED FOR REPRODUCTION OF COPIES TO BE SENT TO SPONSOR FOR HIS APPROVAL  
 \_\_\_\_\_ PROJECT DIRECTOR  
 \_\_\_\_\_ BRANCH HEAD  
 \_\_\_\_\_ DIVISION CHIEF  
 (Initial)  
 B. APPROVED FOR REPRODUCTION OF FINAL COPIES TO BE SENT TO SPONSOR  
 \_\_\_\_\_ PROJECT DIRECTOR  
 \_\_\_\_\_ BRANCH HEAD  
 \_\_\_\_\_ DIVISION CHIEF 3/30/81  
 (Initial)

IV. PRINTED COPY released for distribution:  
 \_\_\_\_\_ RESEARCH REPORTS COORDINATOR  
 (Date Signed) (Signature)

## V. REPORT DISTRIBUTION RECORD

EXTERNAL			INTERNAL		
	Date	No. Copies		Date	No. Copies
To Sponsor			Div. Chief		
Other:			Br. Head		
			Project Dir.		
			Res. Rpt. Coord.		
			Library		
			Other:		

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR INSTRUCTIONS

GIT/EES Project A-2134

ASSEMBLY AND TEST OF INSTRUMENTATION RECEIVER FOR  
AUTOMATIC DIRECTION FINDING EQUIPMENT EVALUATION

by

J. S. Ussailis  
K. D. Vaughn

Contract No. N00039-78-C-0224

Submitted to

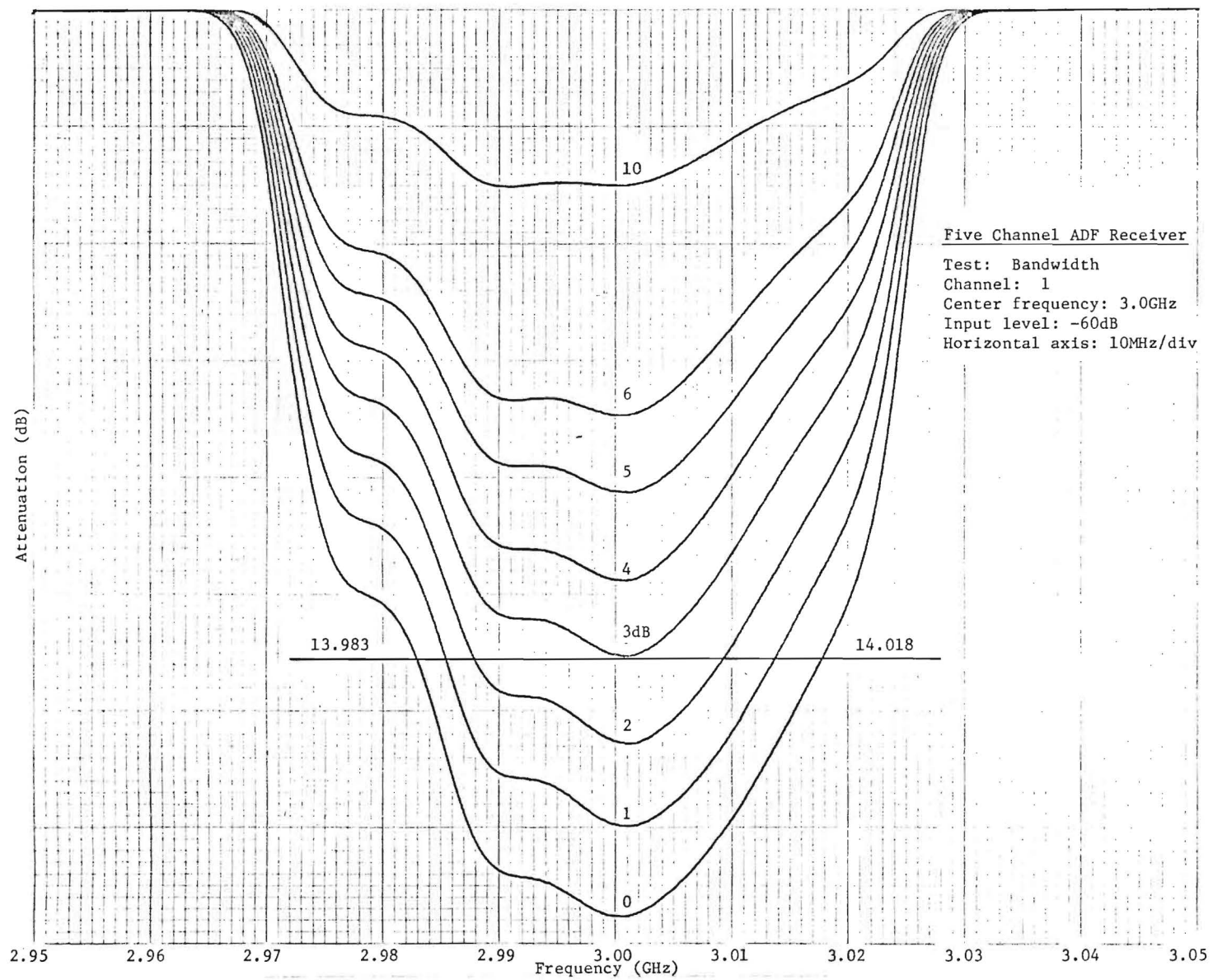
Department of the Navy  
Naval Electronics Systems Command  
Washington, D. C. 20360

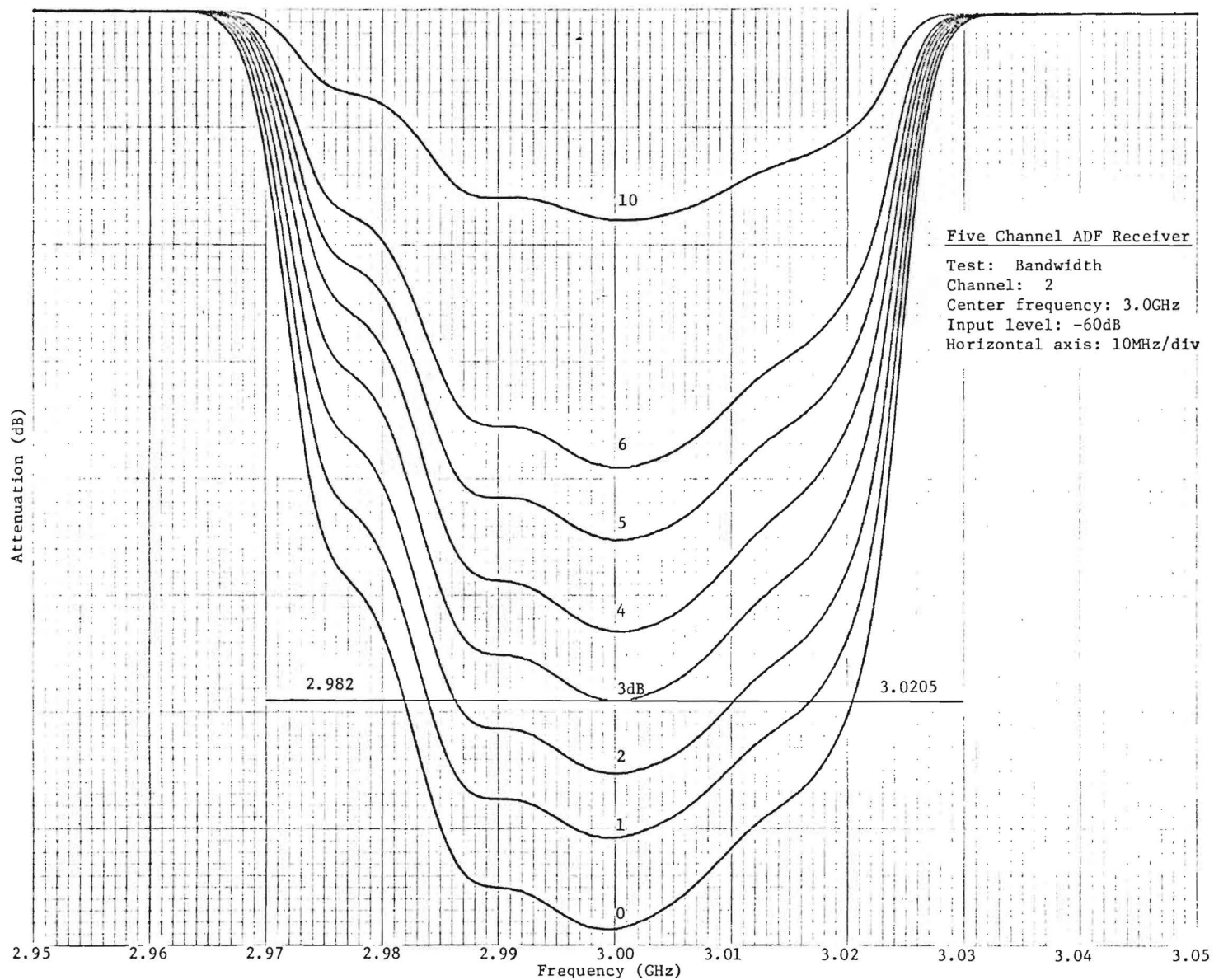
March 1981

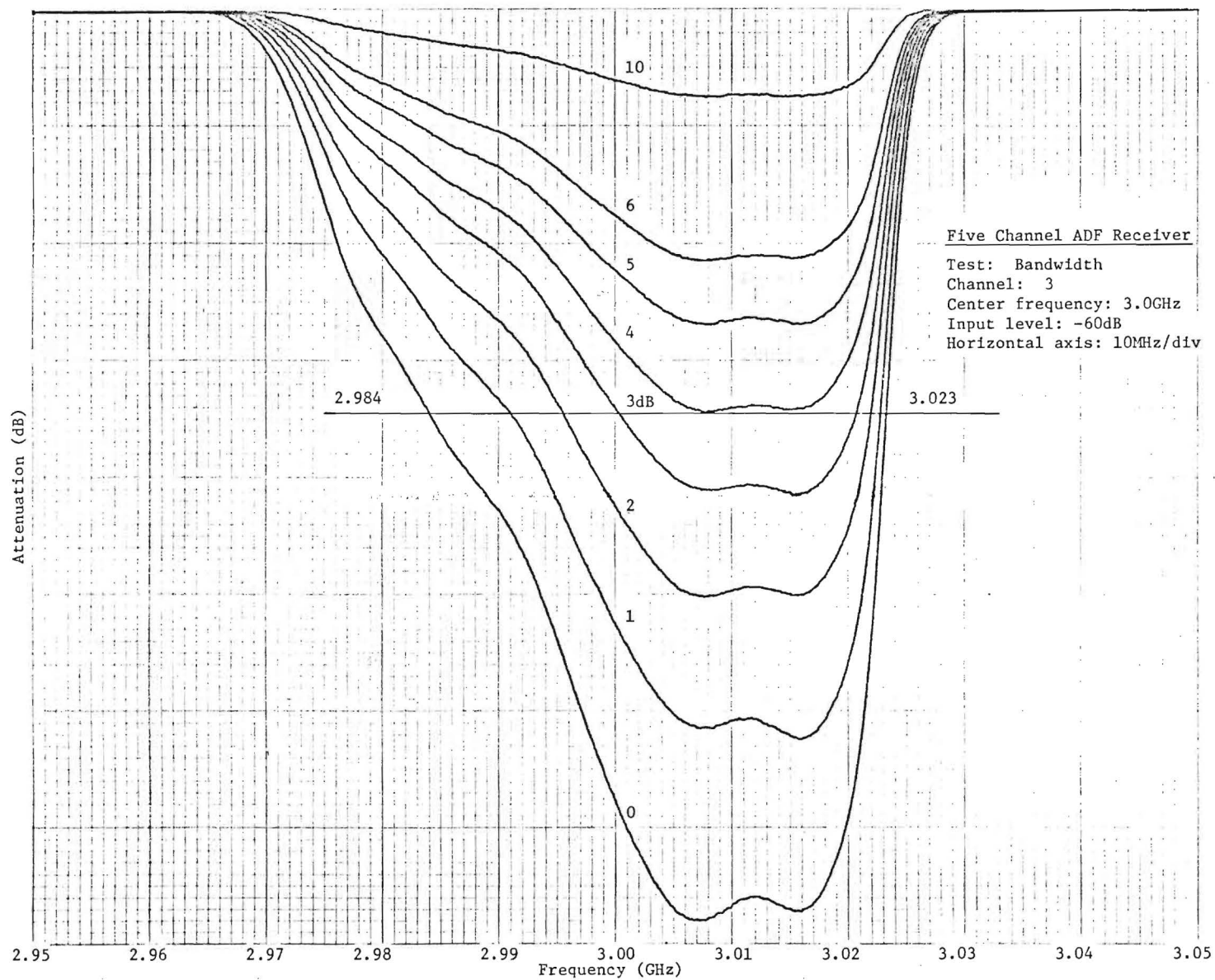
GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY  
Engineering Experiment Station  
Atlanta, Georgia 30332

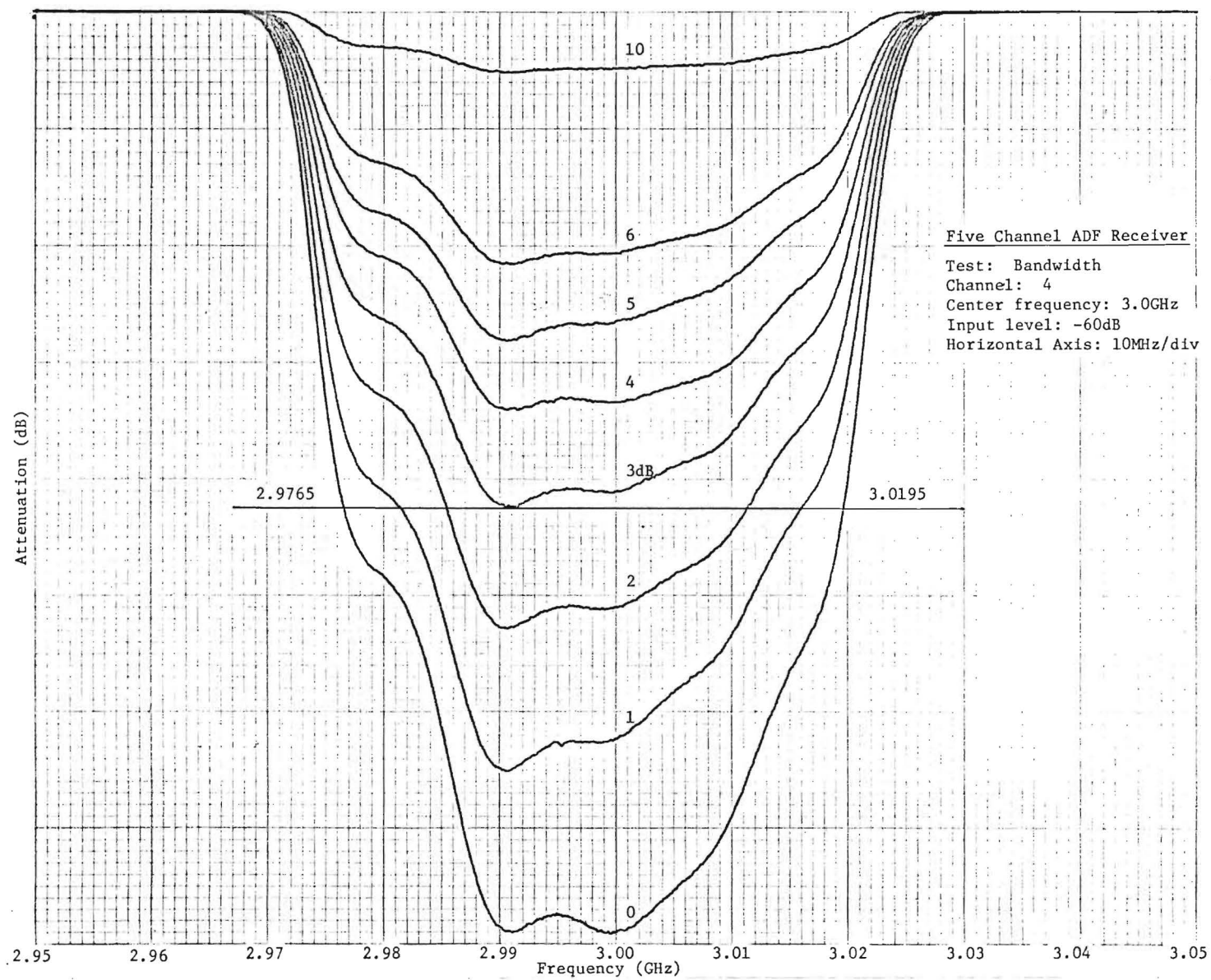
## TABLE OF CONTENTS

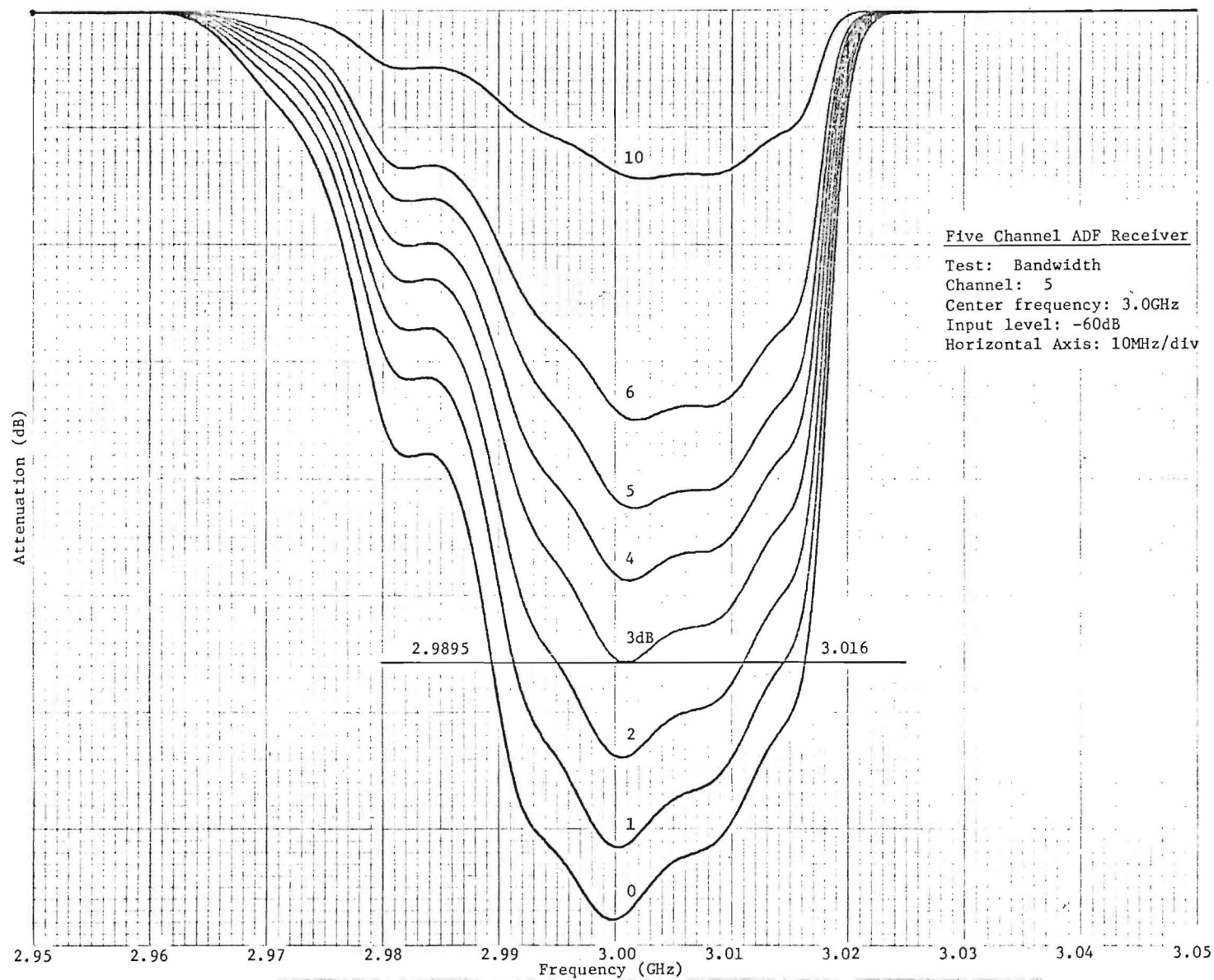
<u>Test Results</u>	<u>Pages (inclusive)</u>
Bandwidth	1 - 15
Spurious Responses	
Spurious Signal Response	16 - 60
Intercept Point	61 - 64
Equivalence of CW & Pulse Measurements	65
Minimum Detectable Signal	65
Logarithmicity	66-110



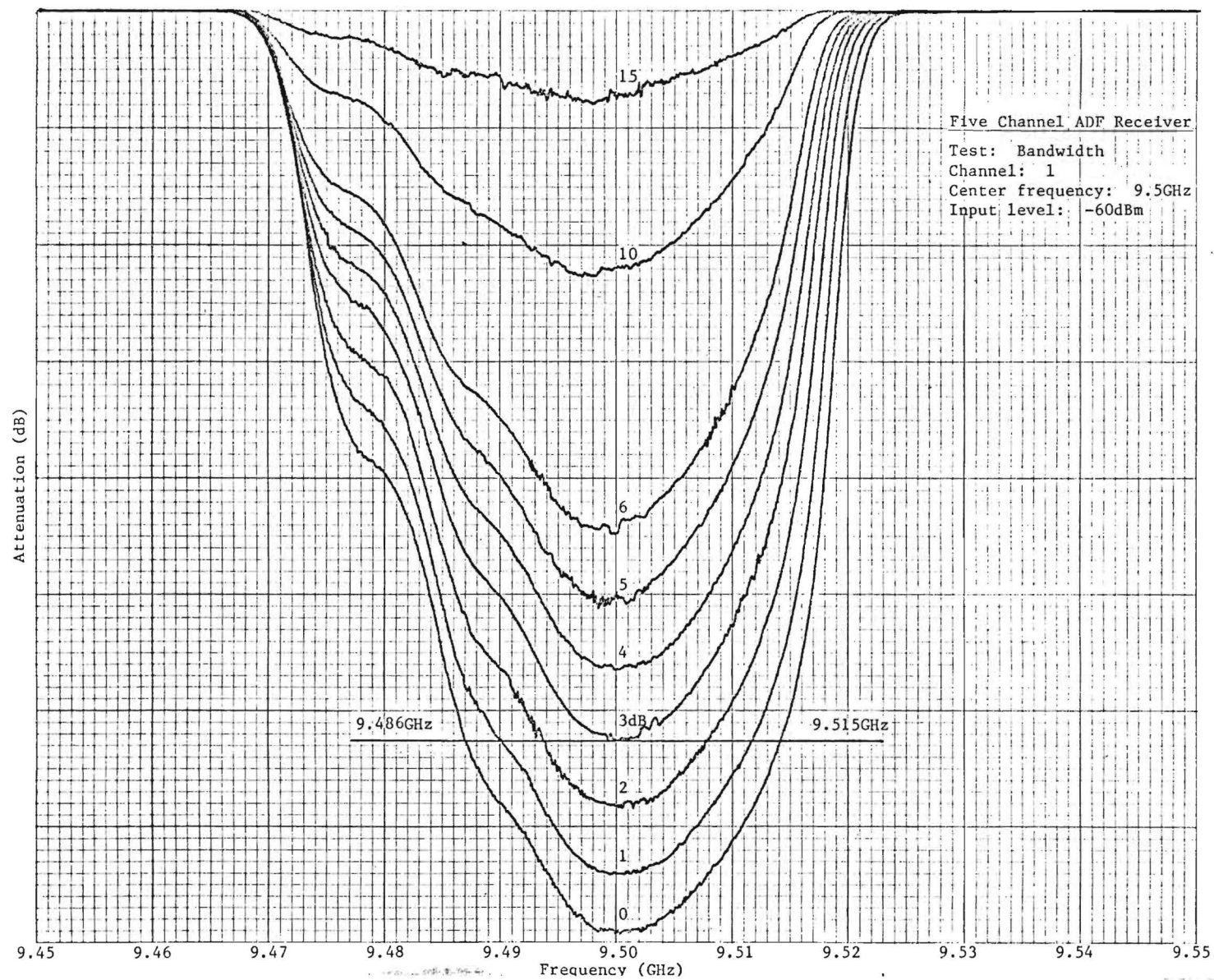


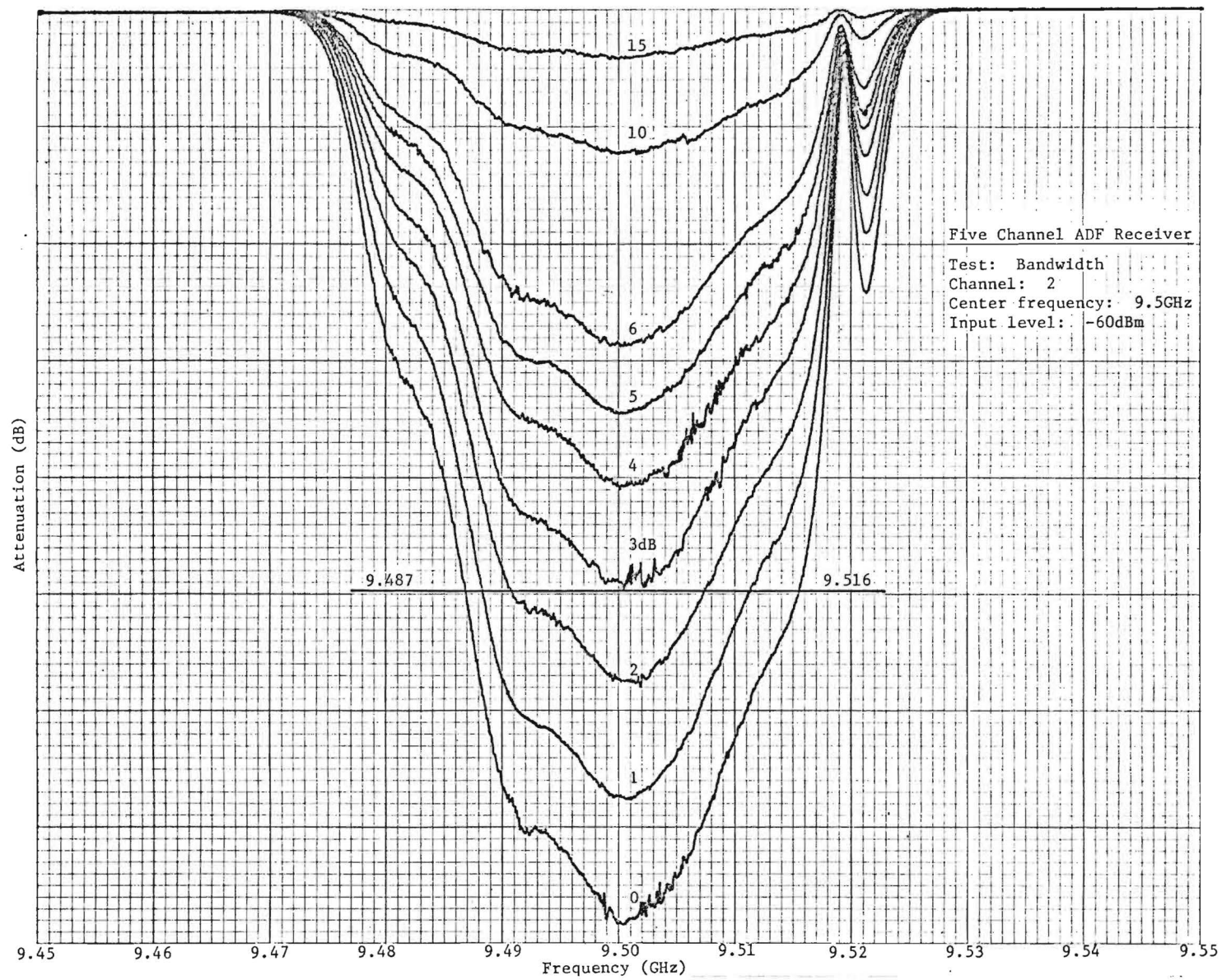


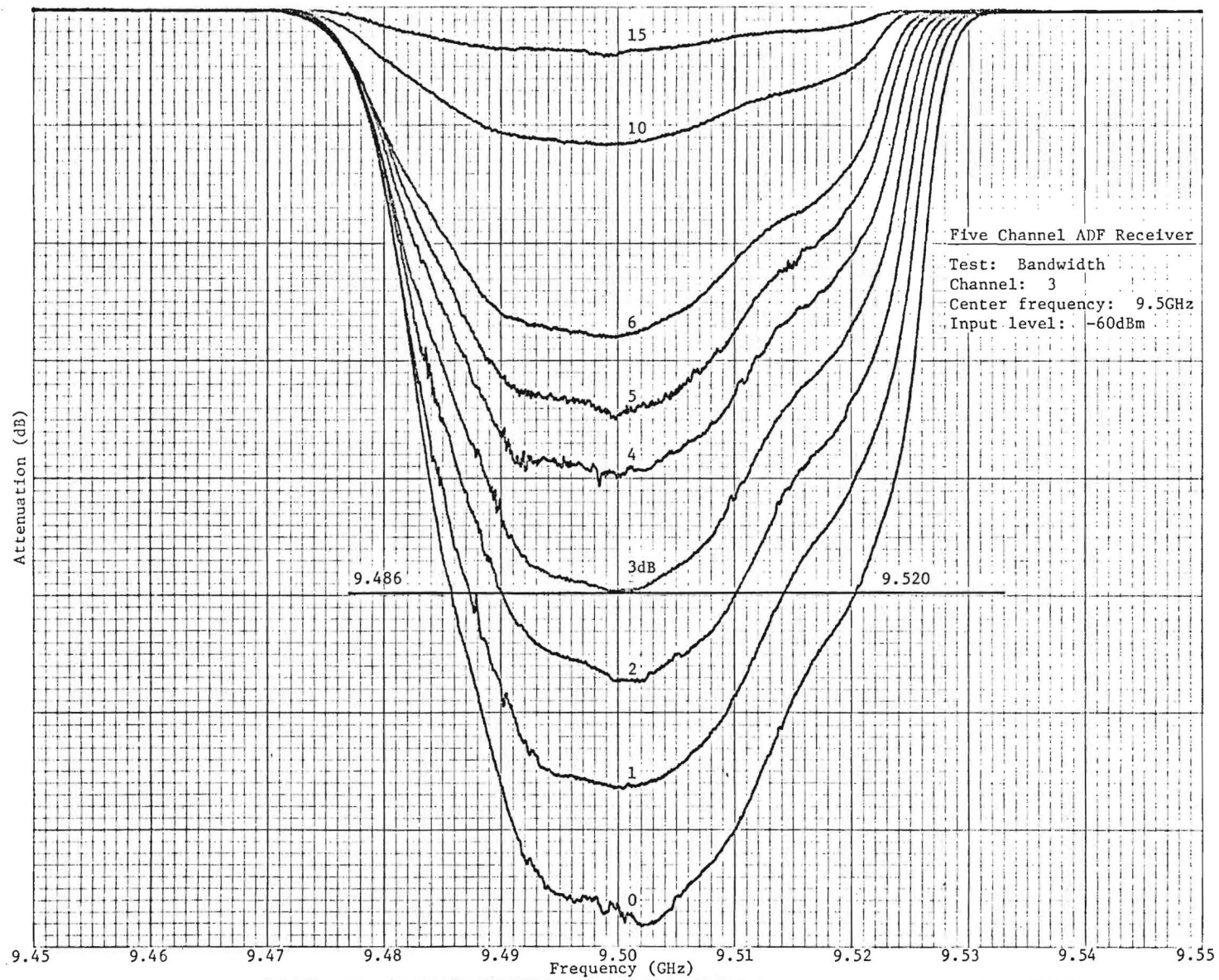


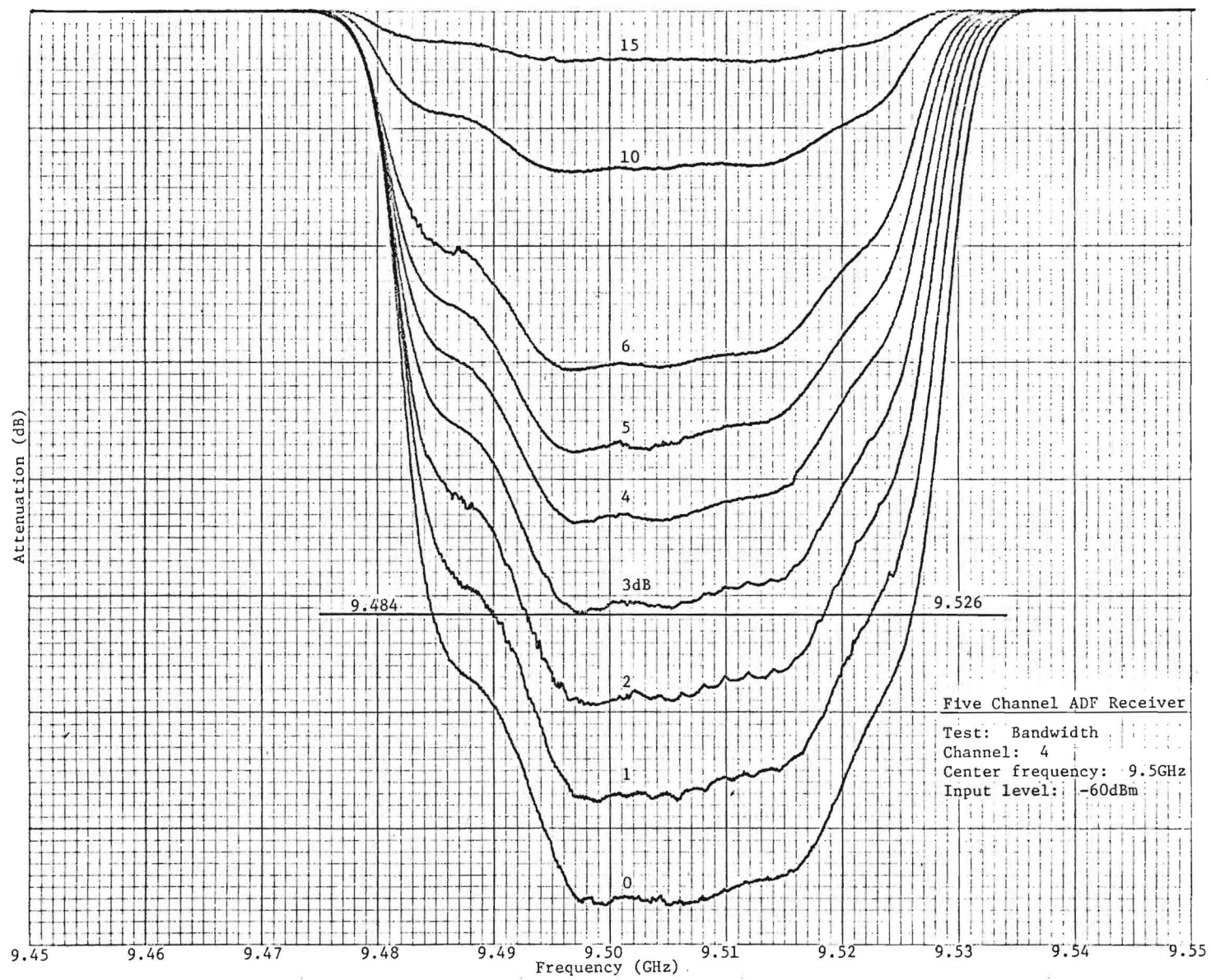




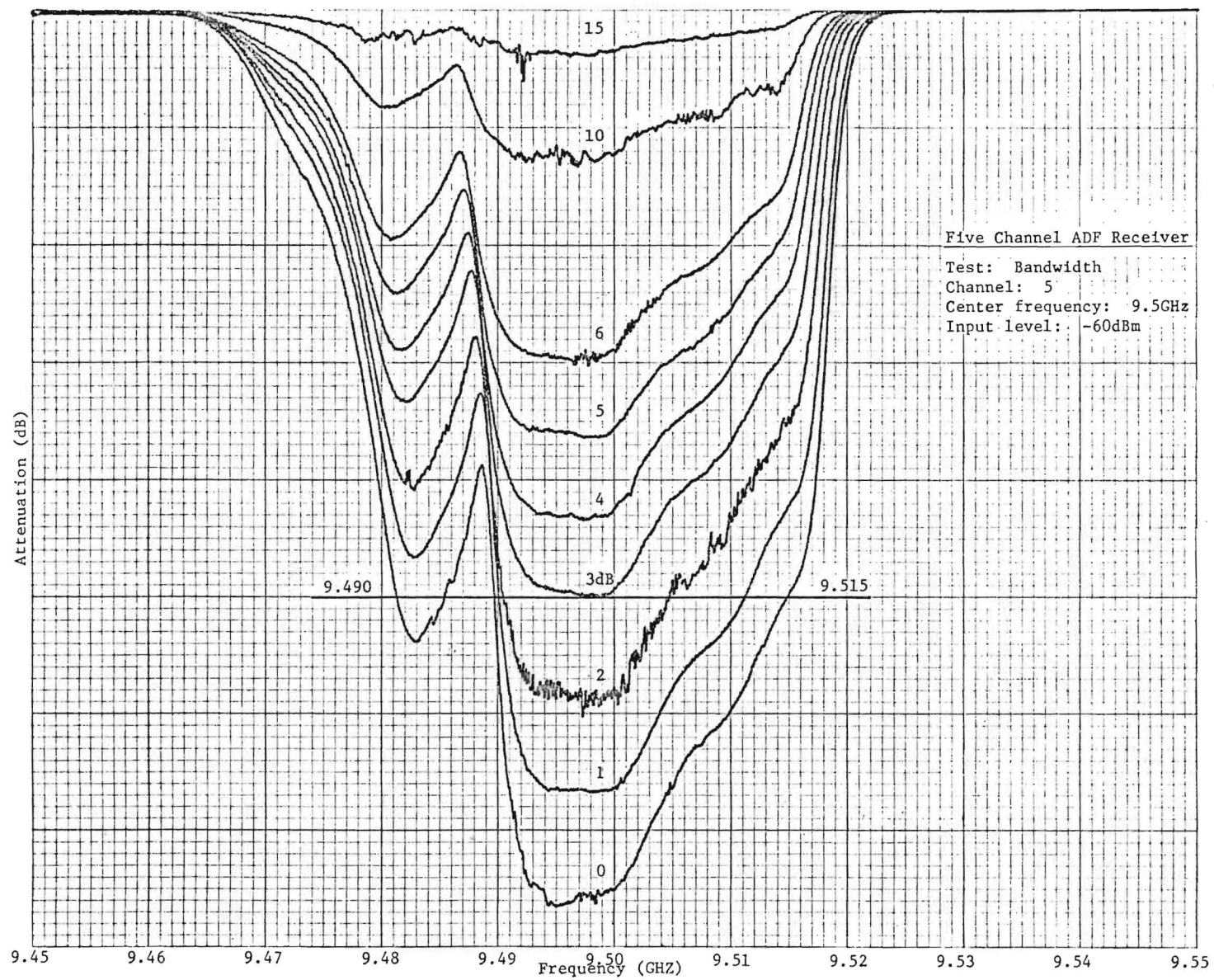


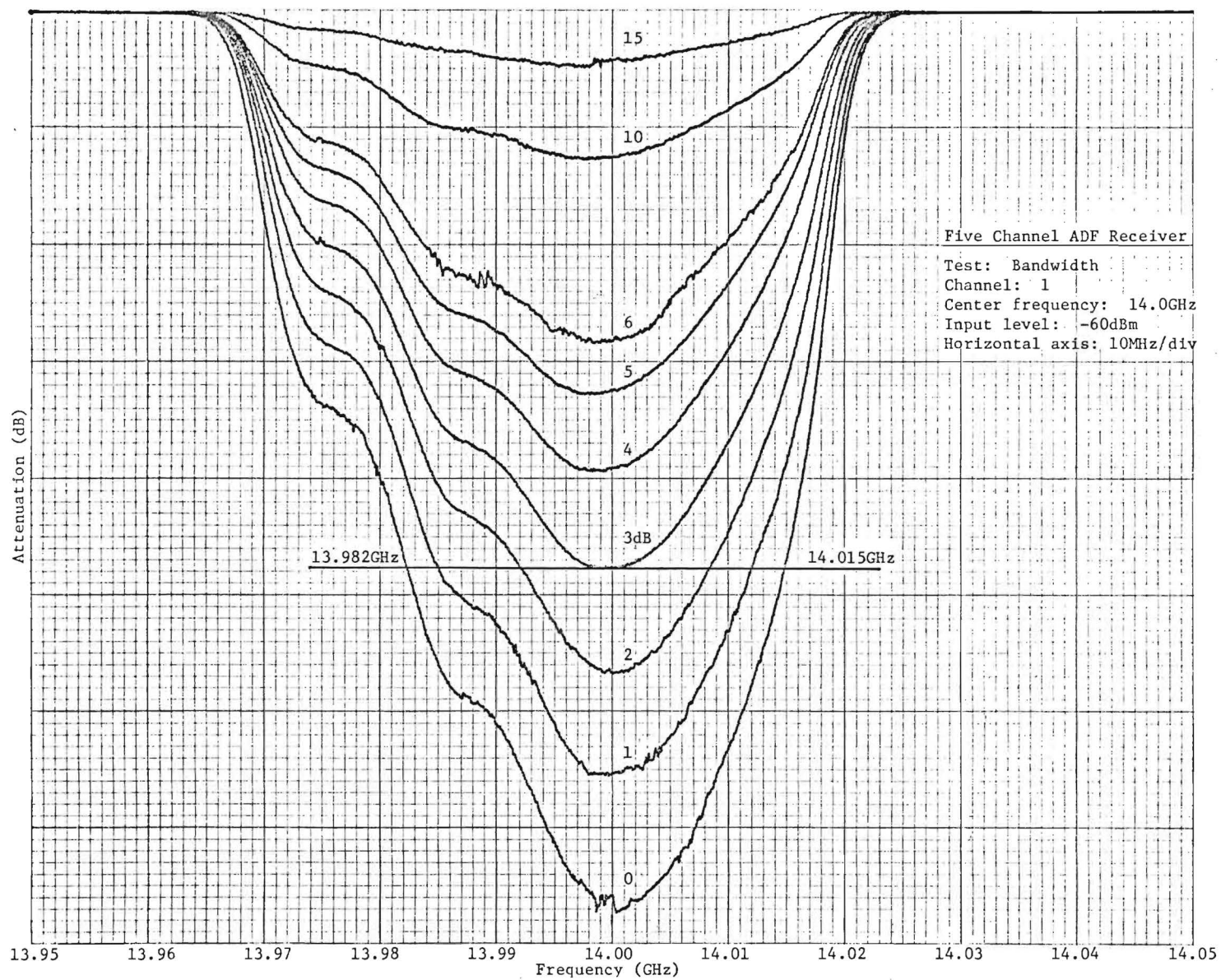


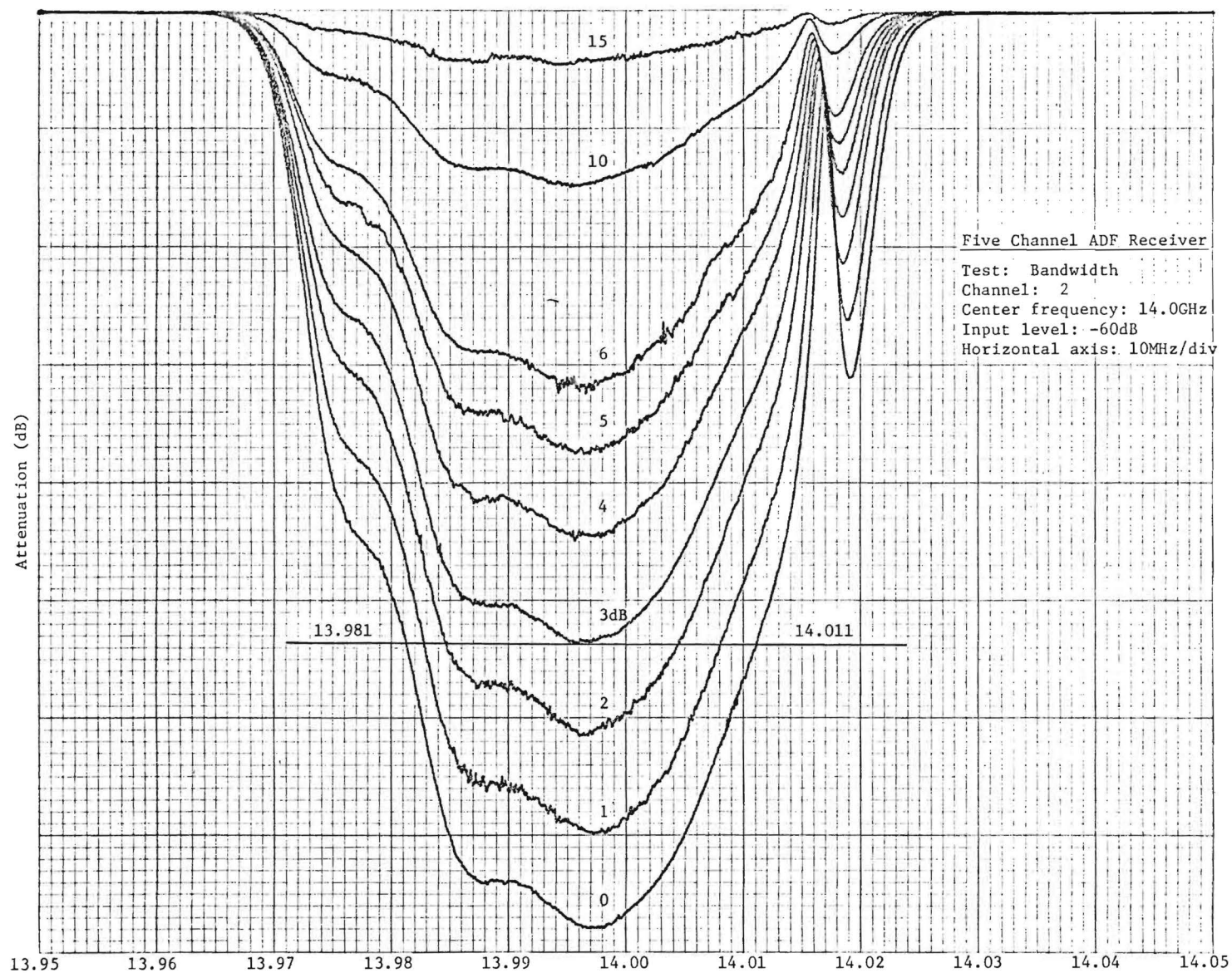






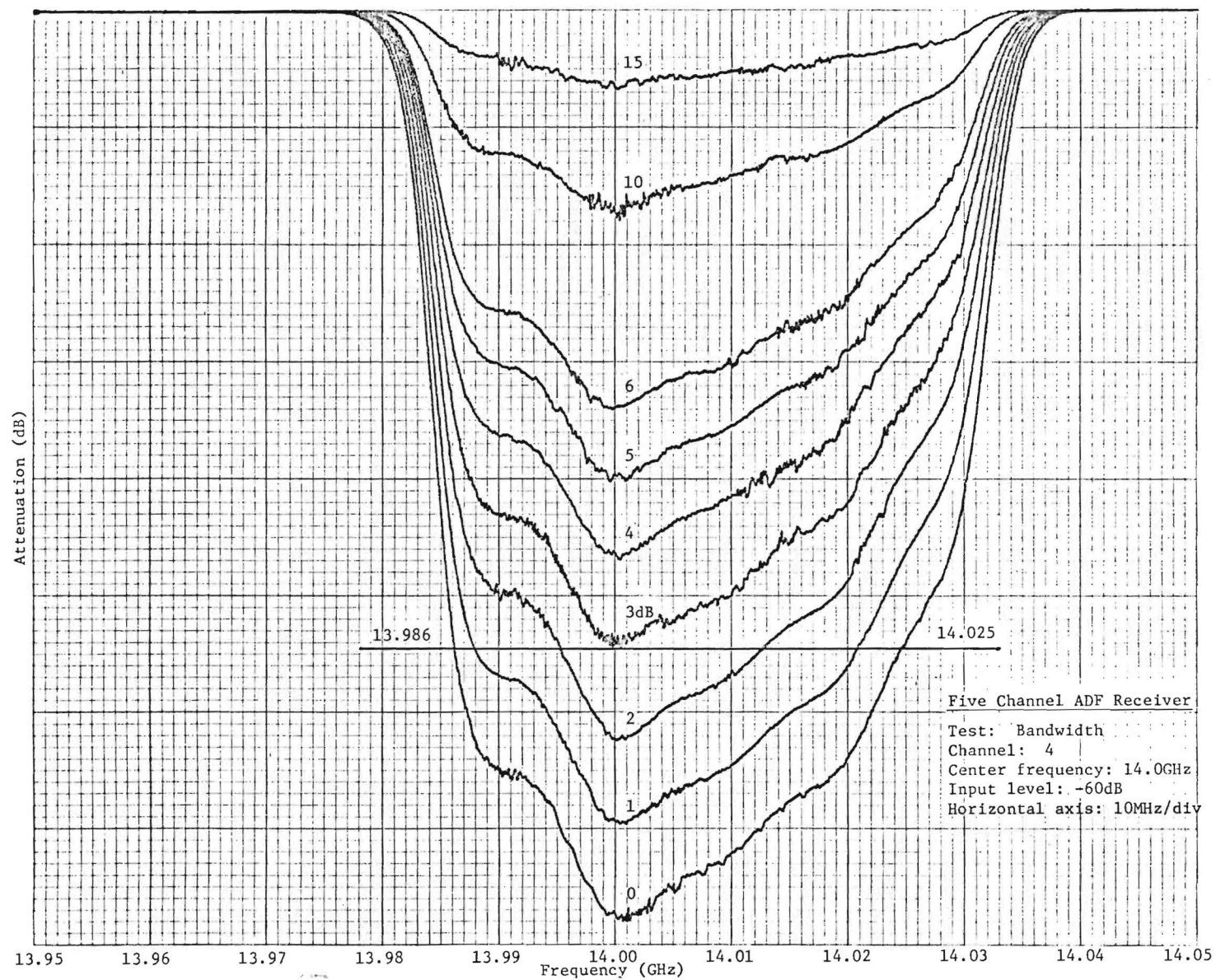


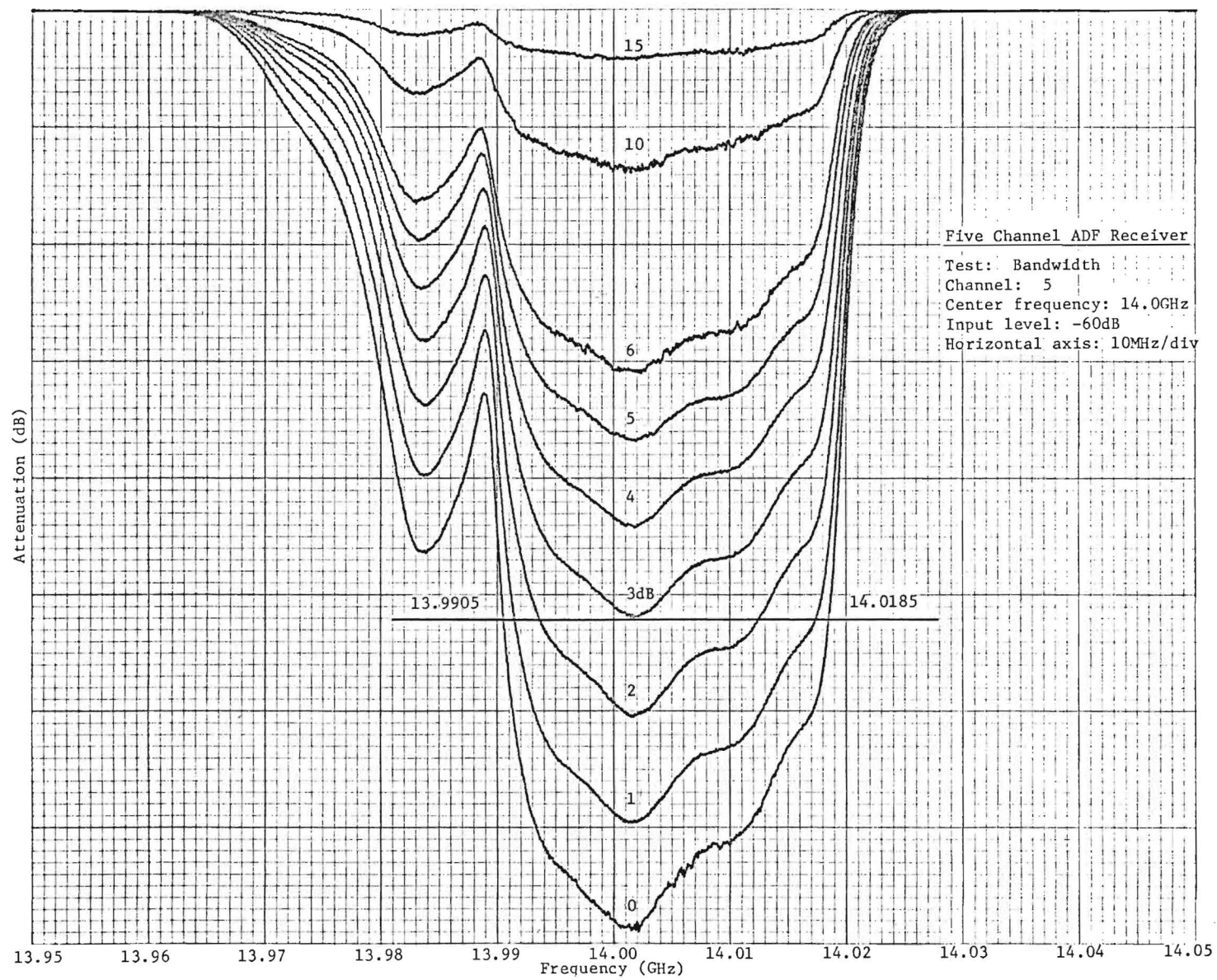


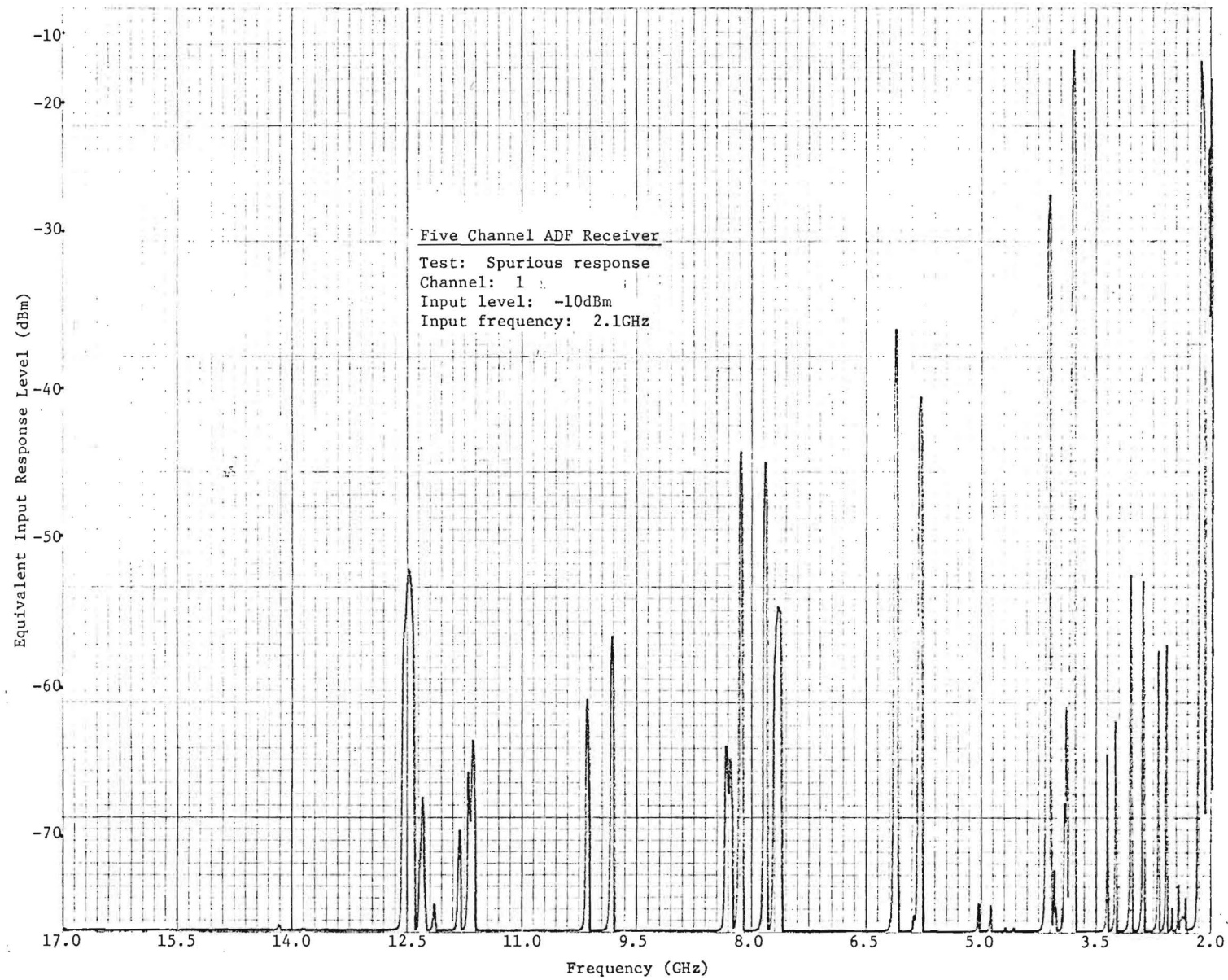


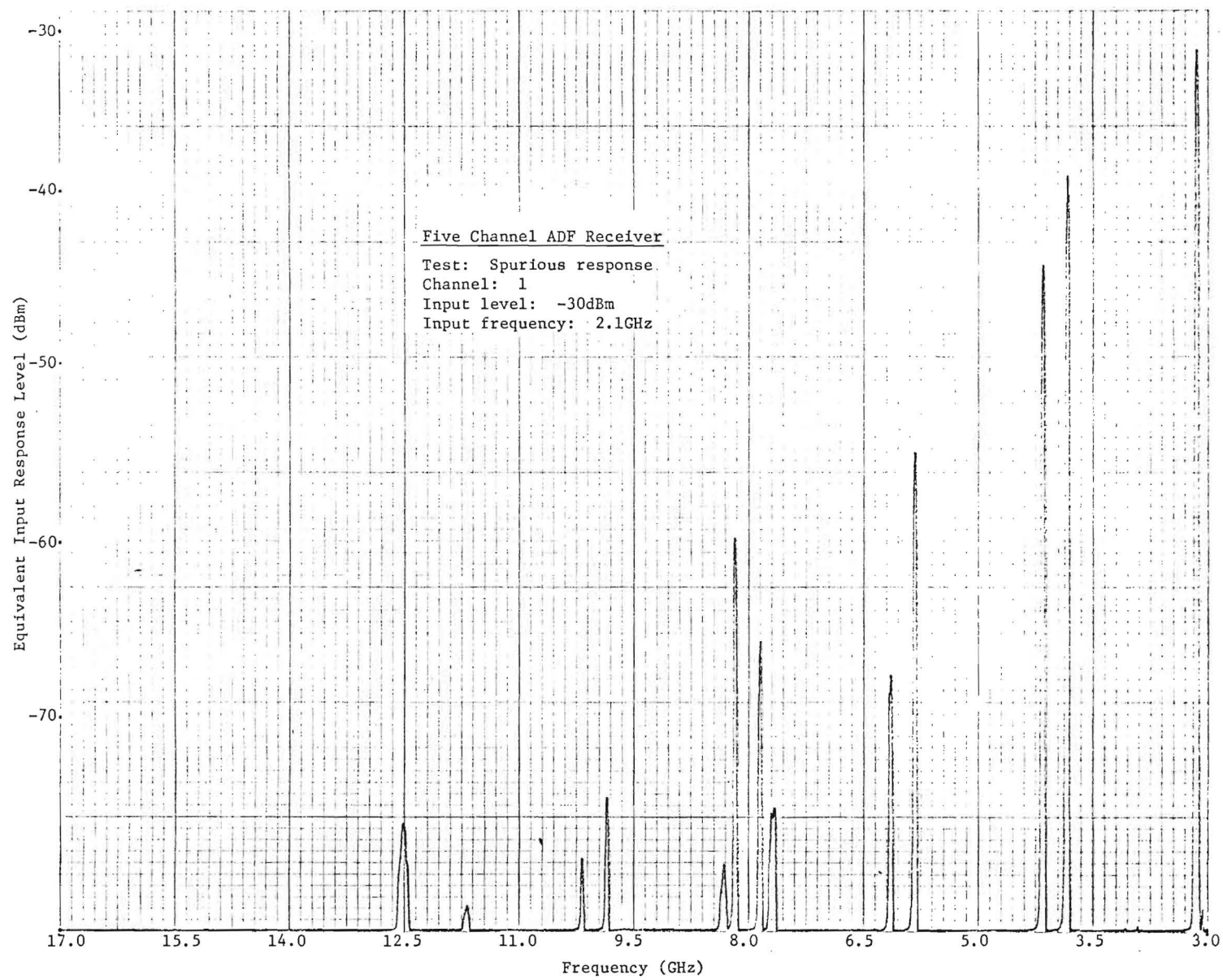




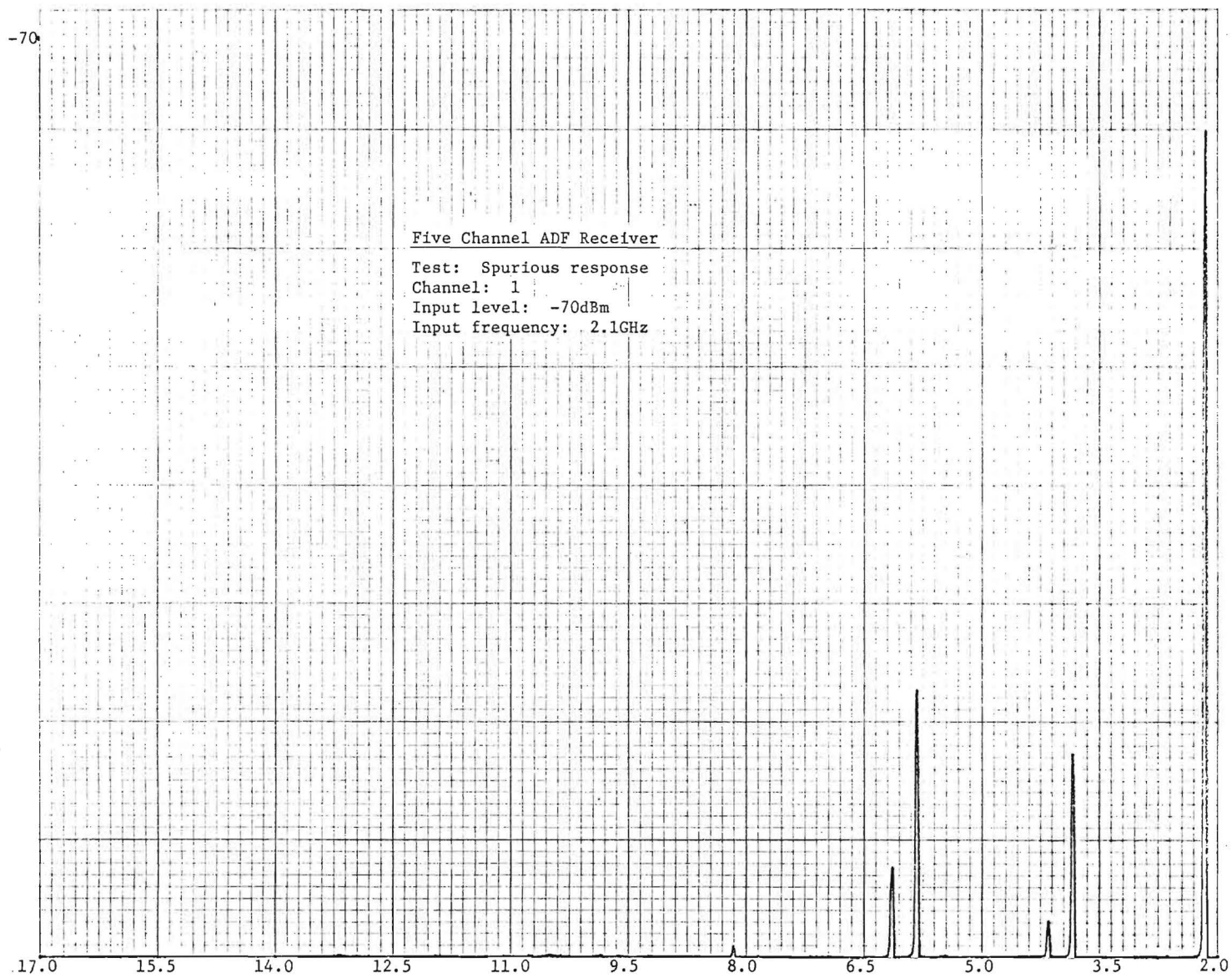


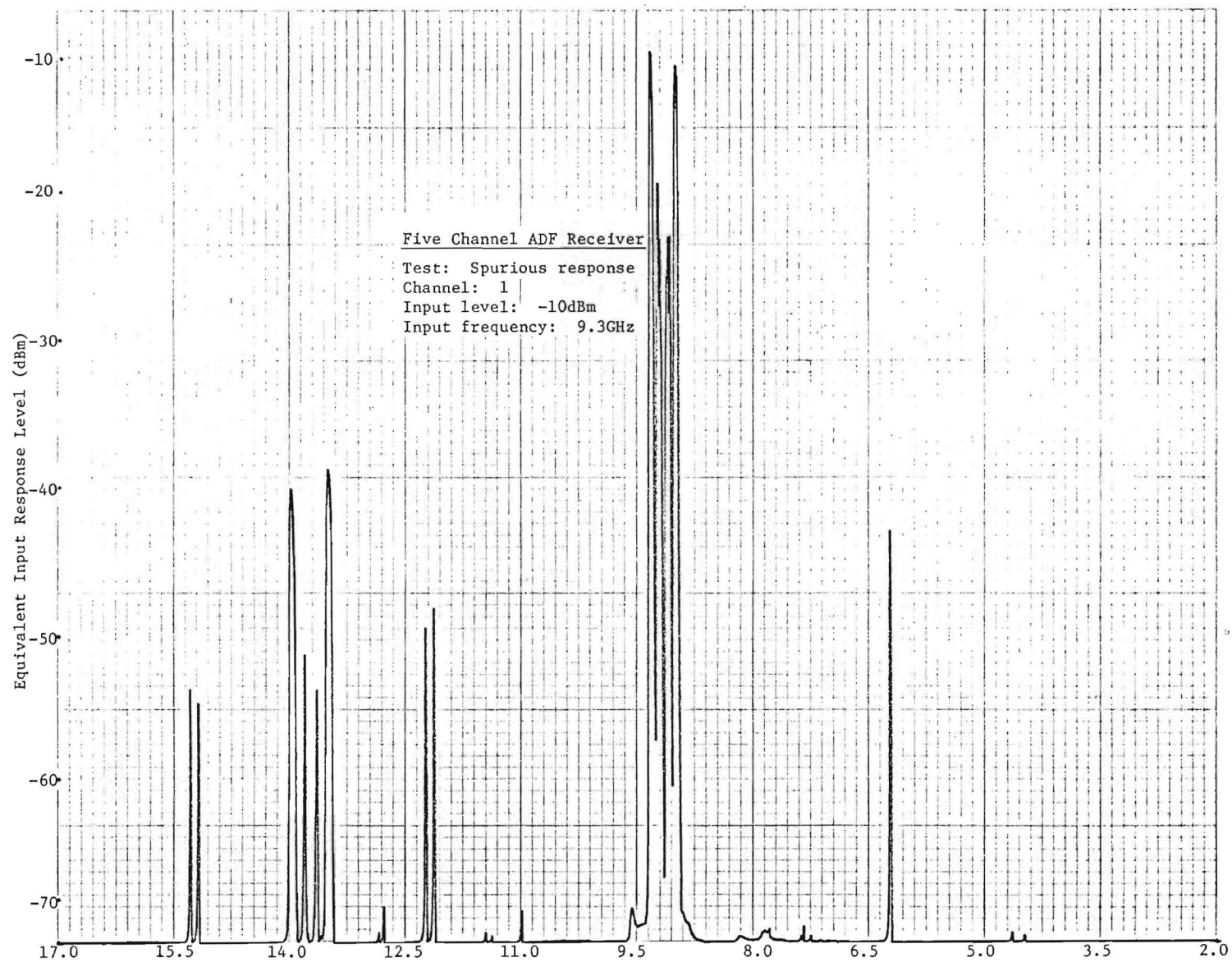


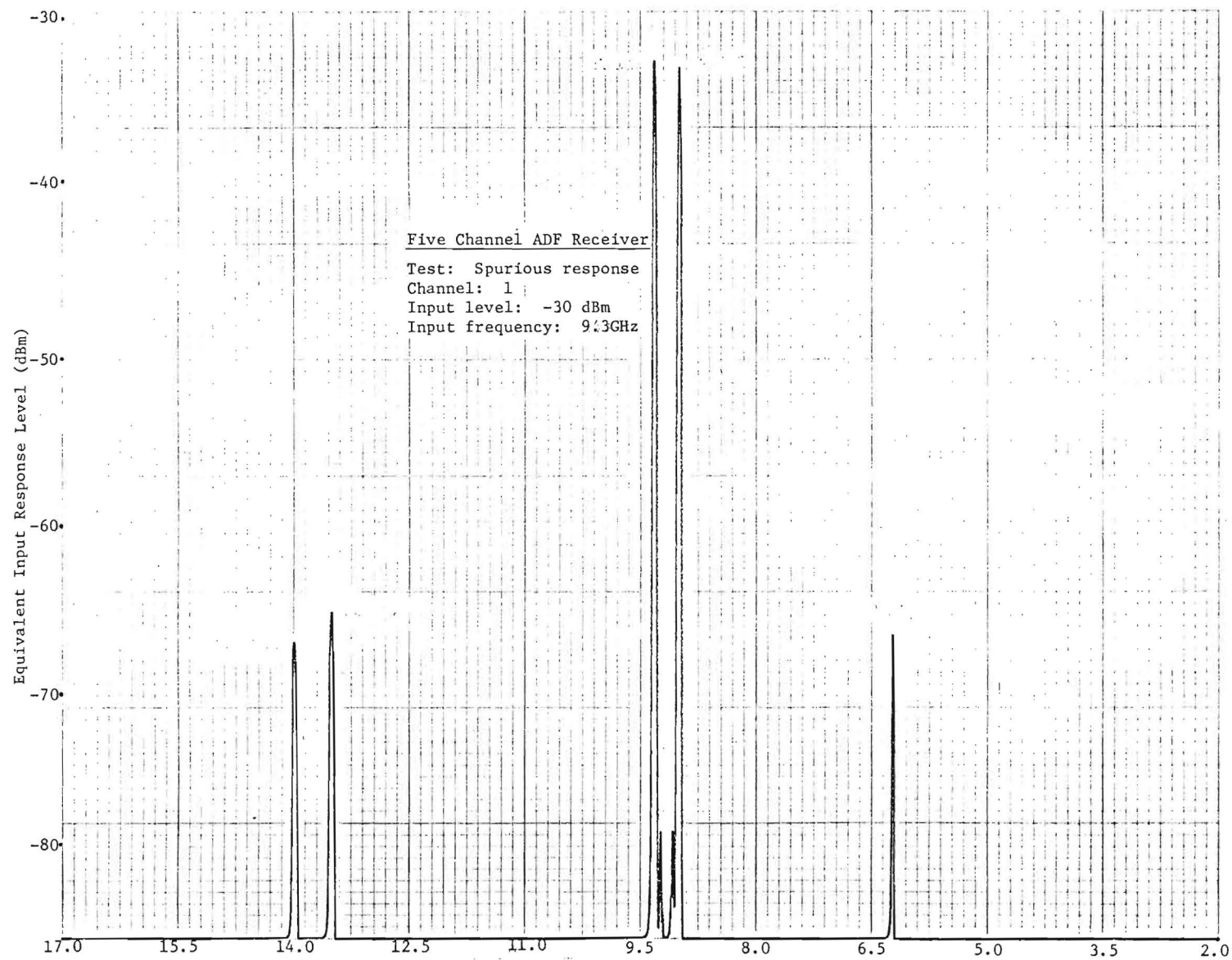


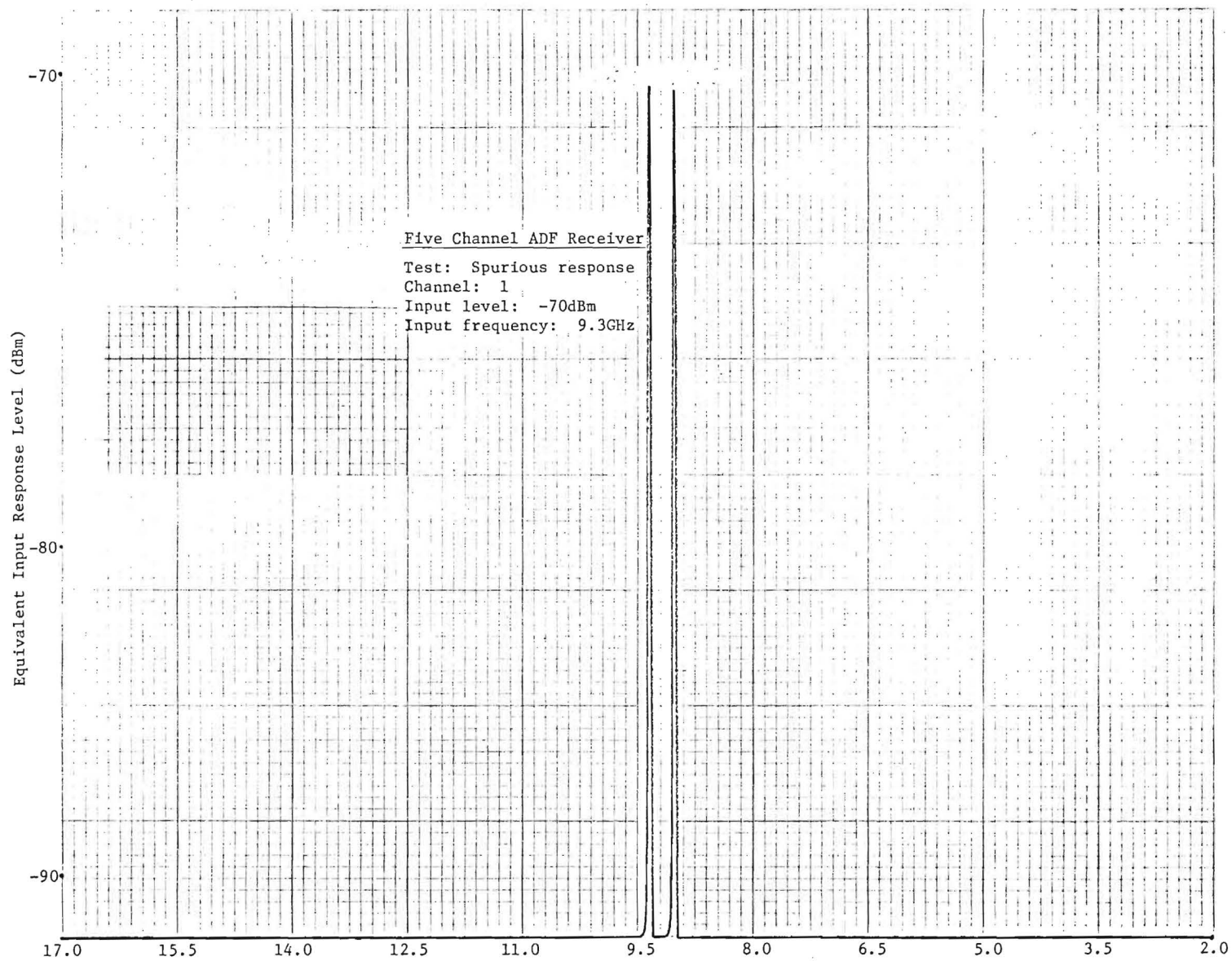




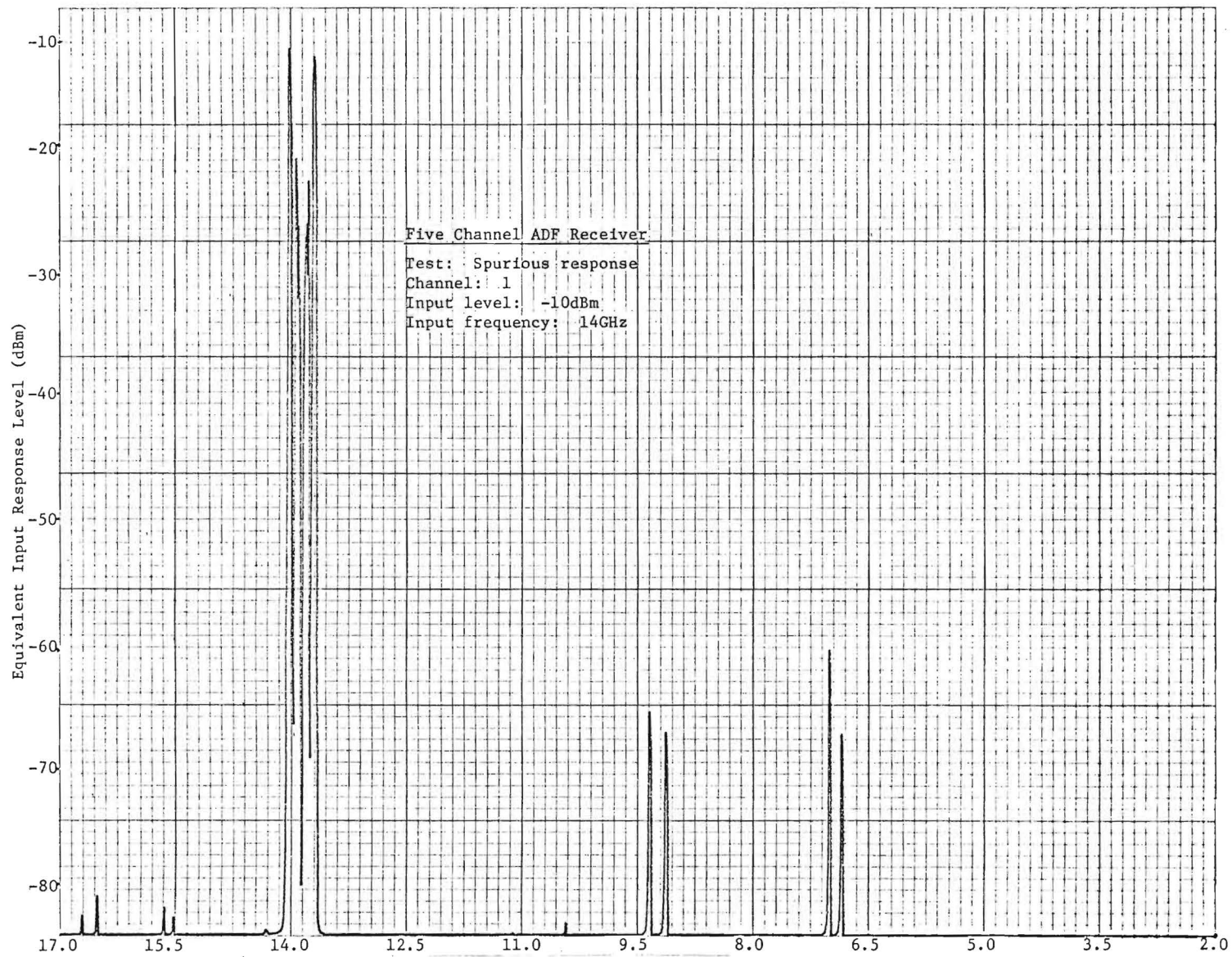


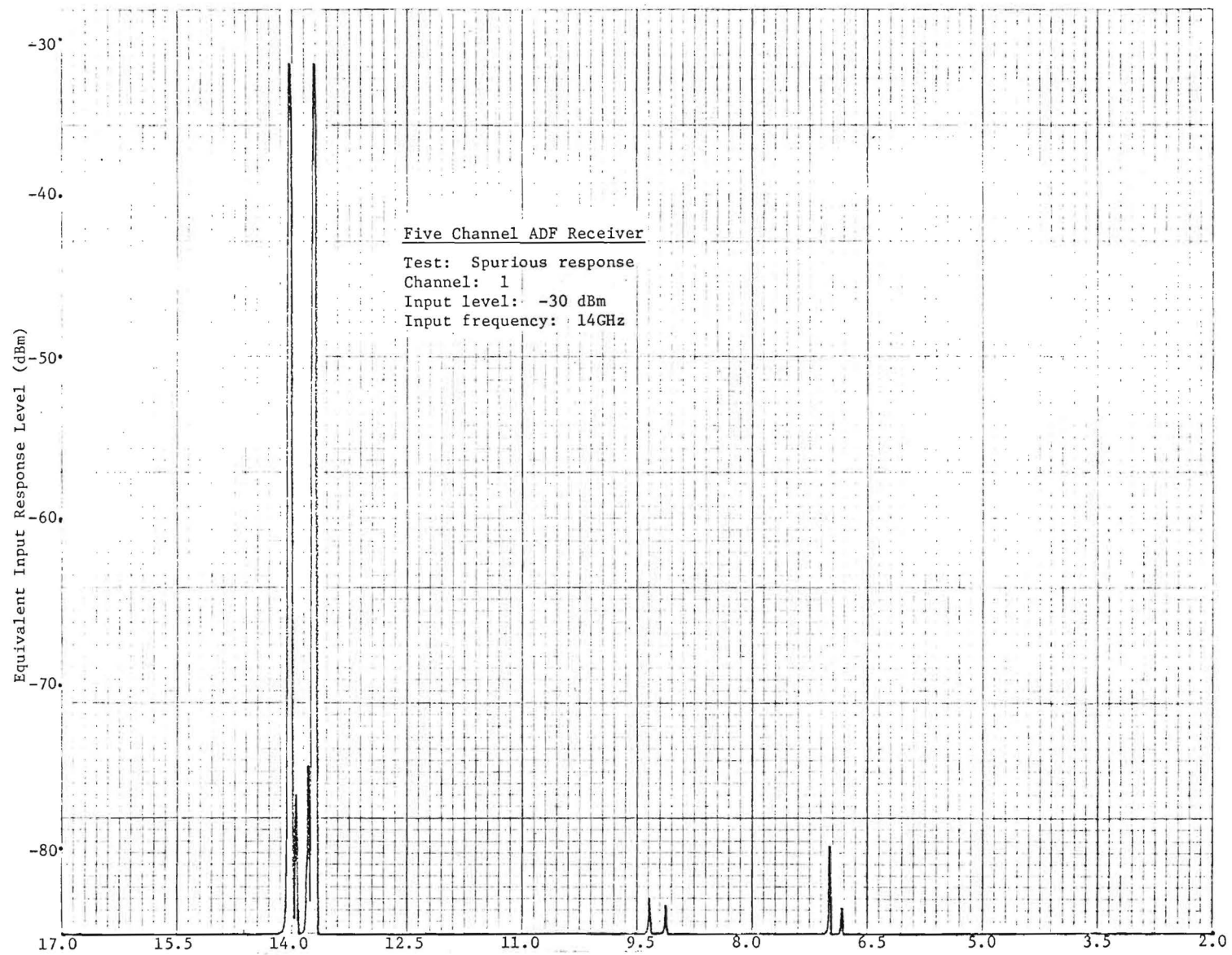


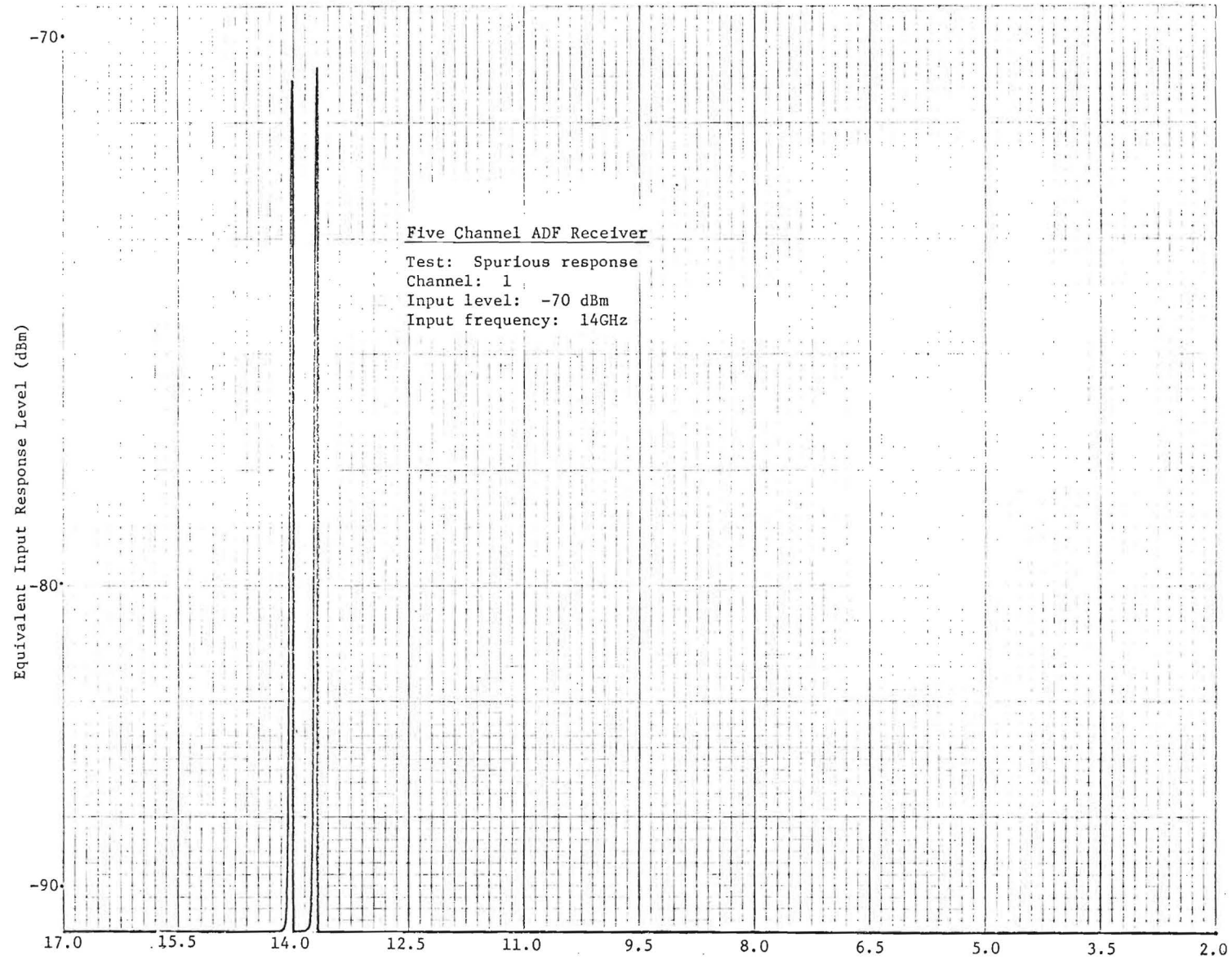


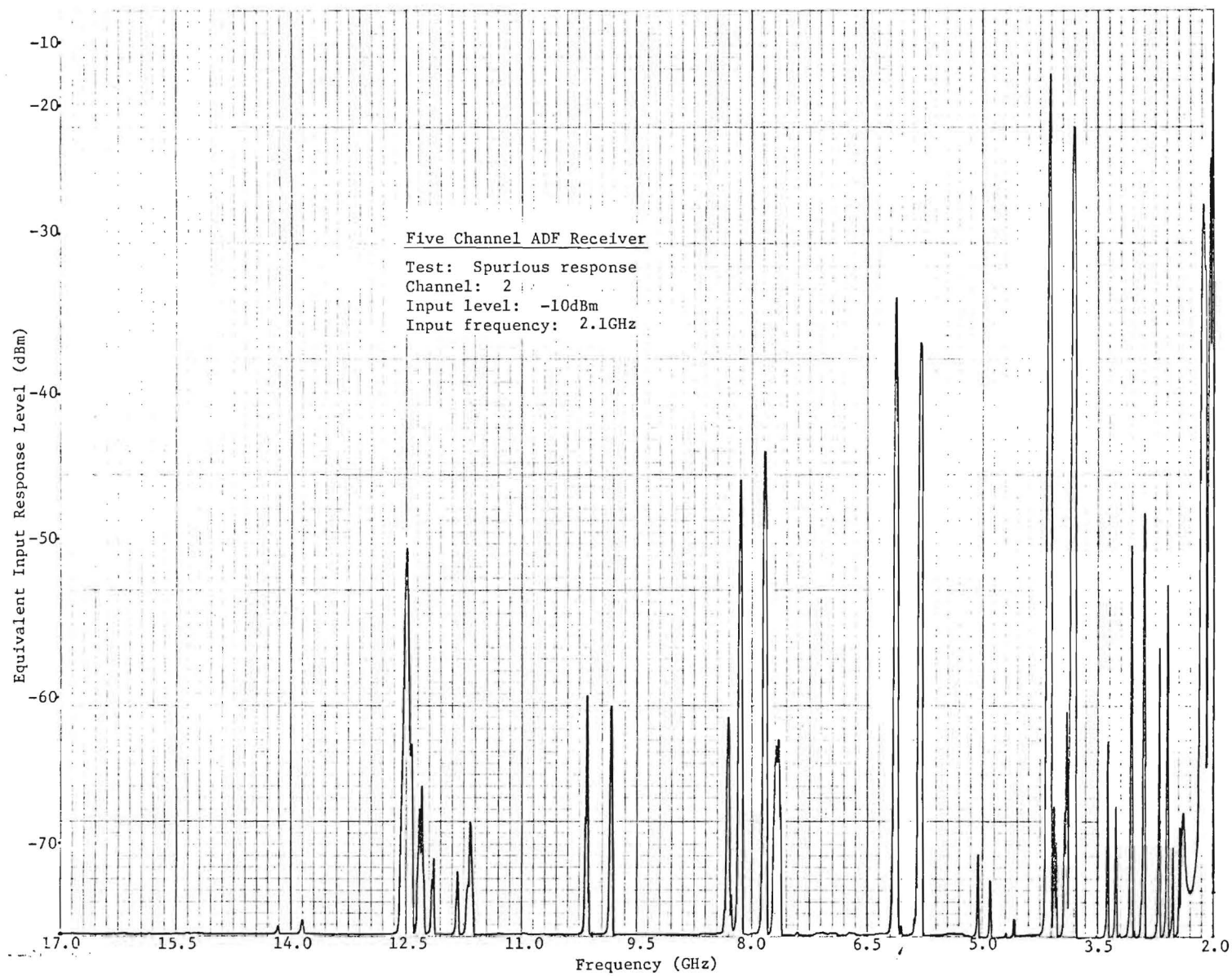


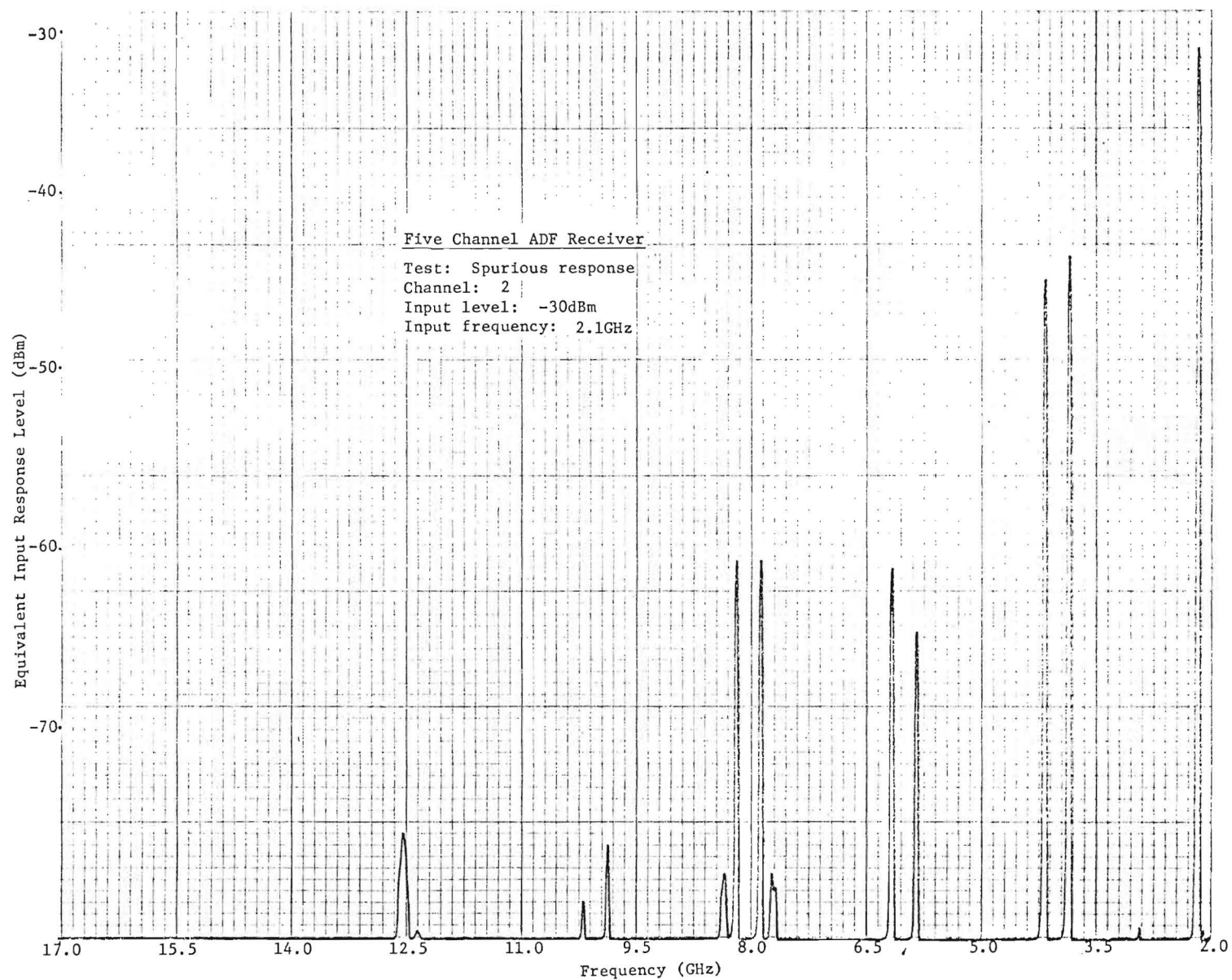




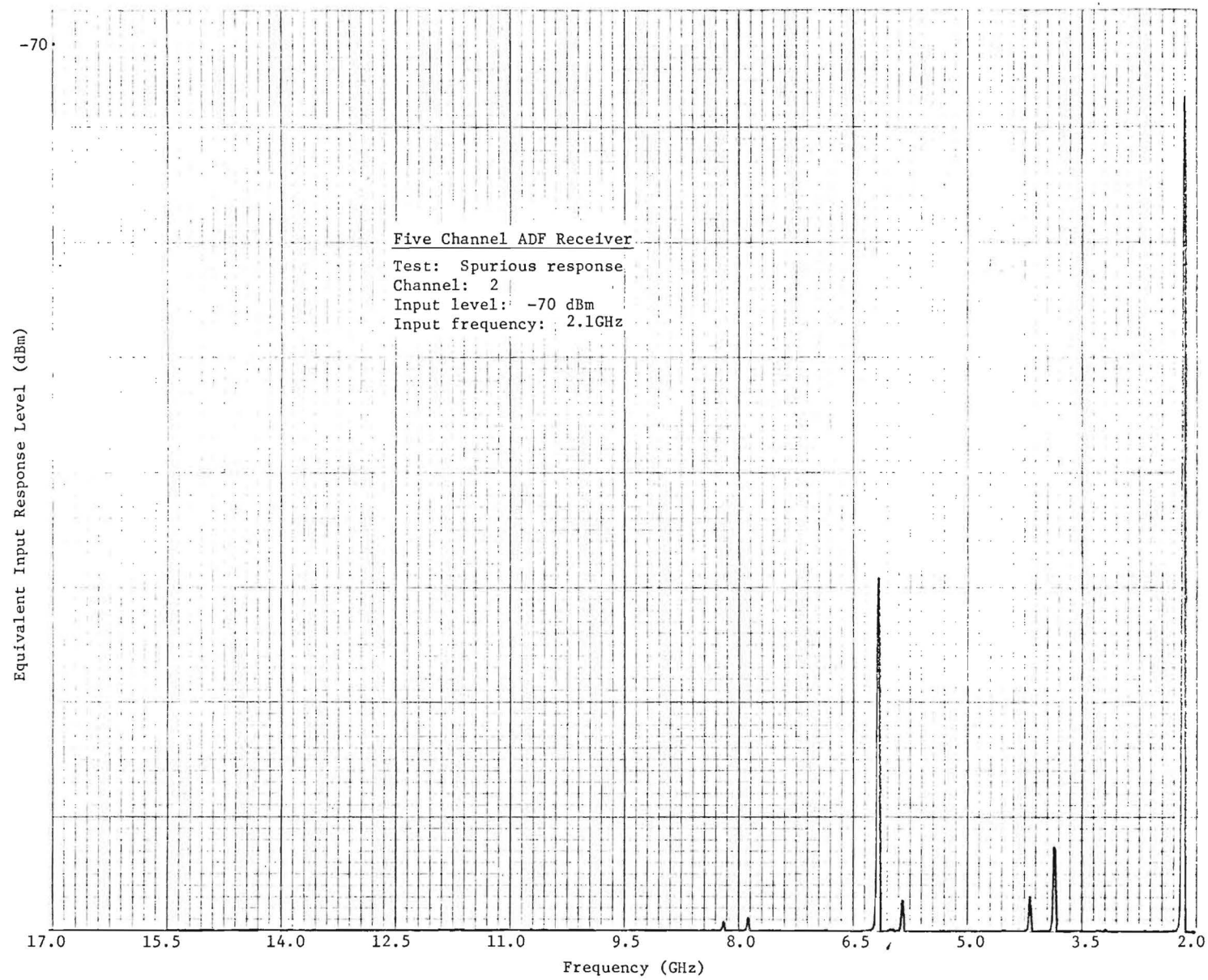


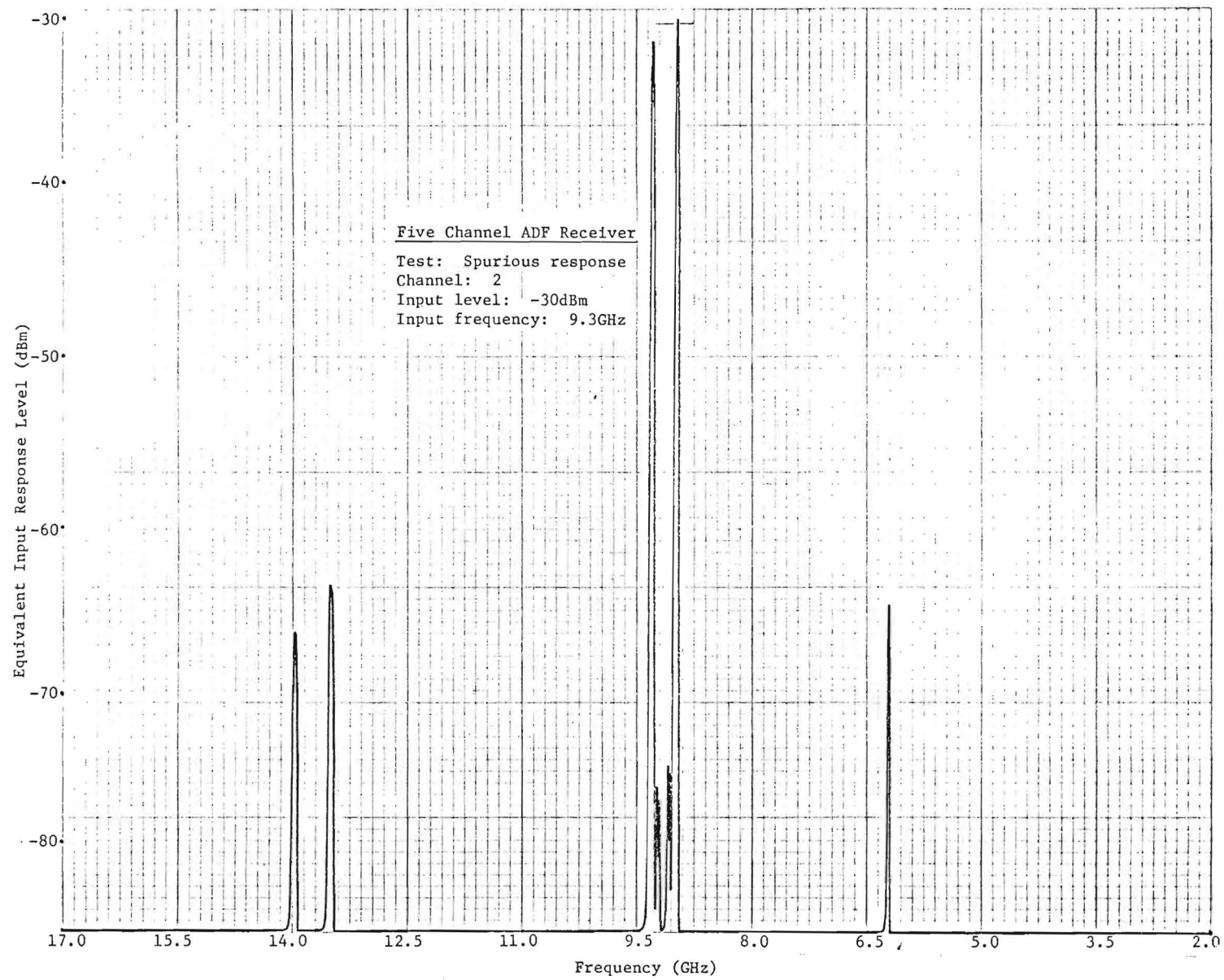


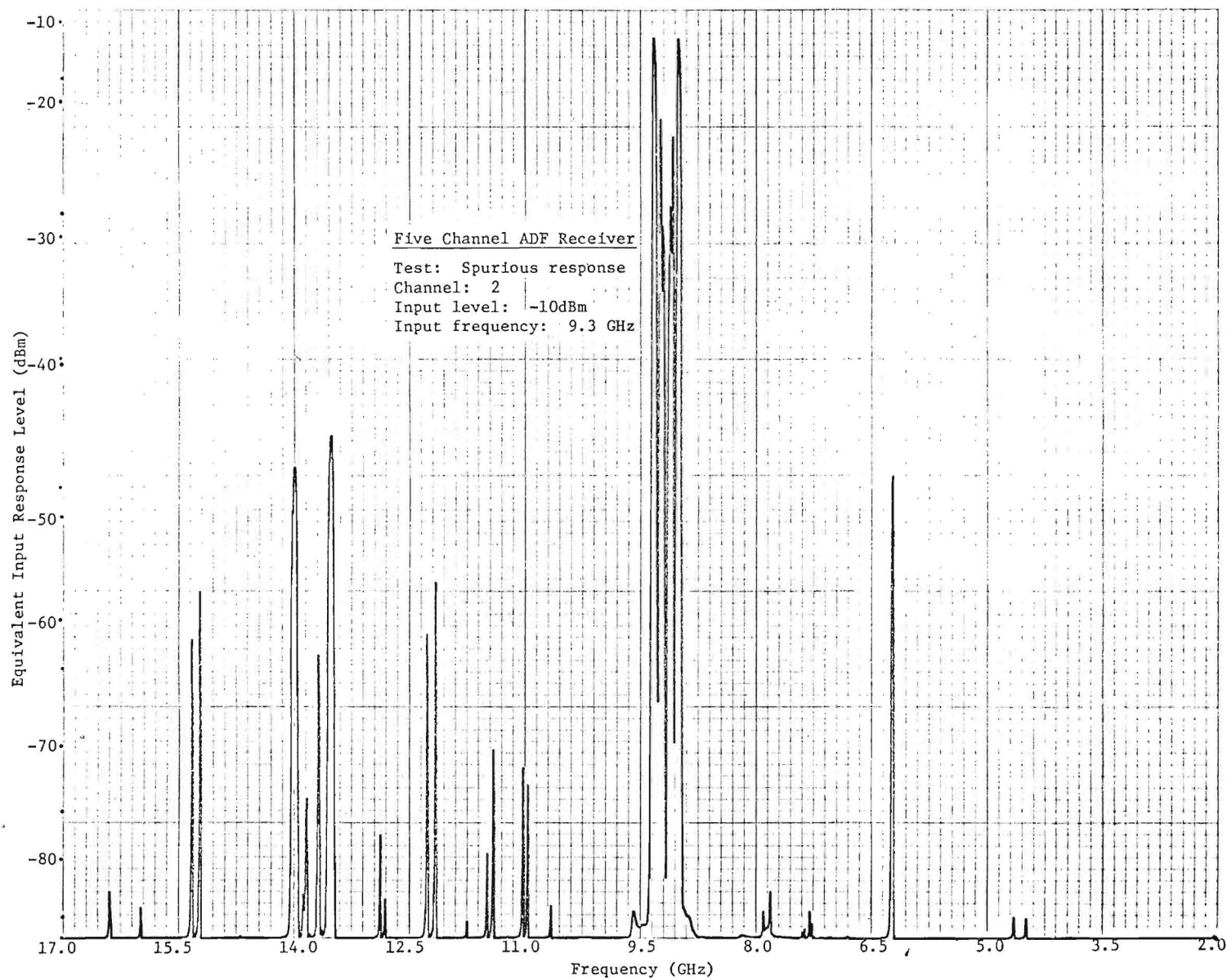




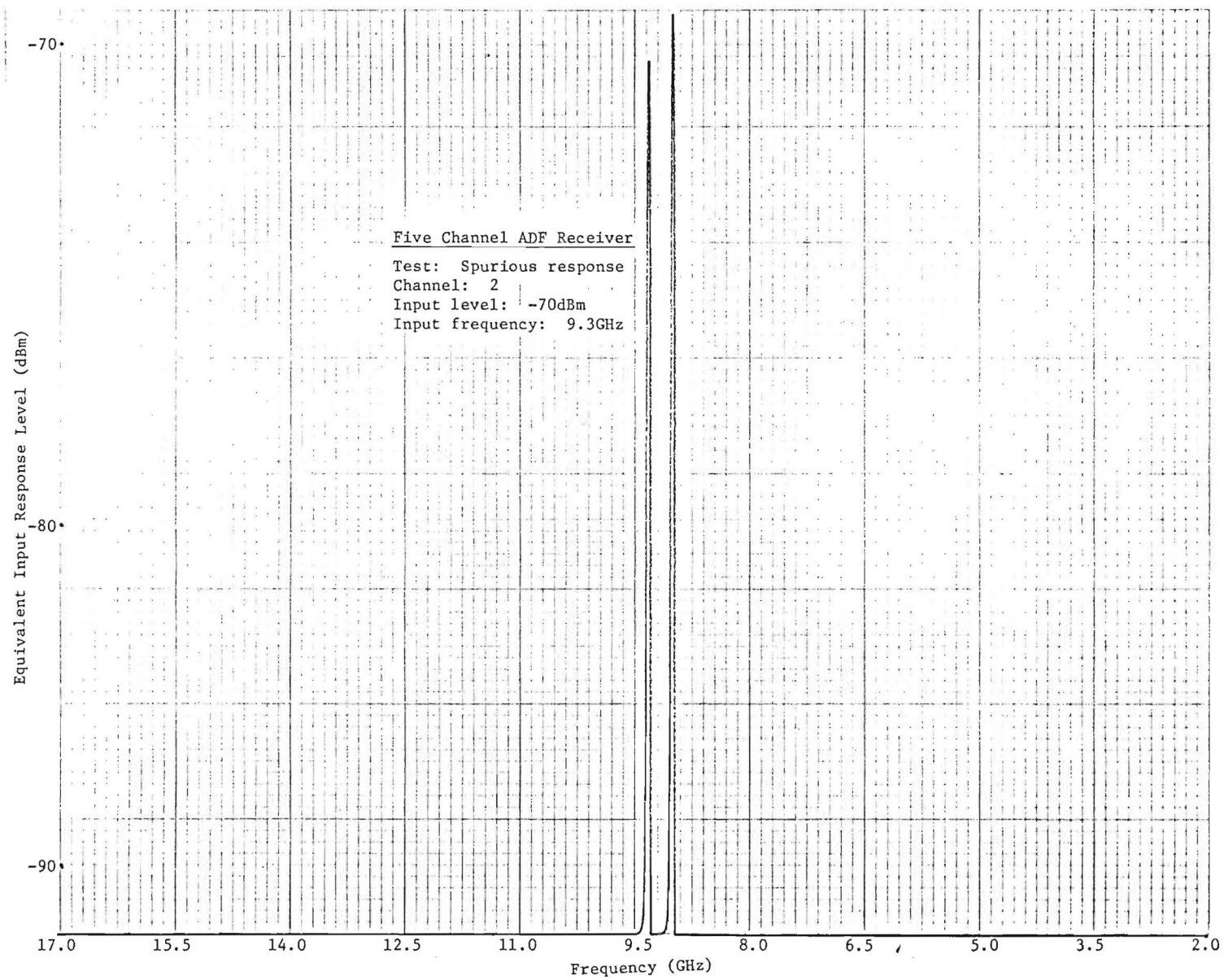


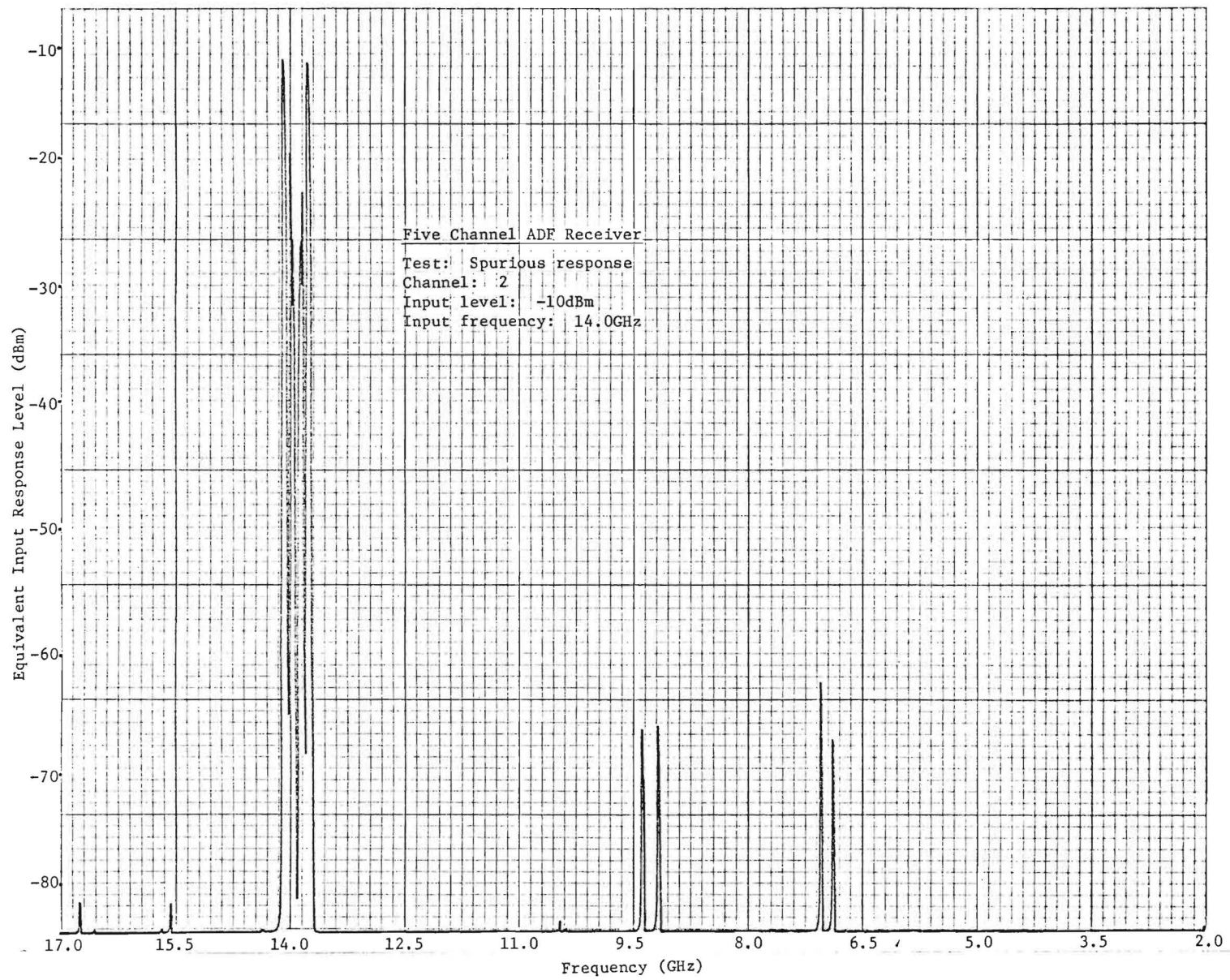


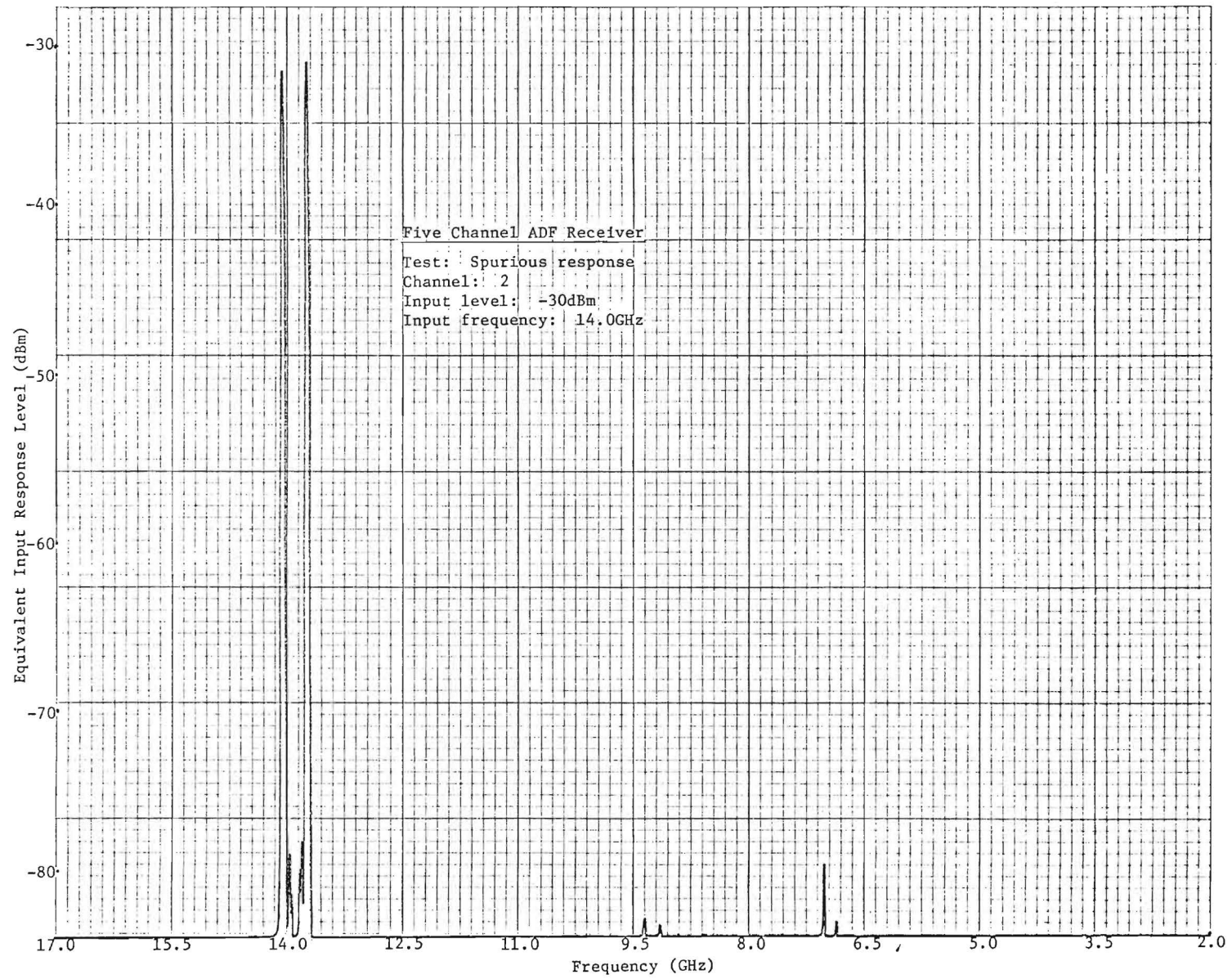


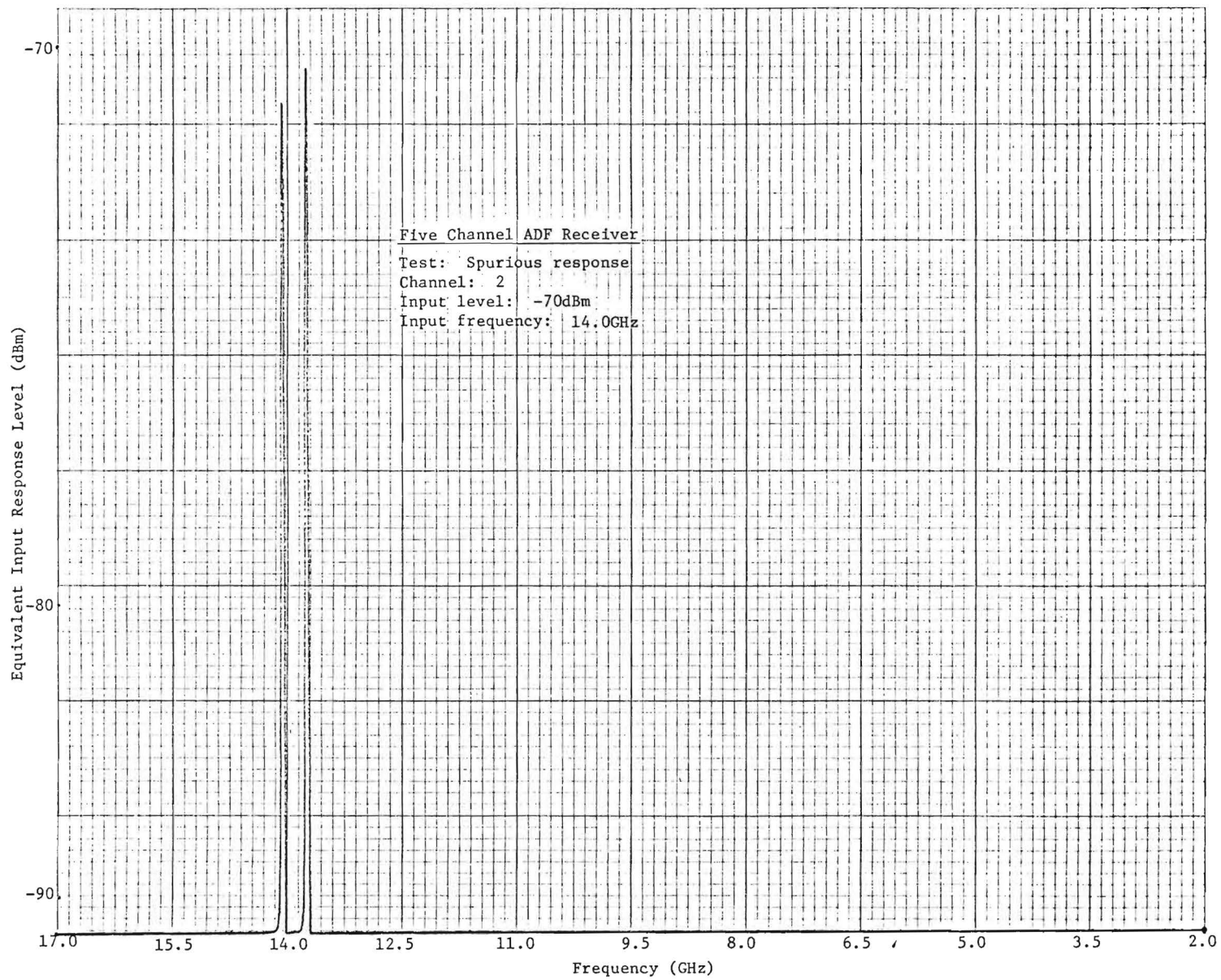




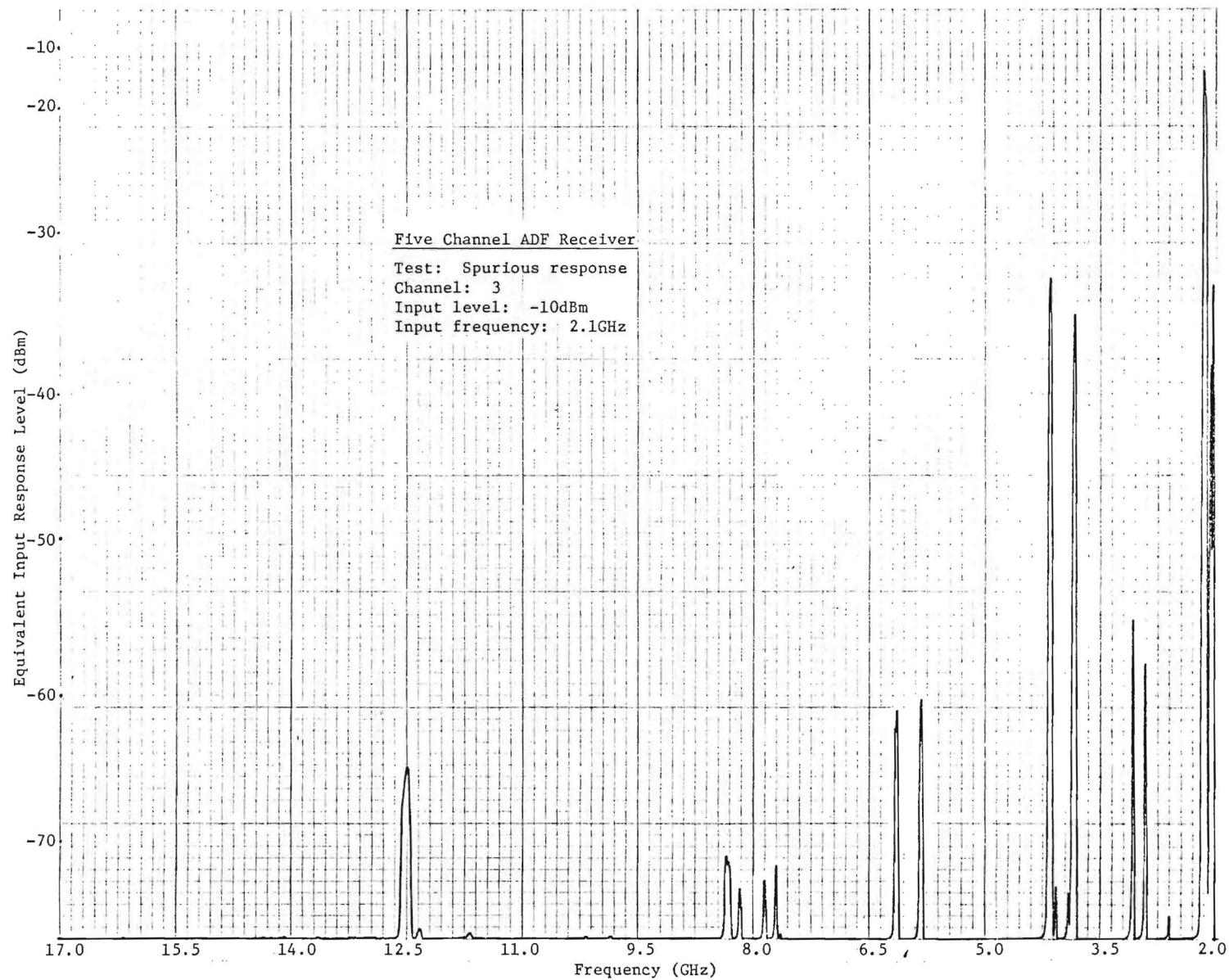


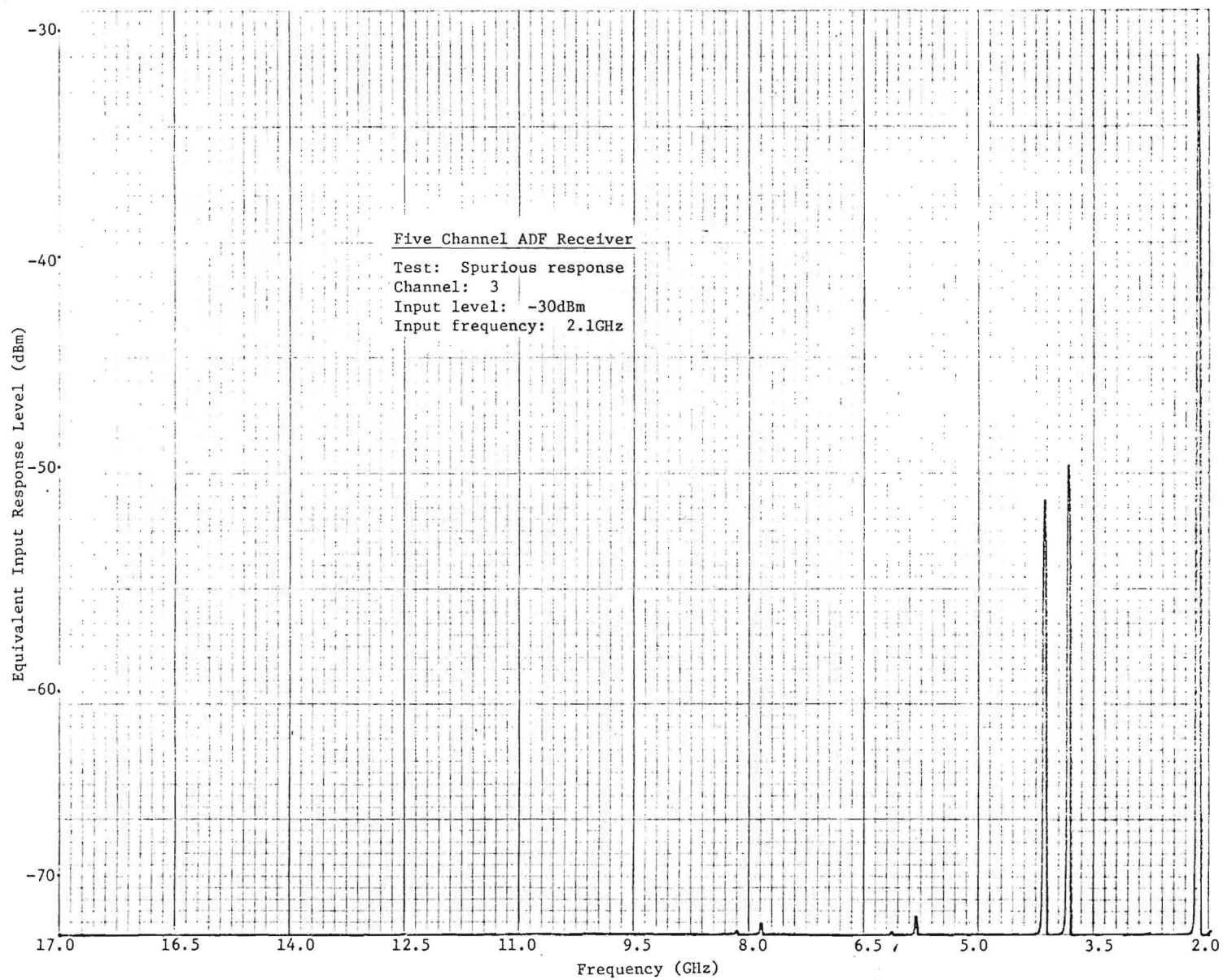


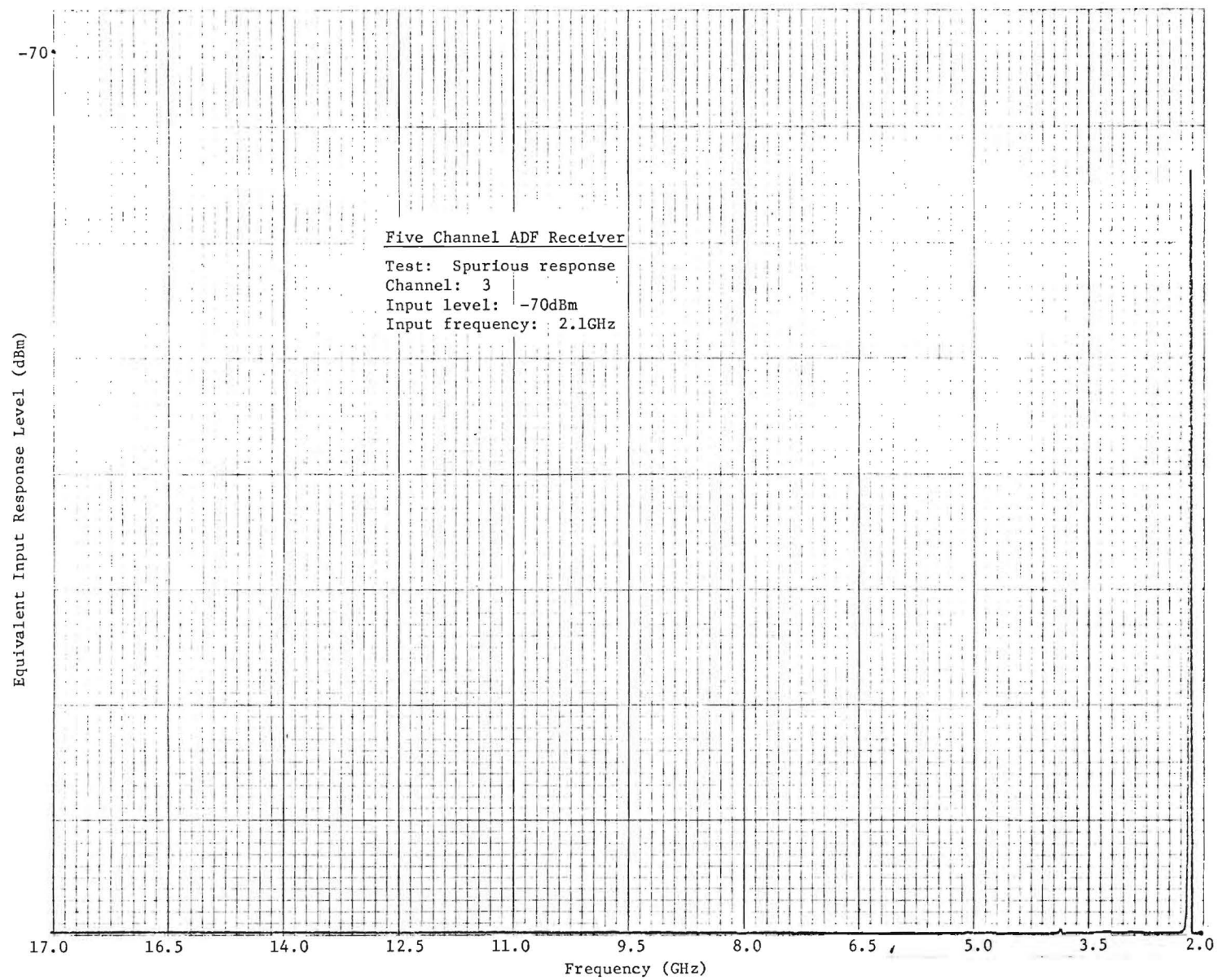




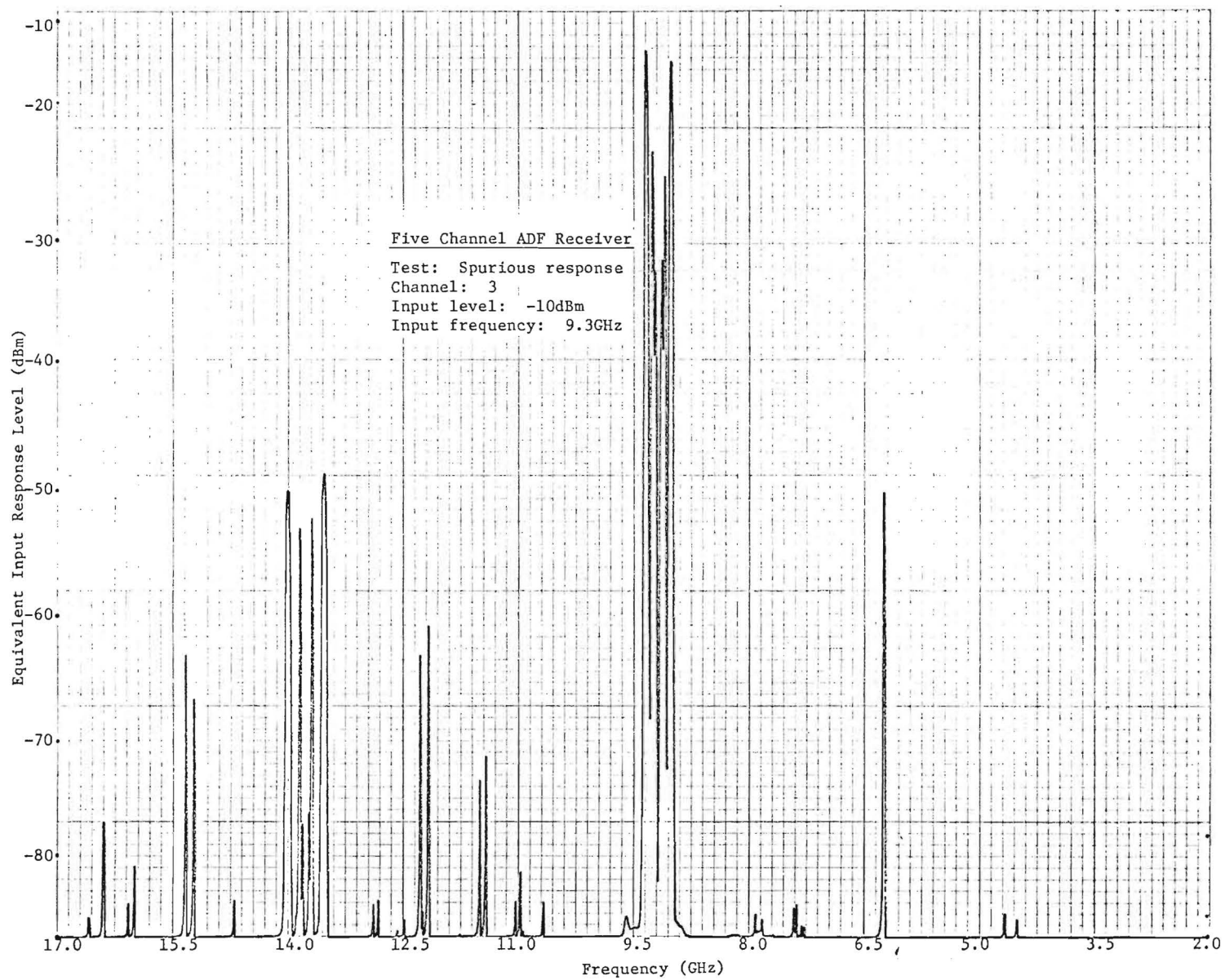


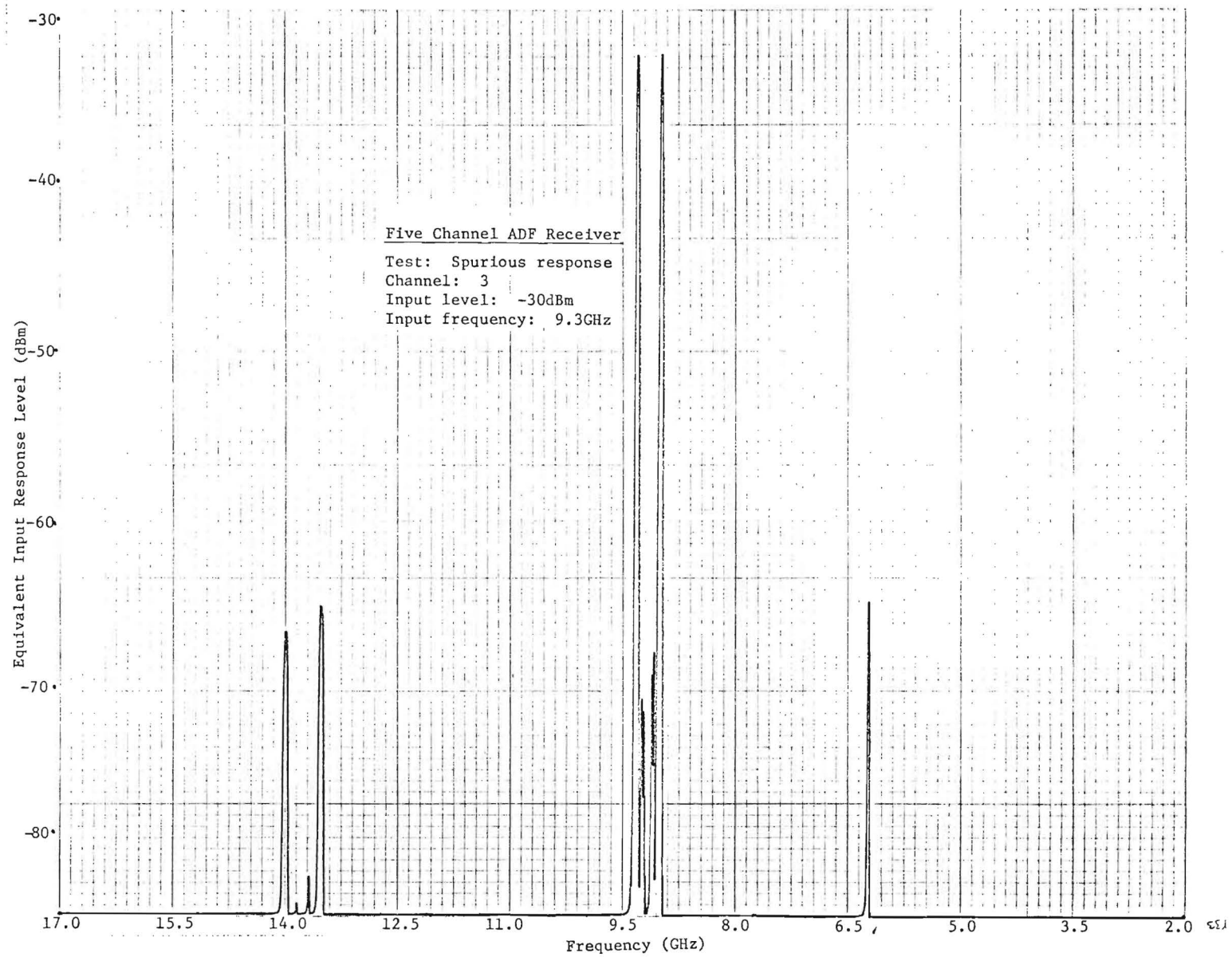


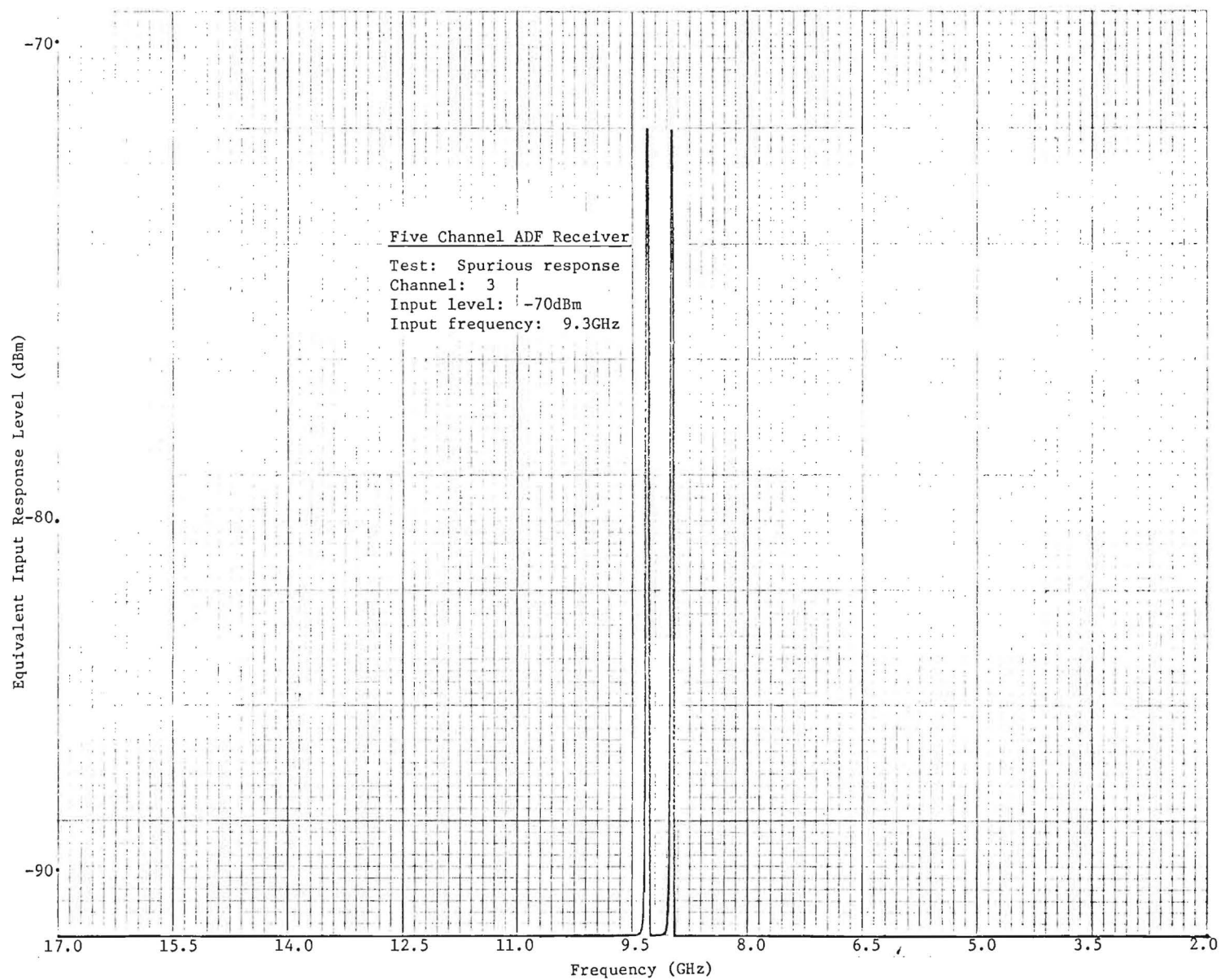


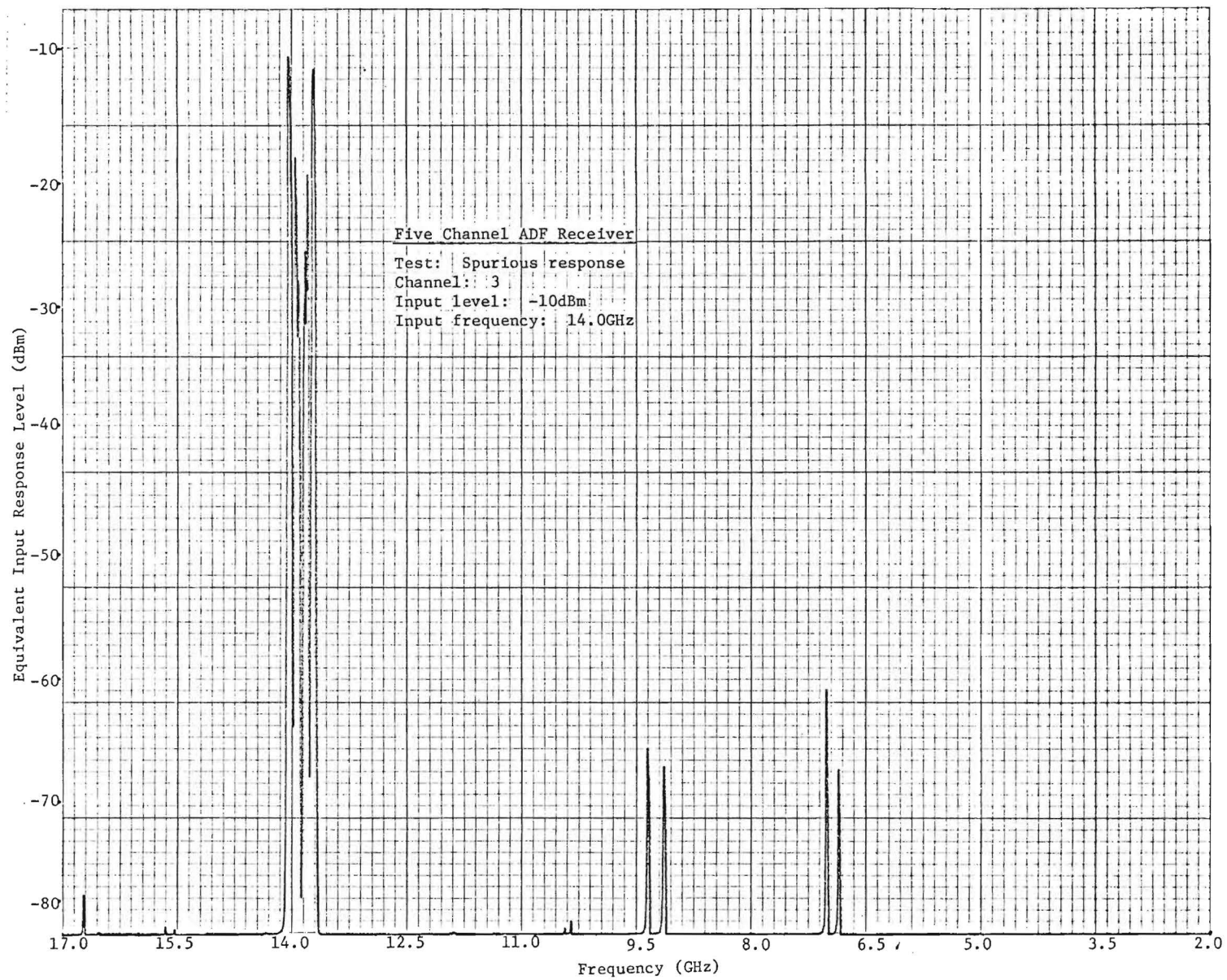


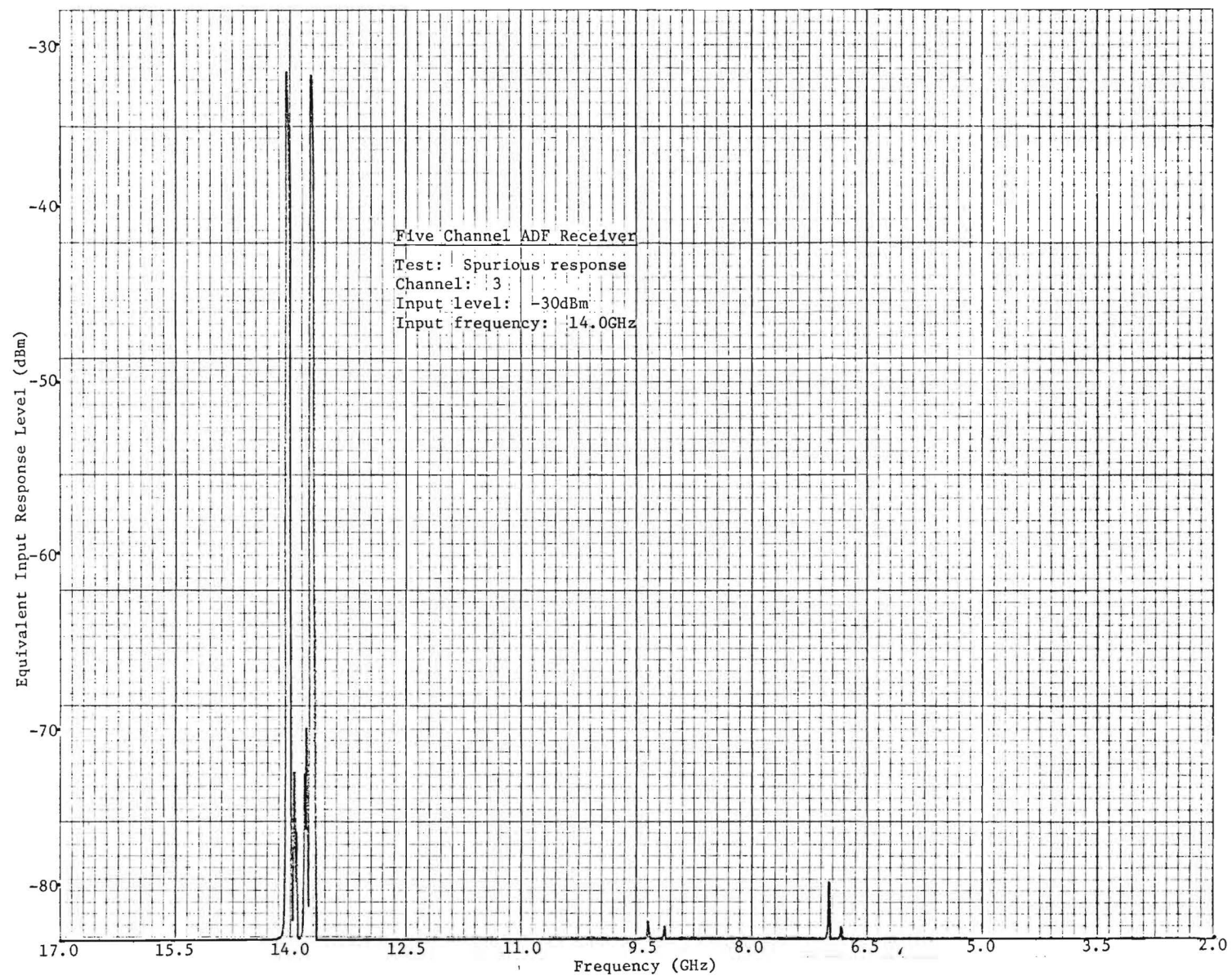




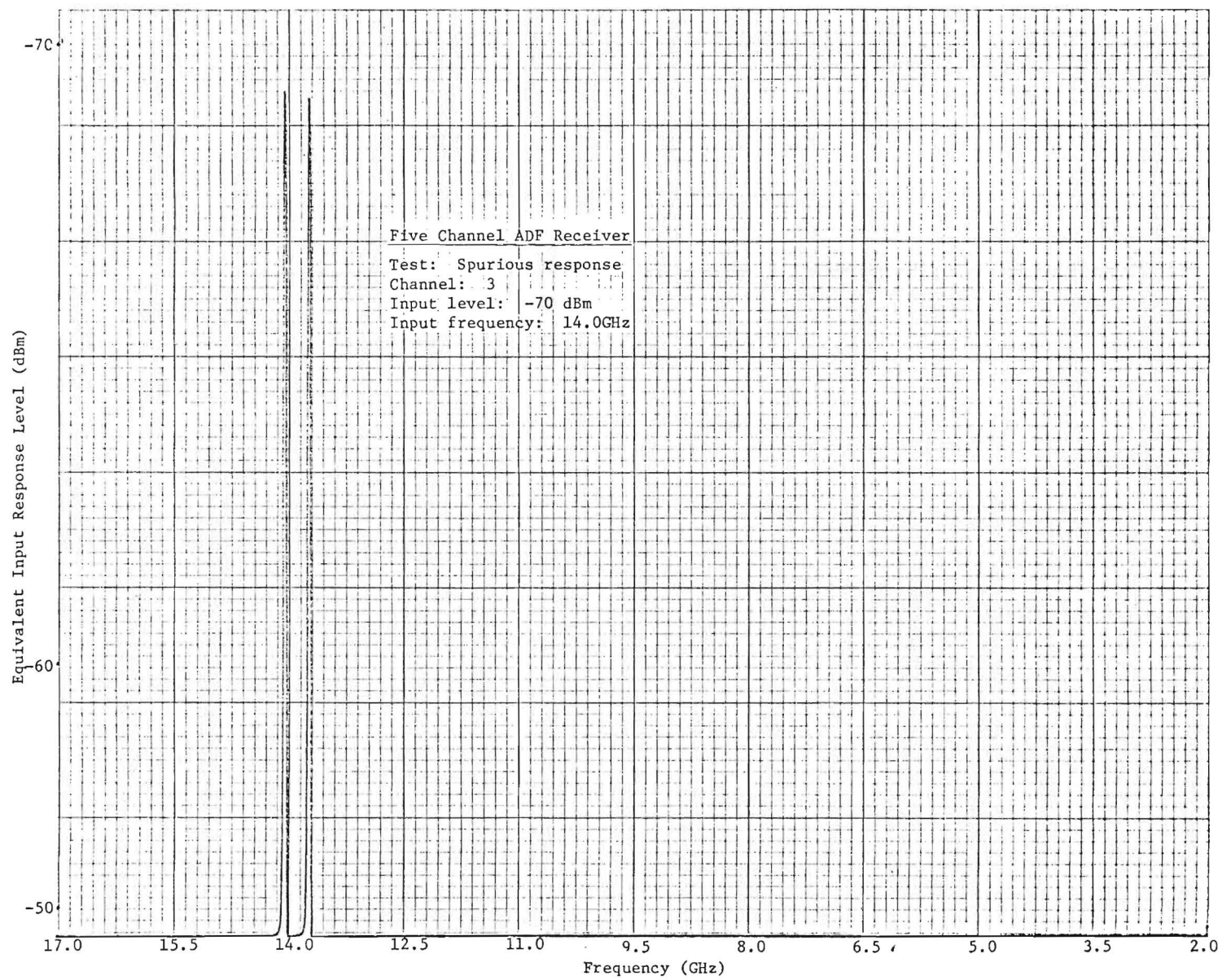




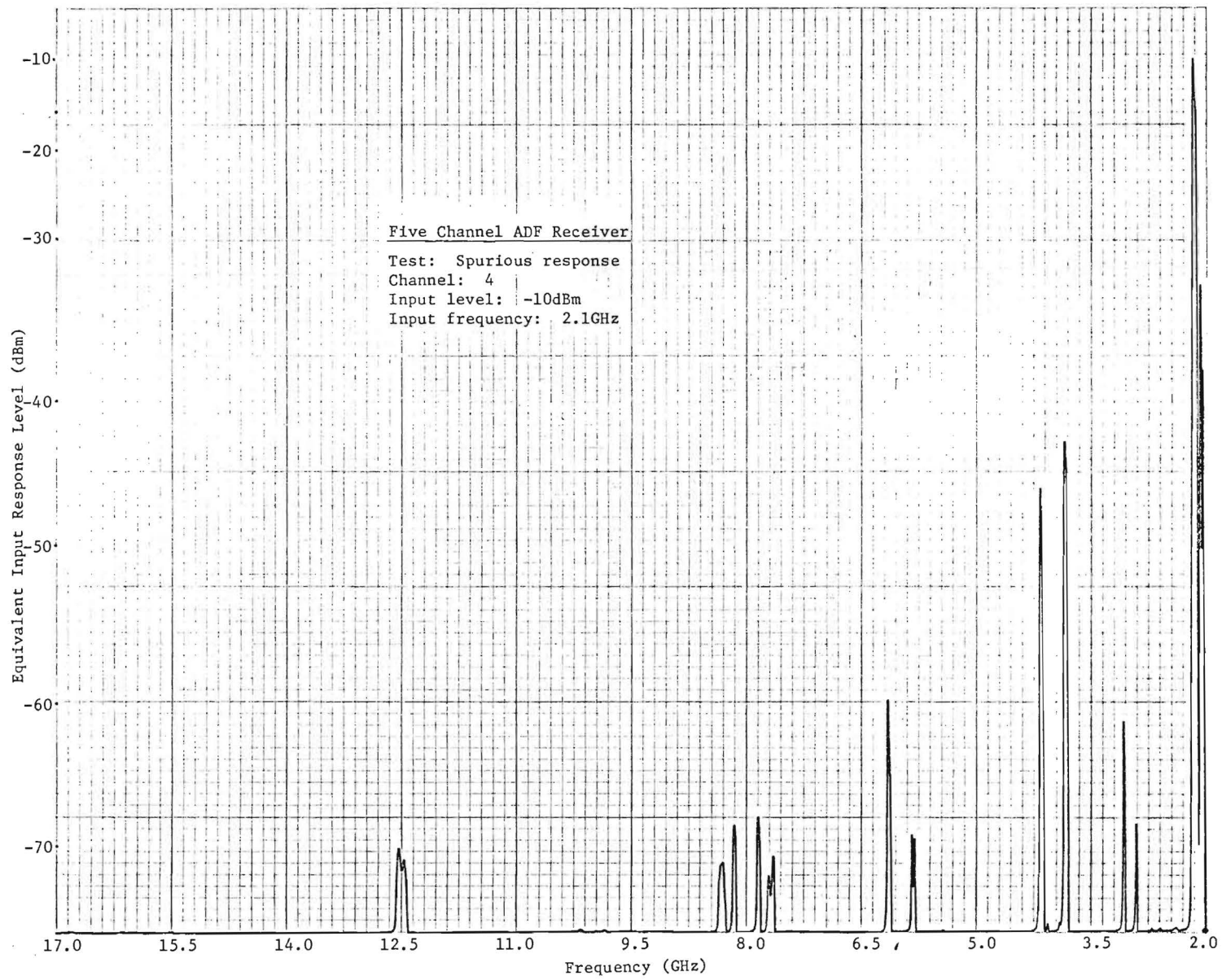


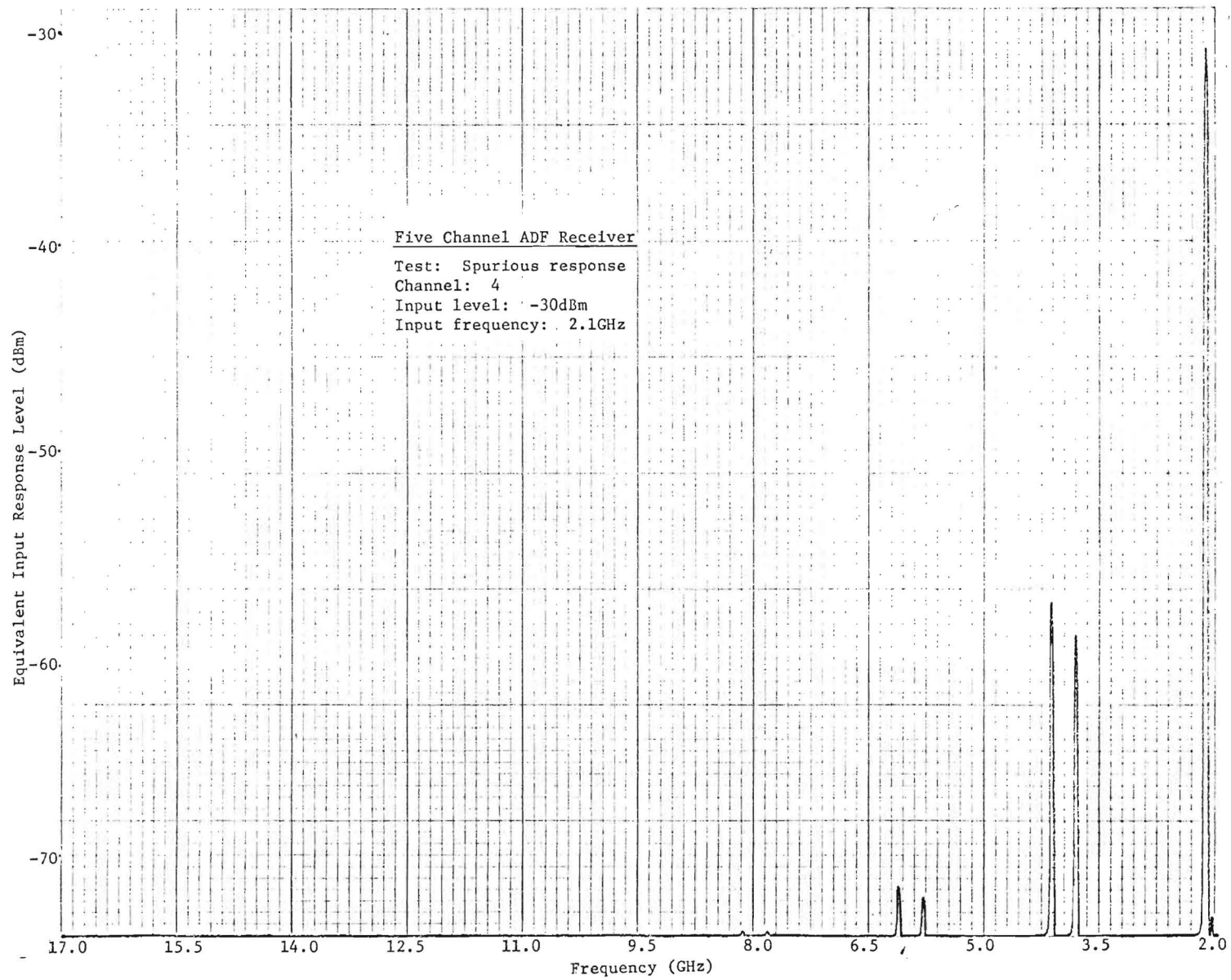


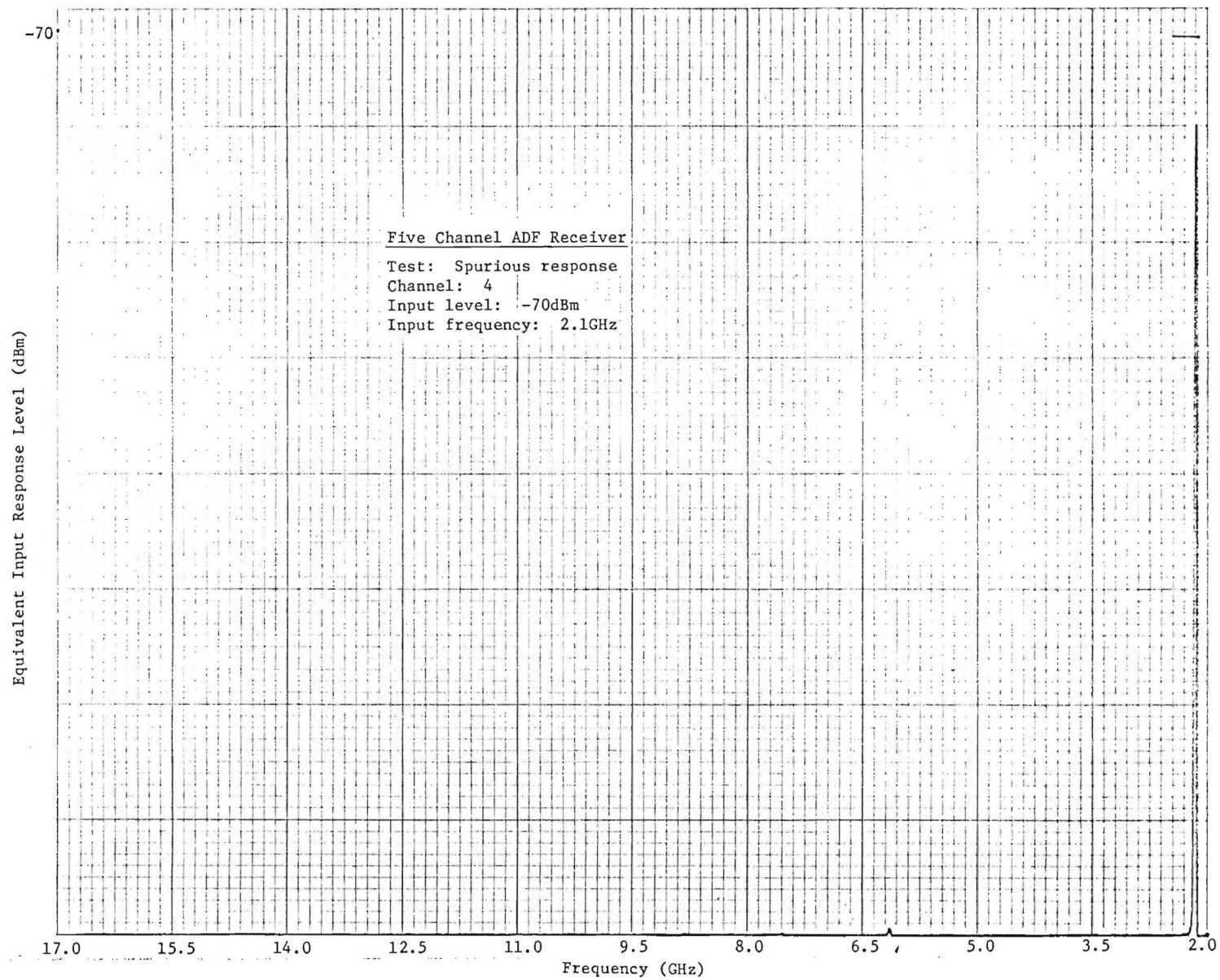


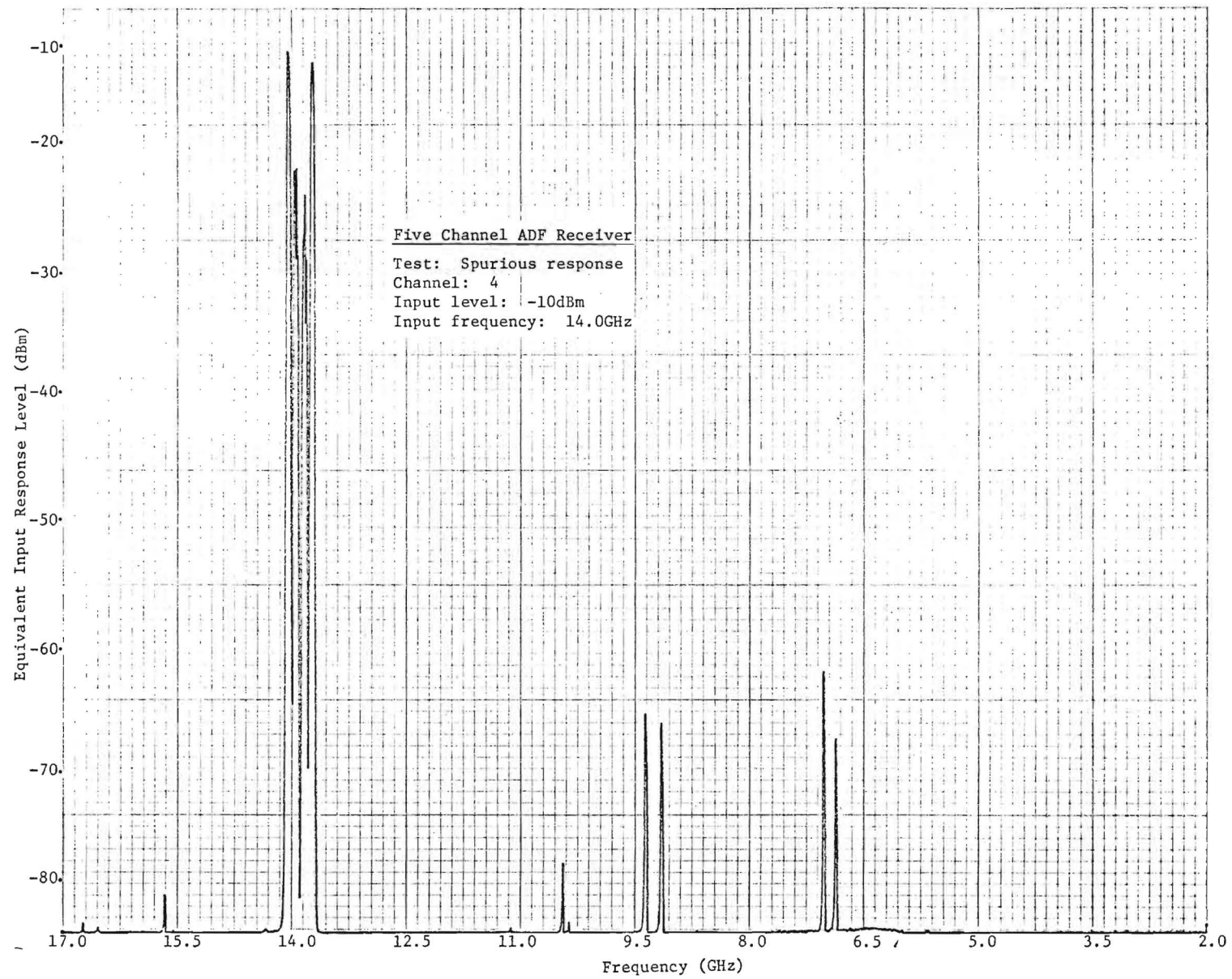


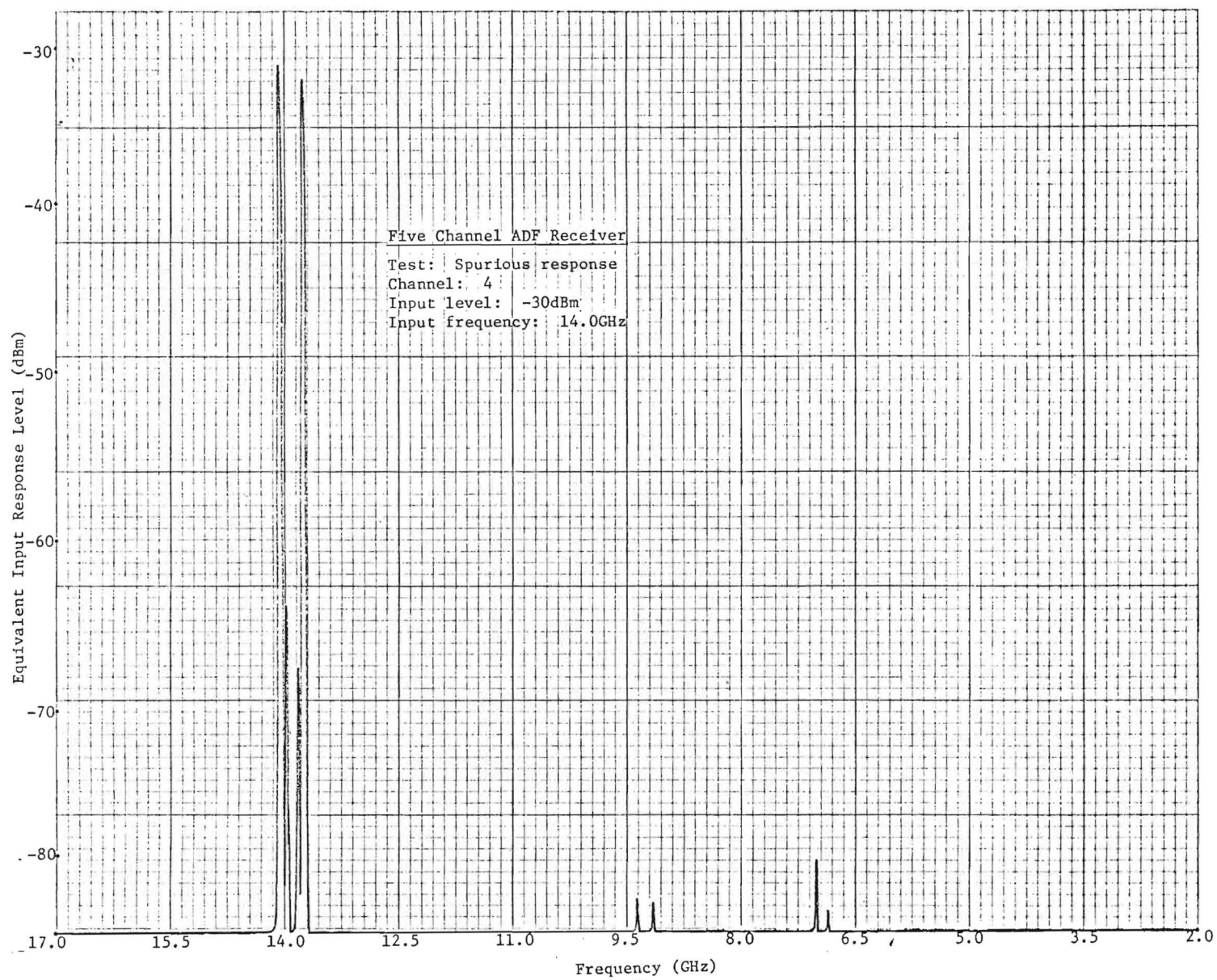




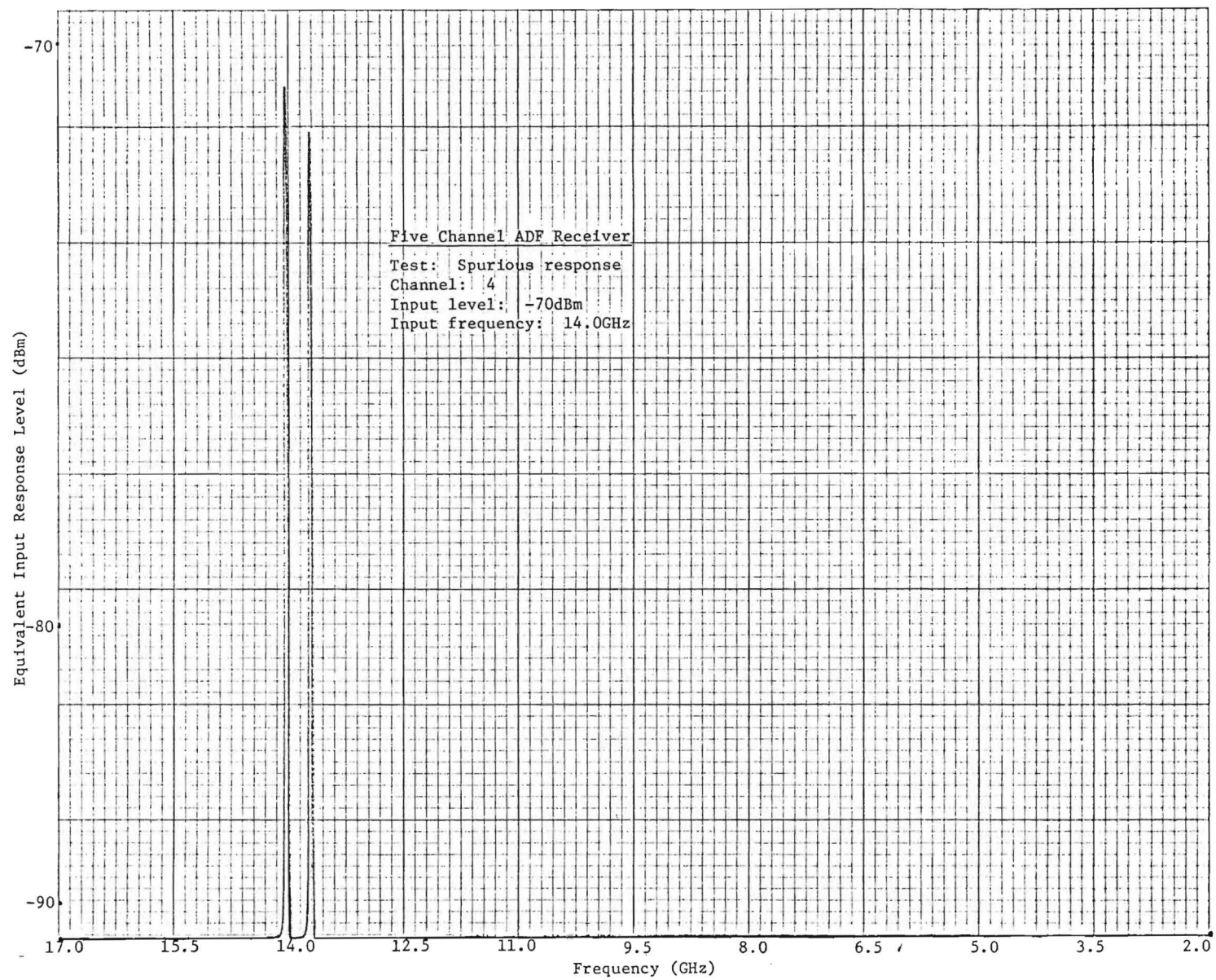




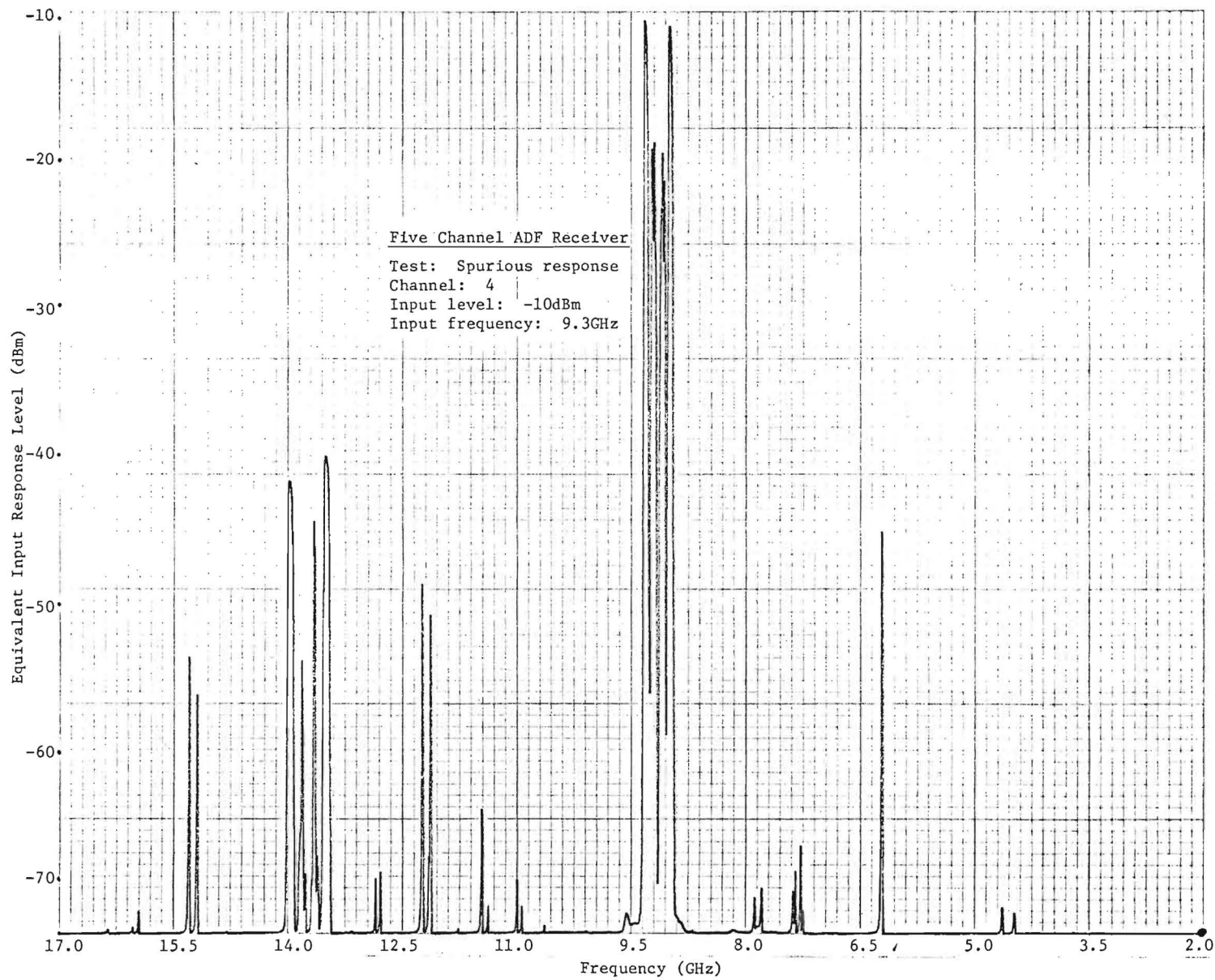


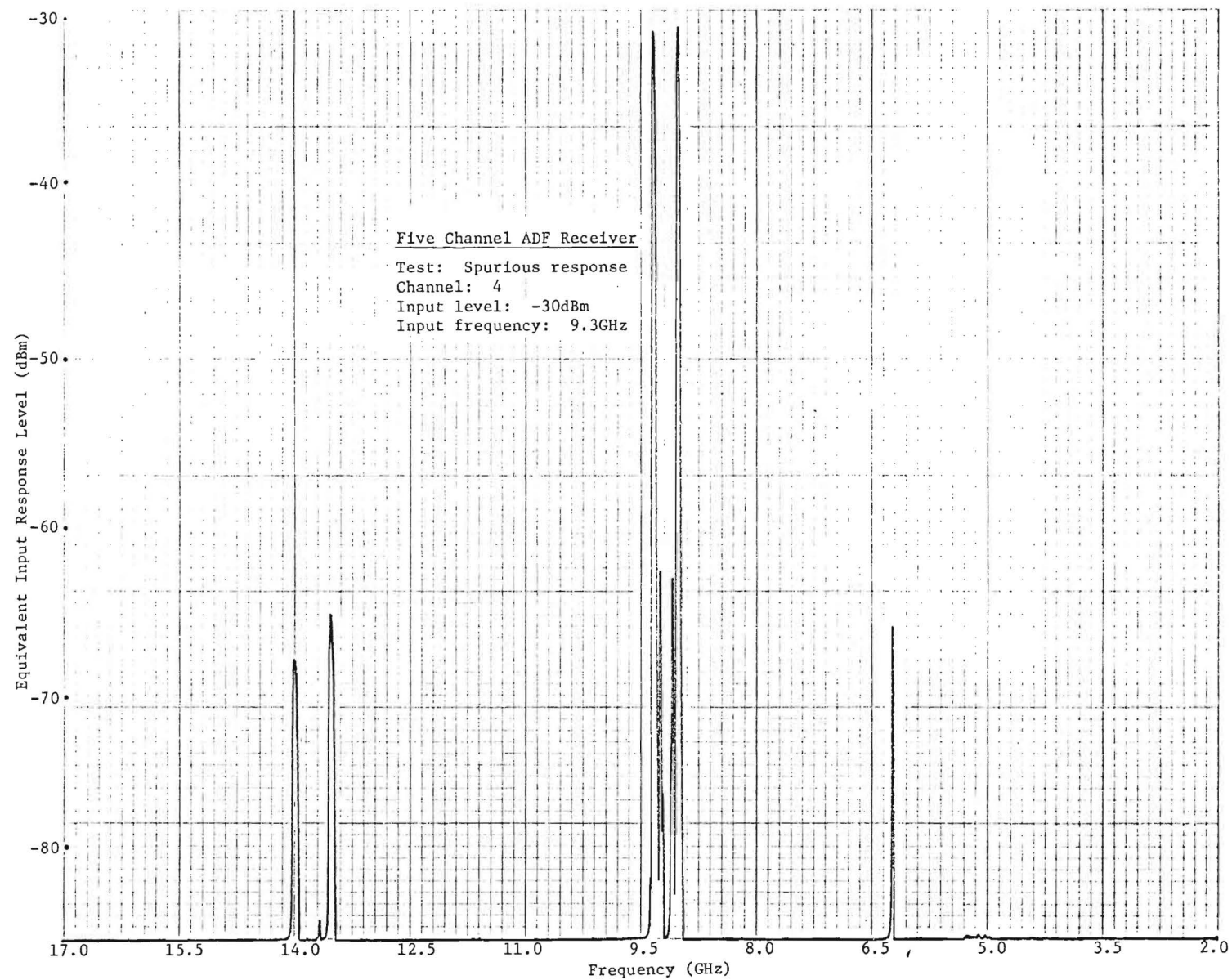


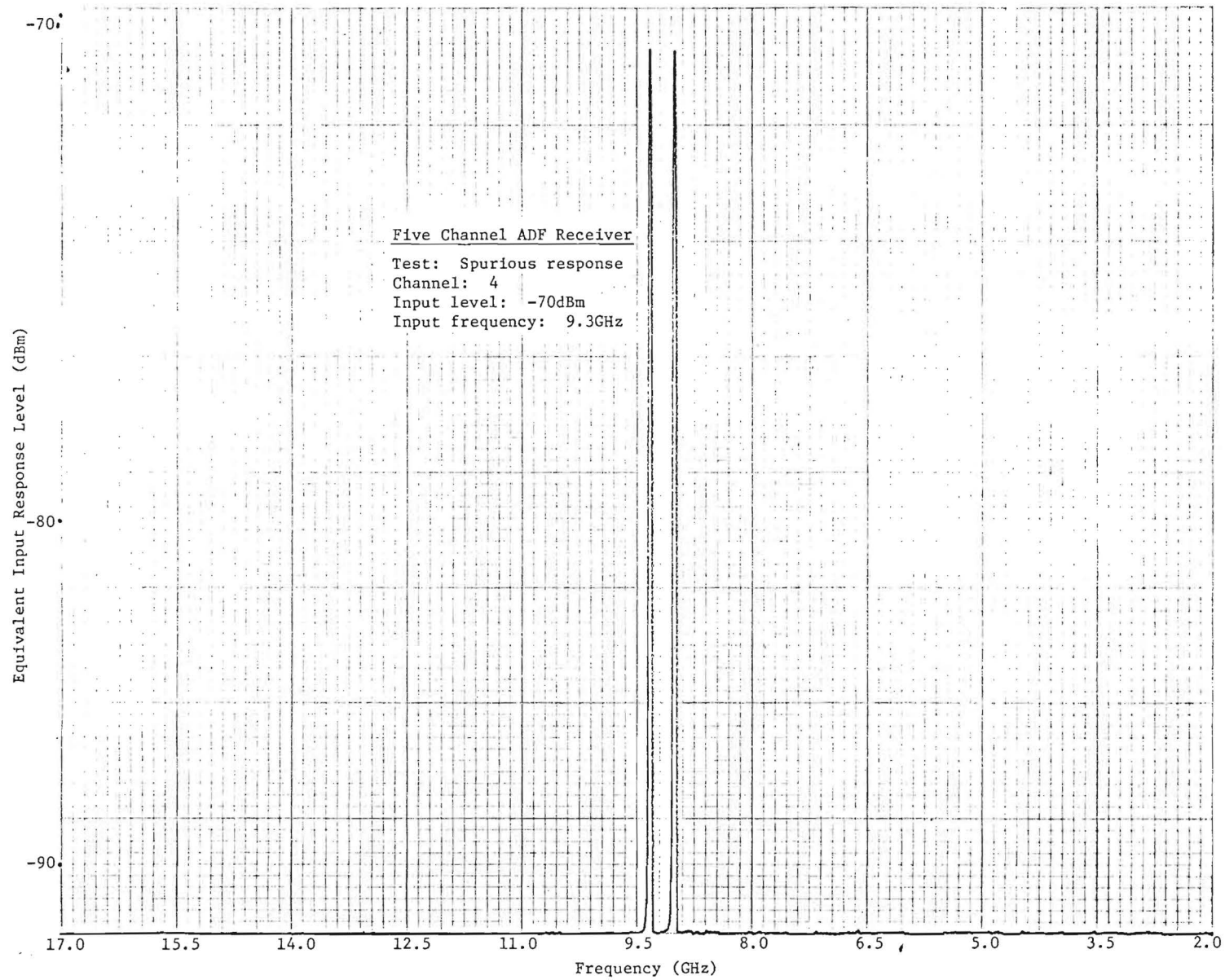


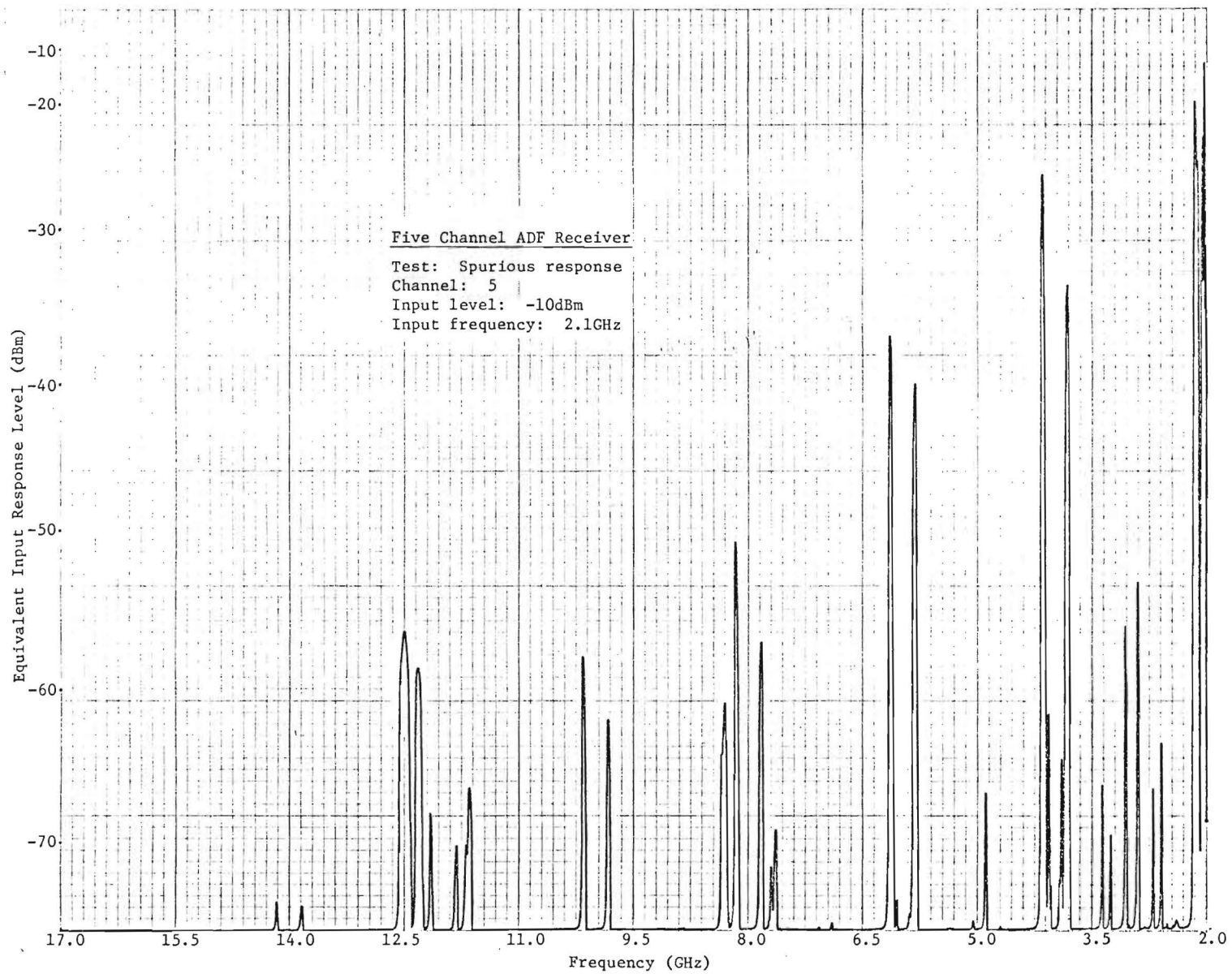


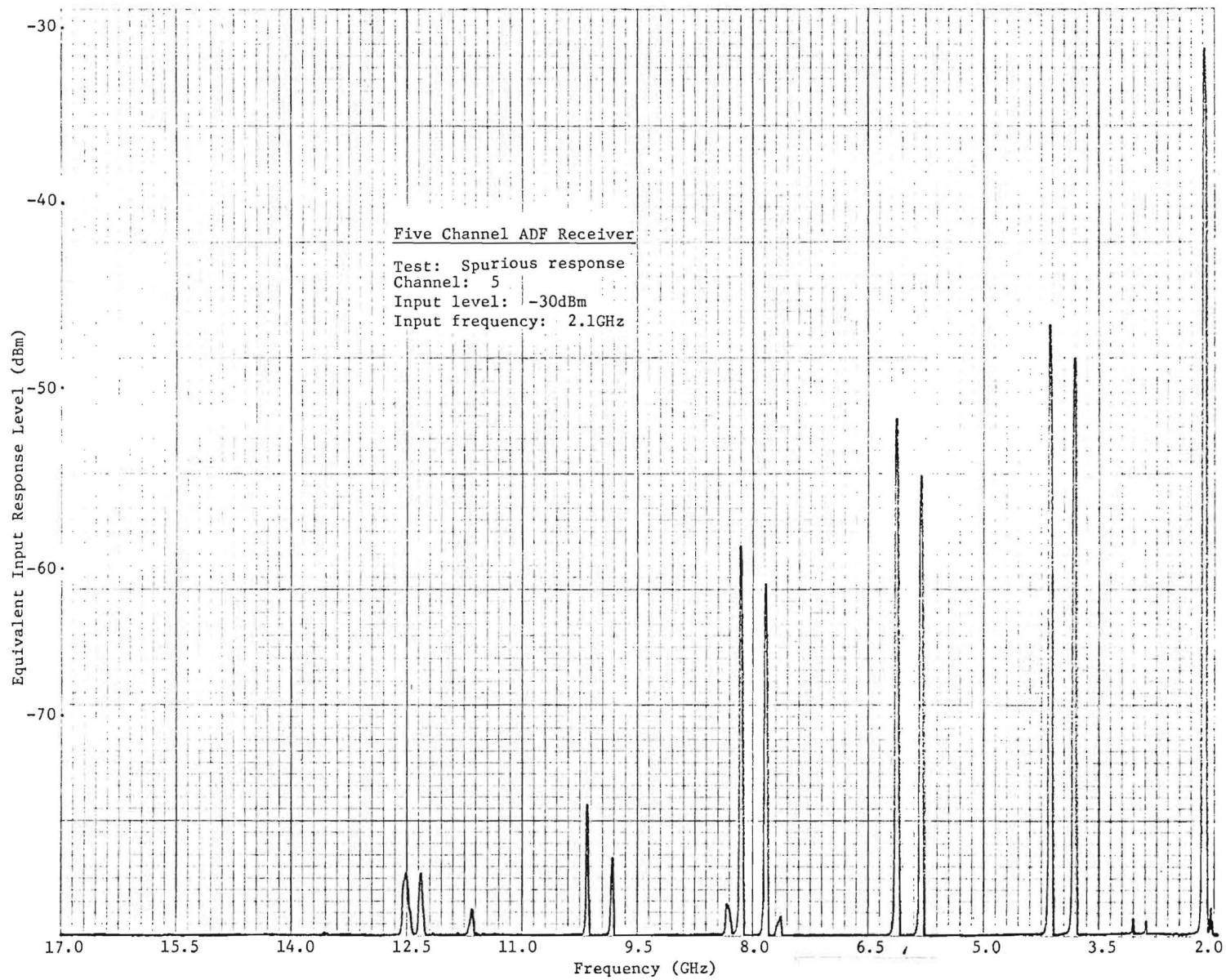




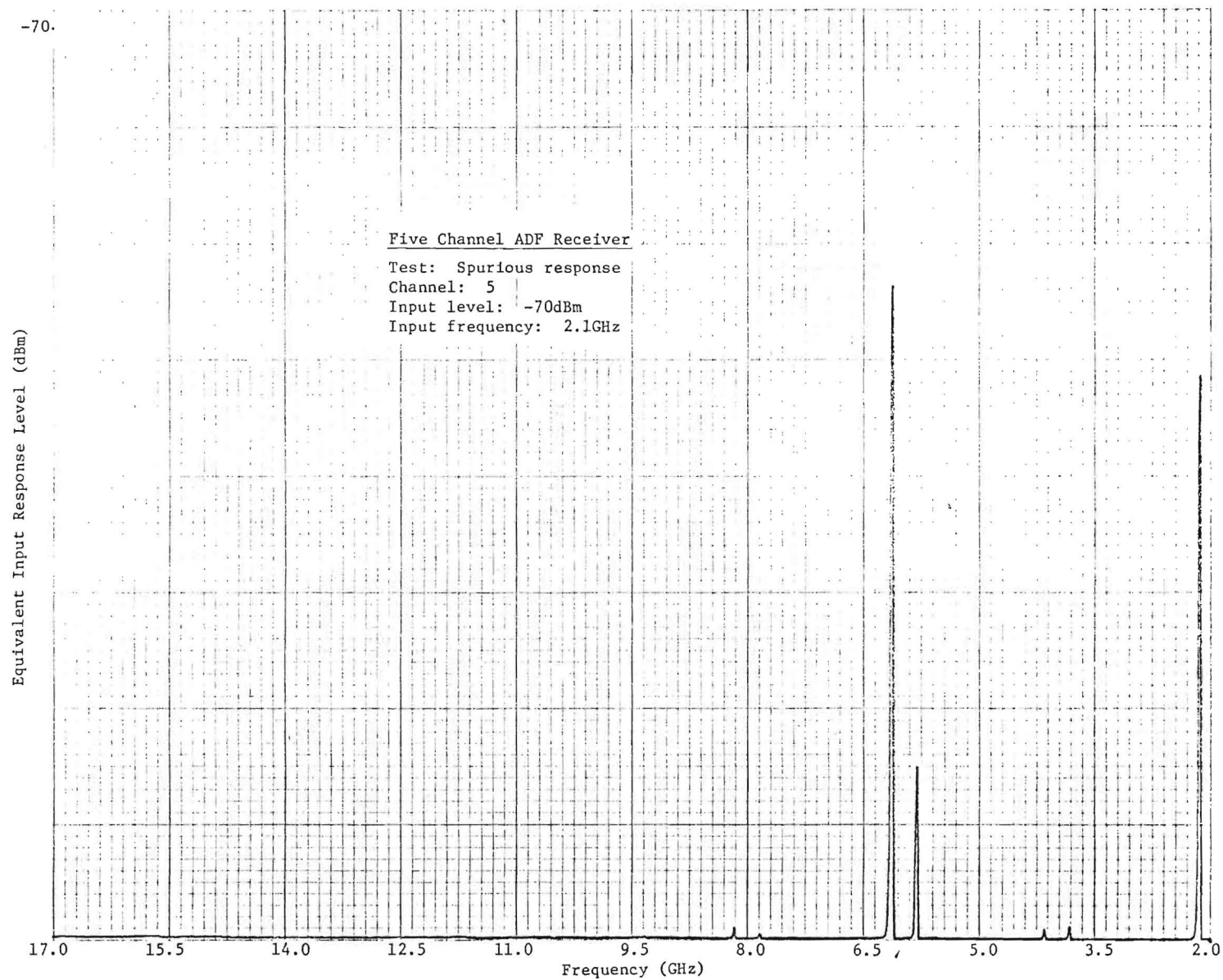




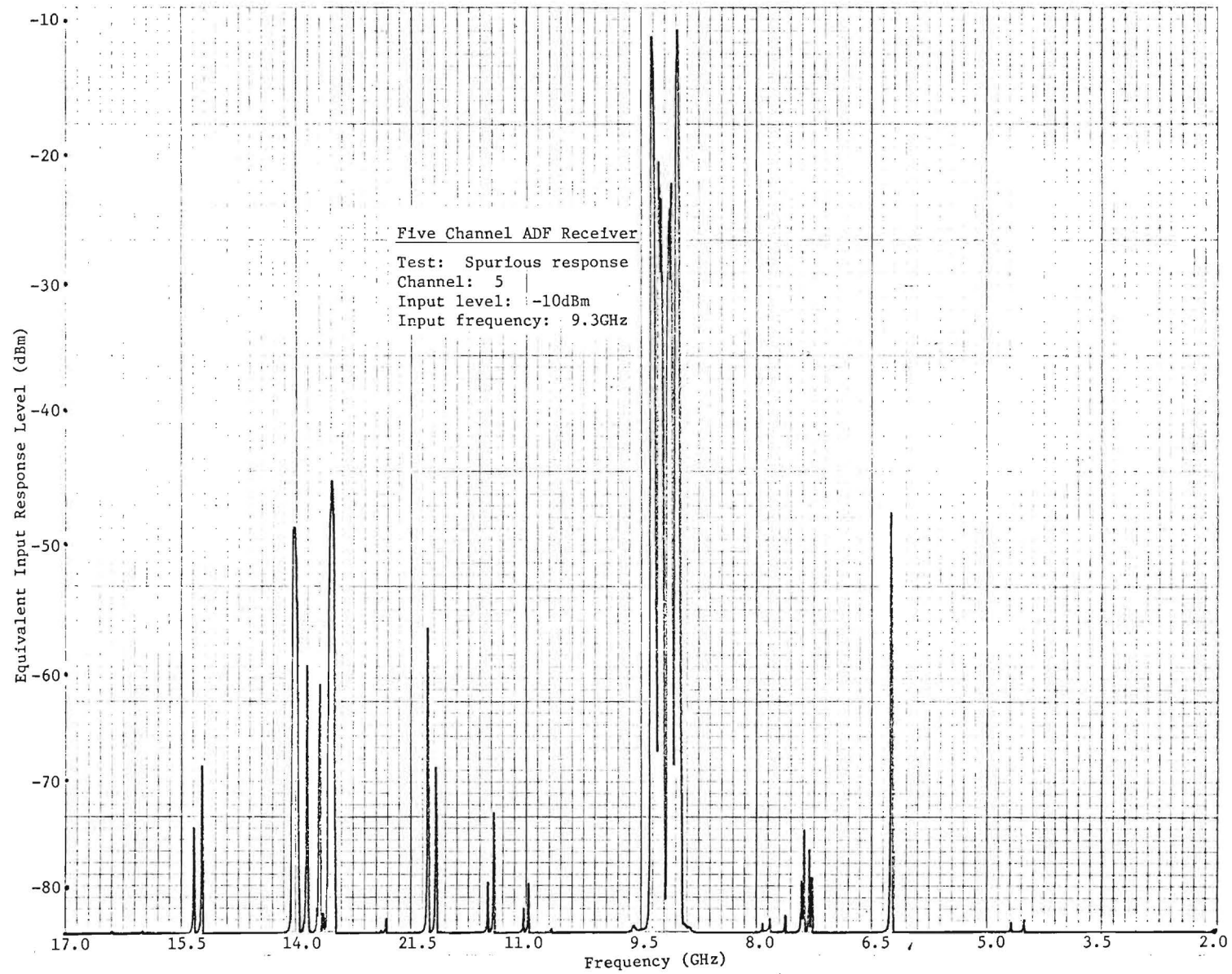


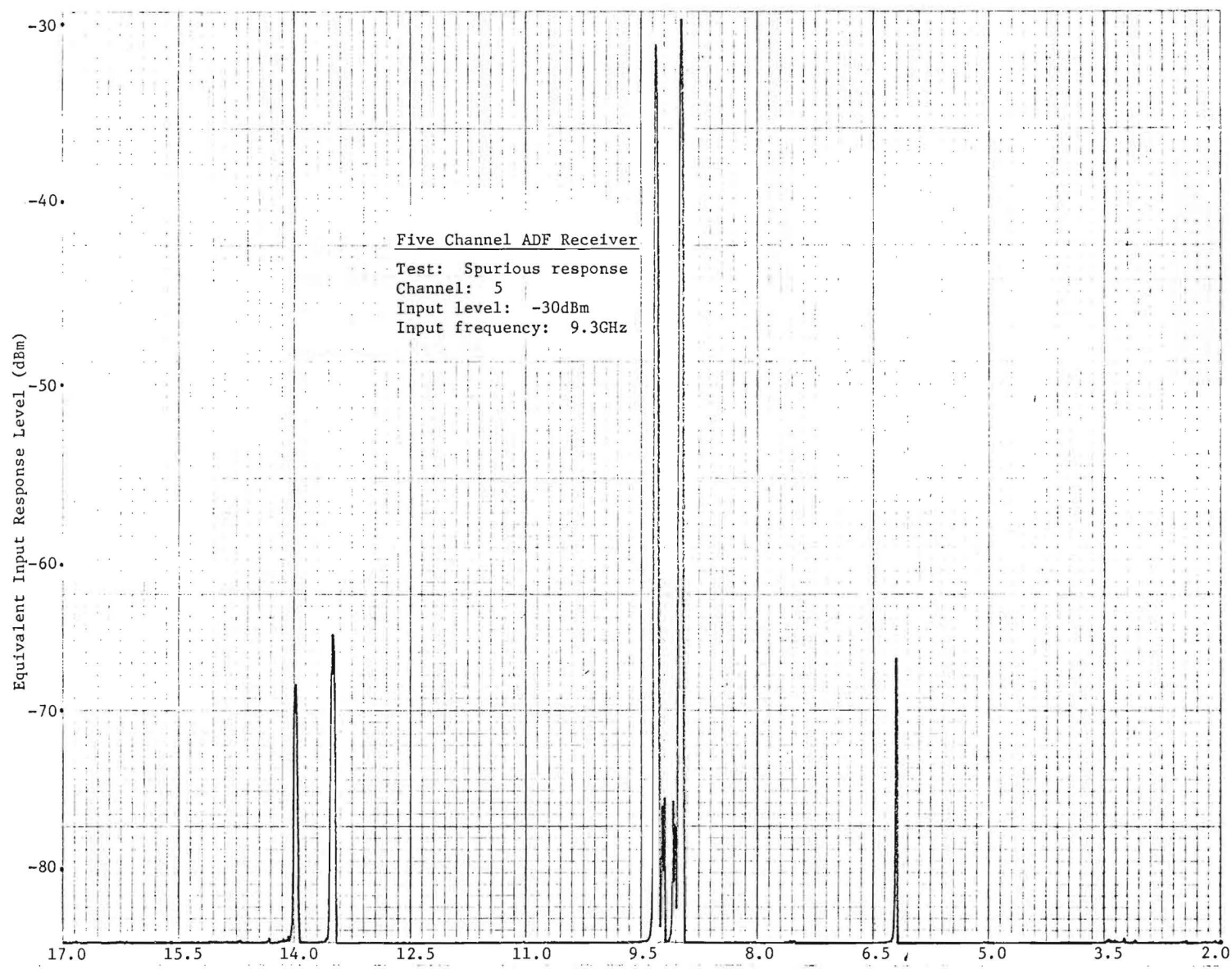


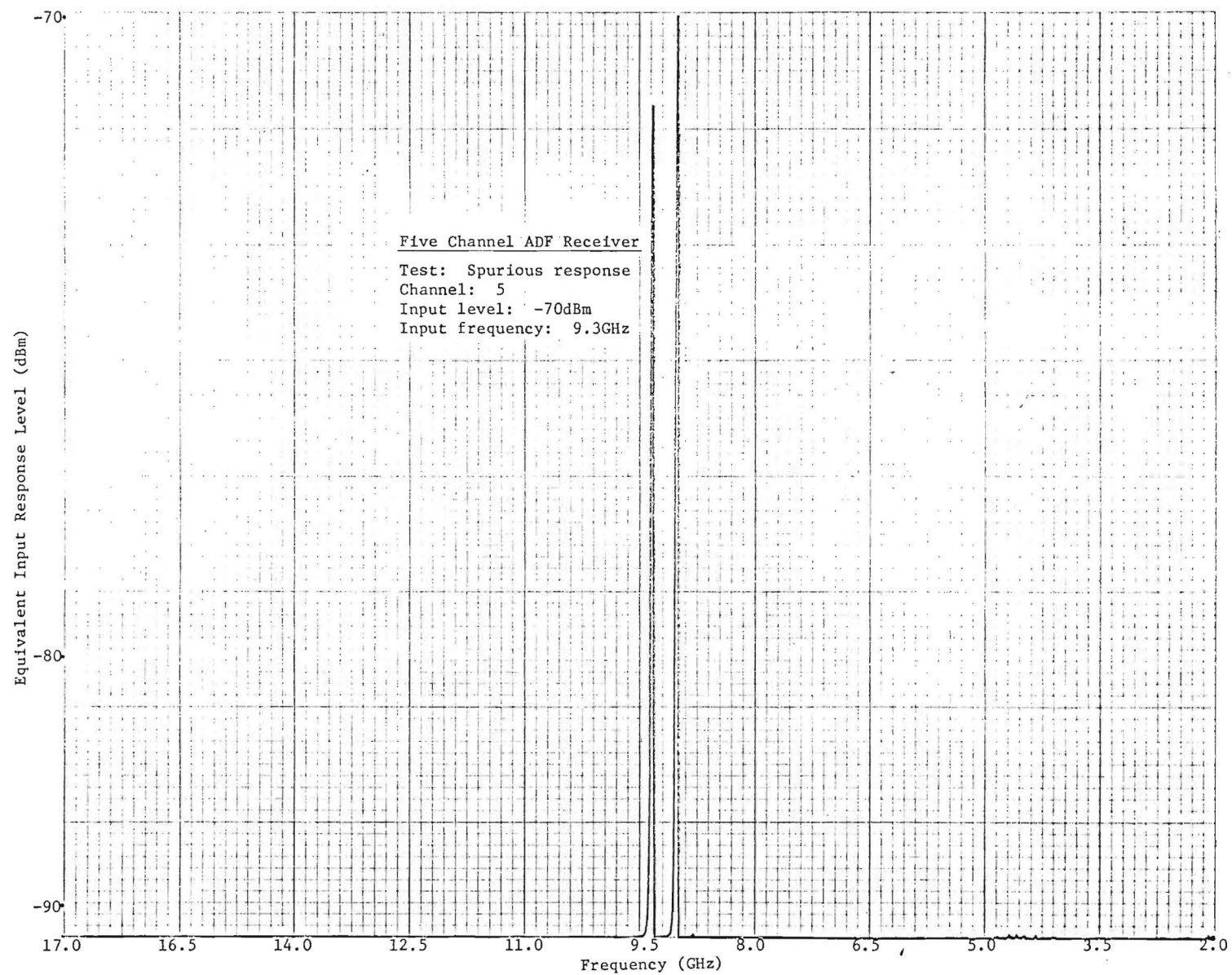


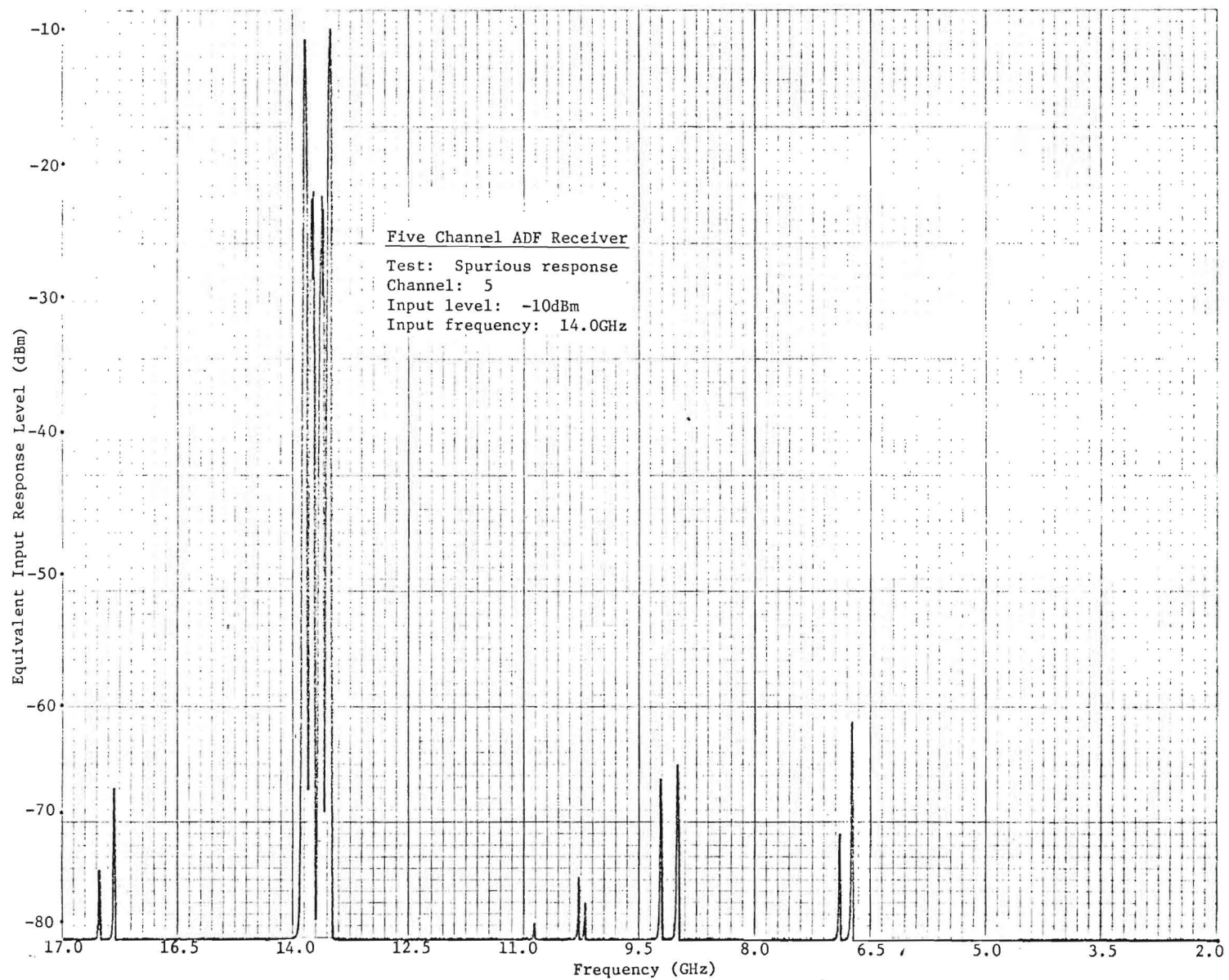


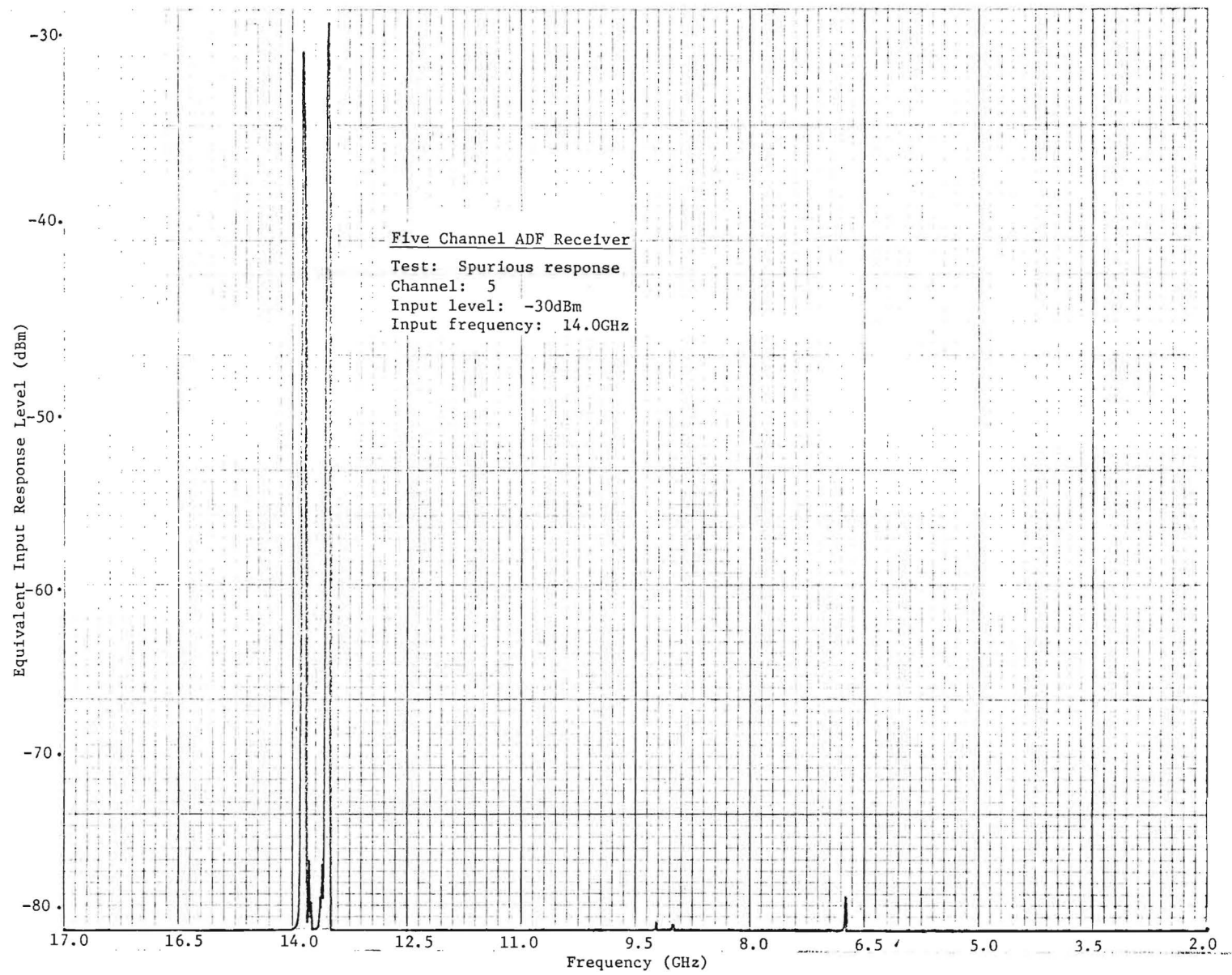




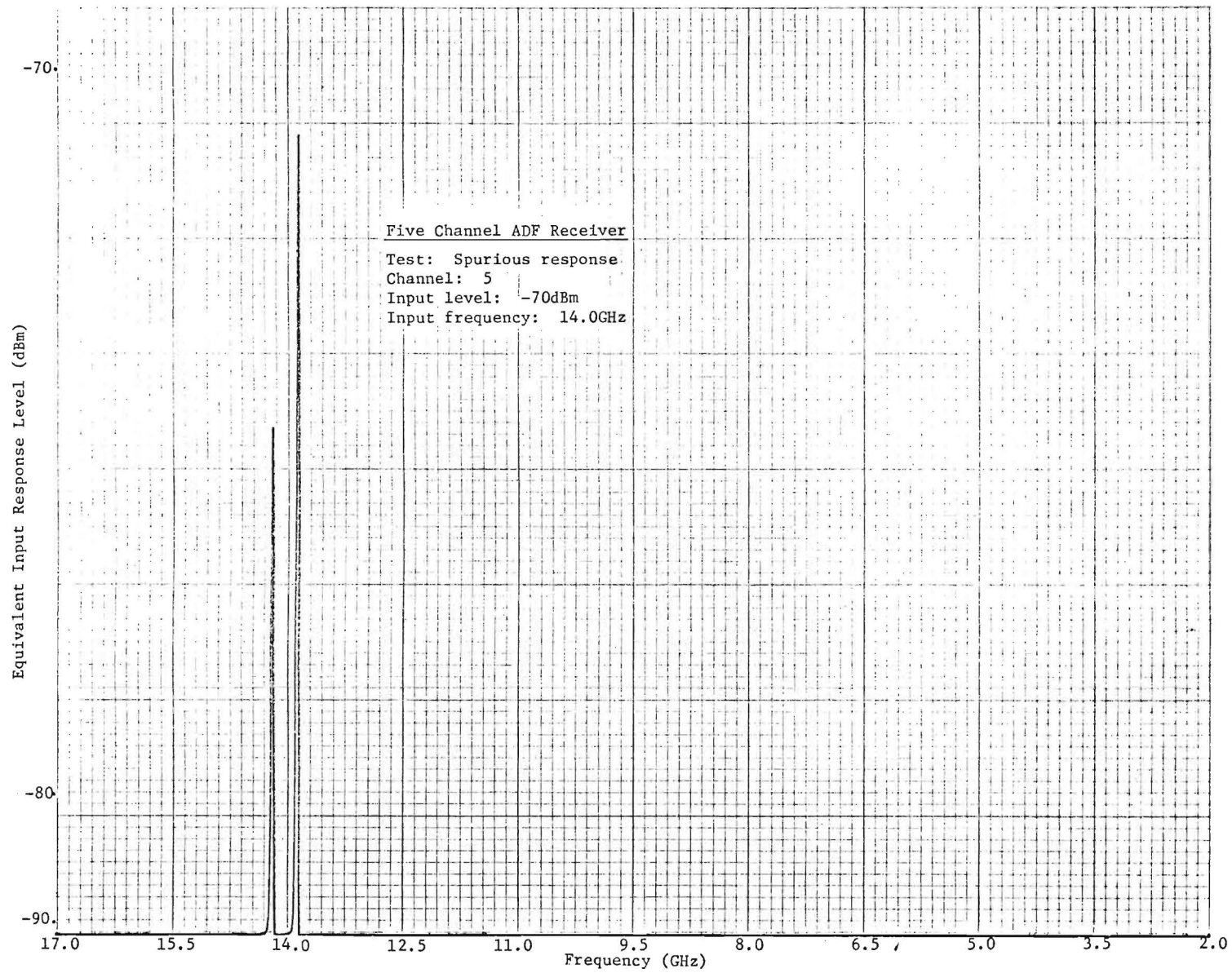




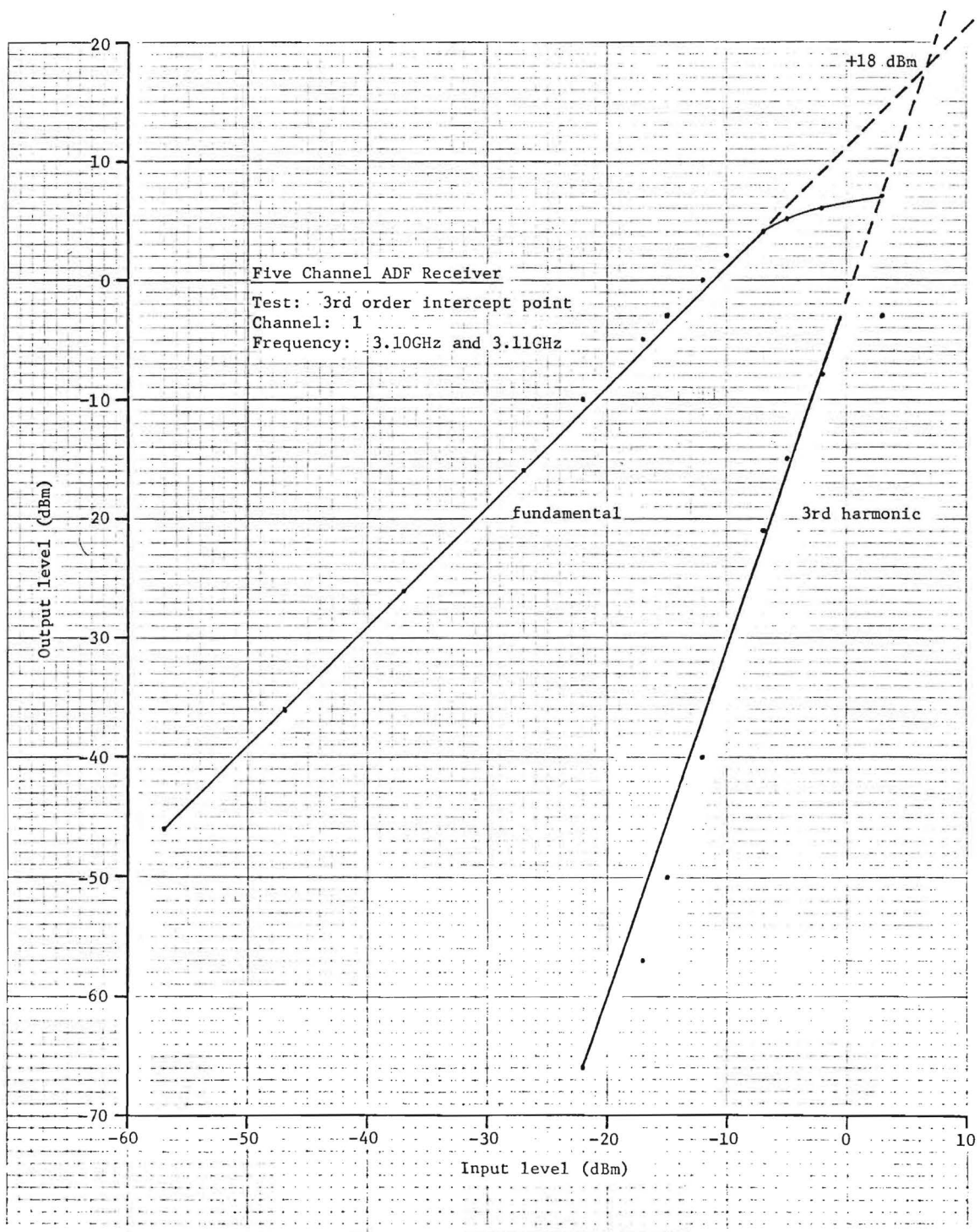


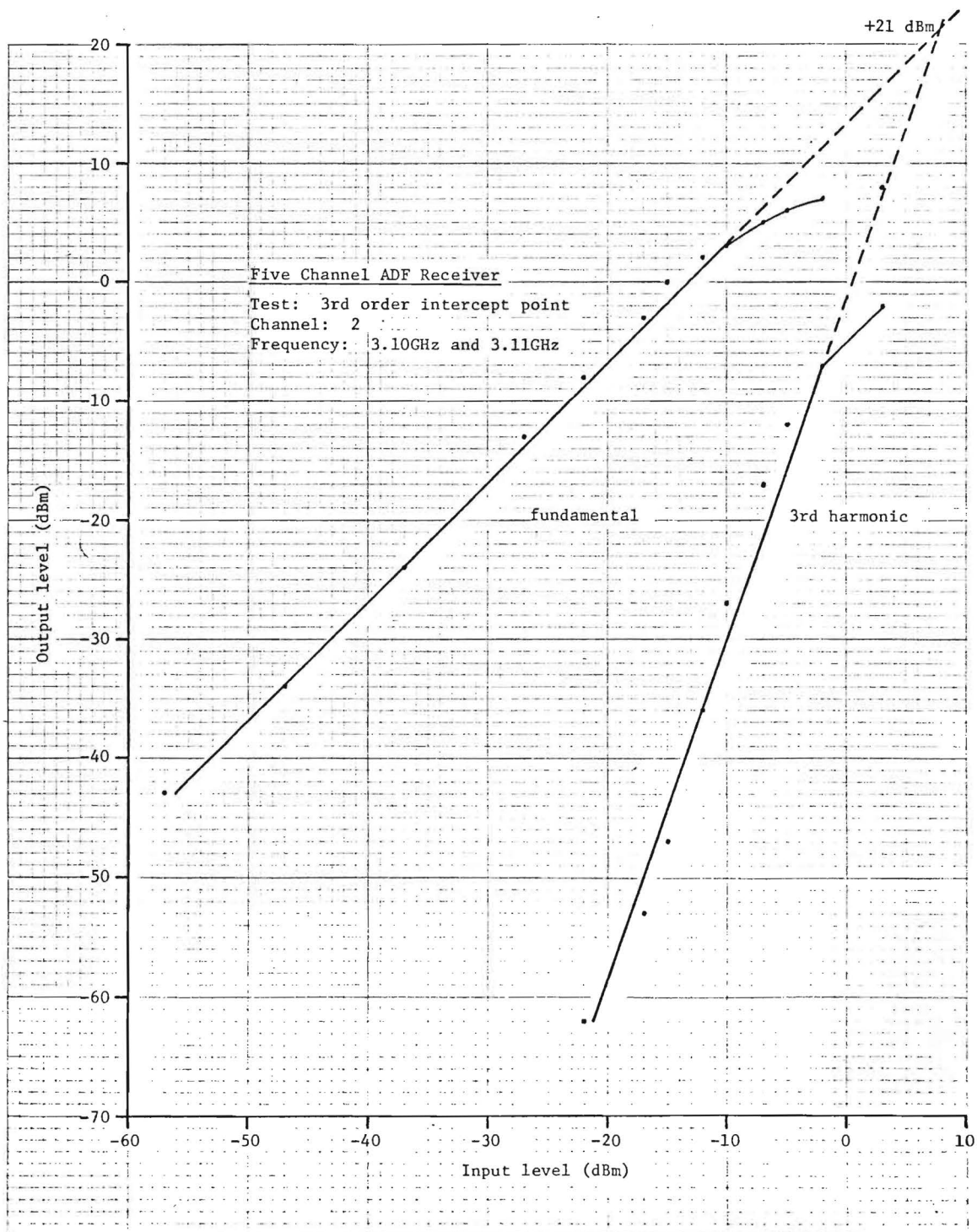


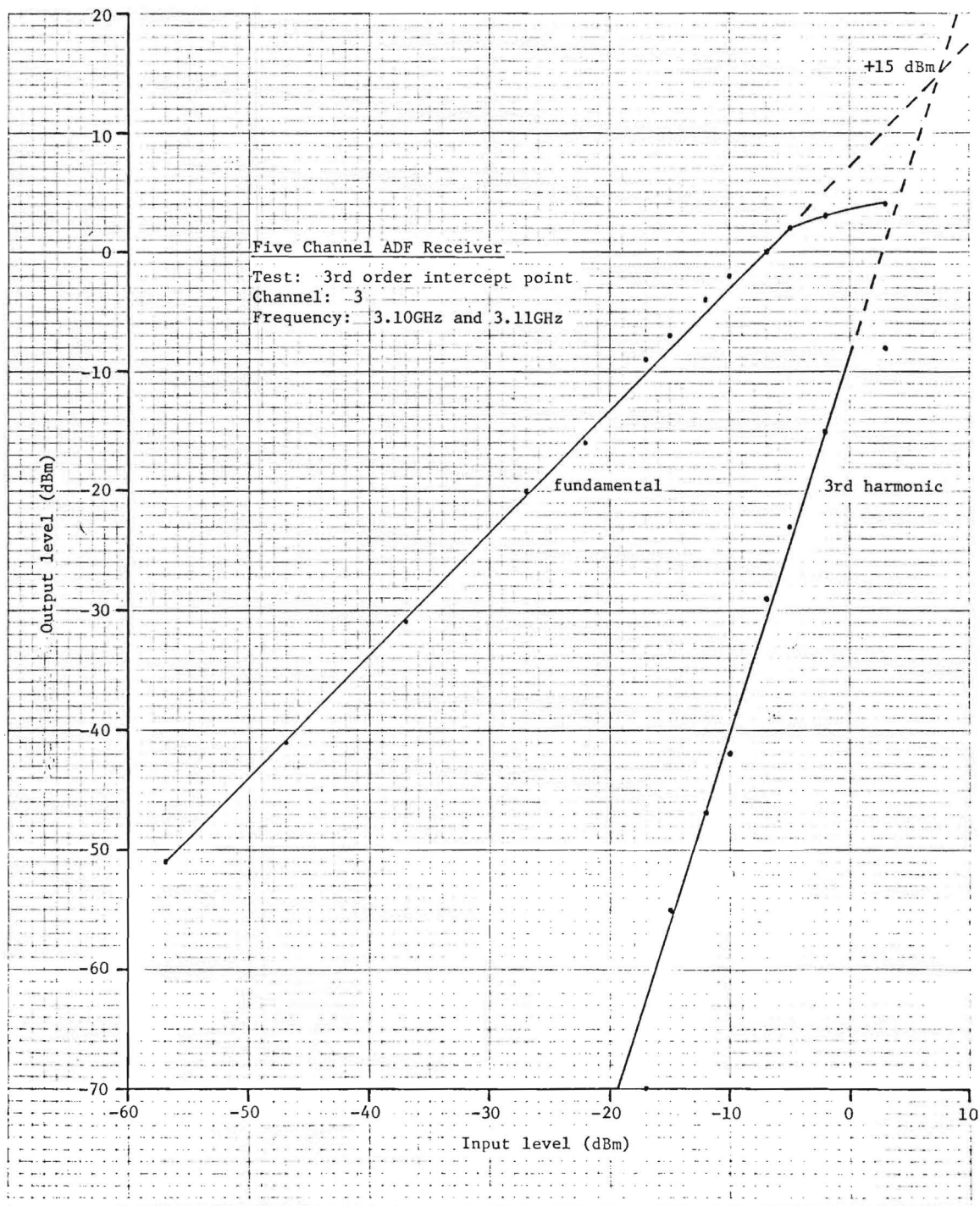


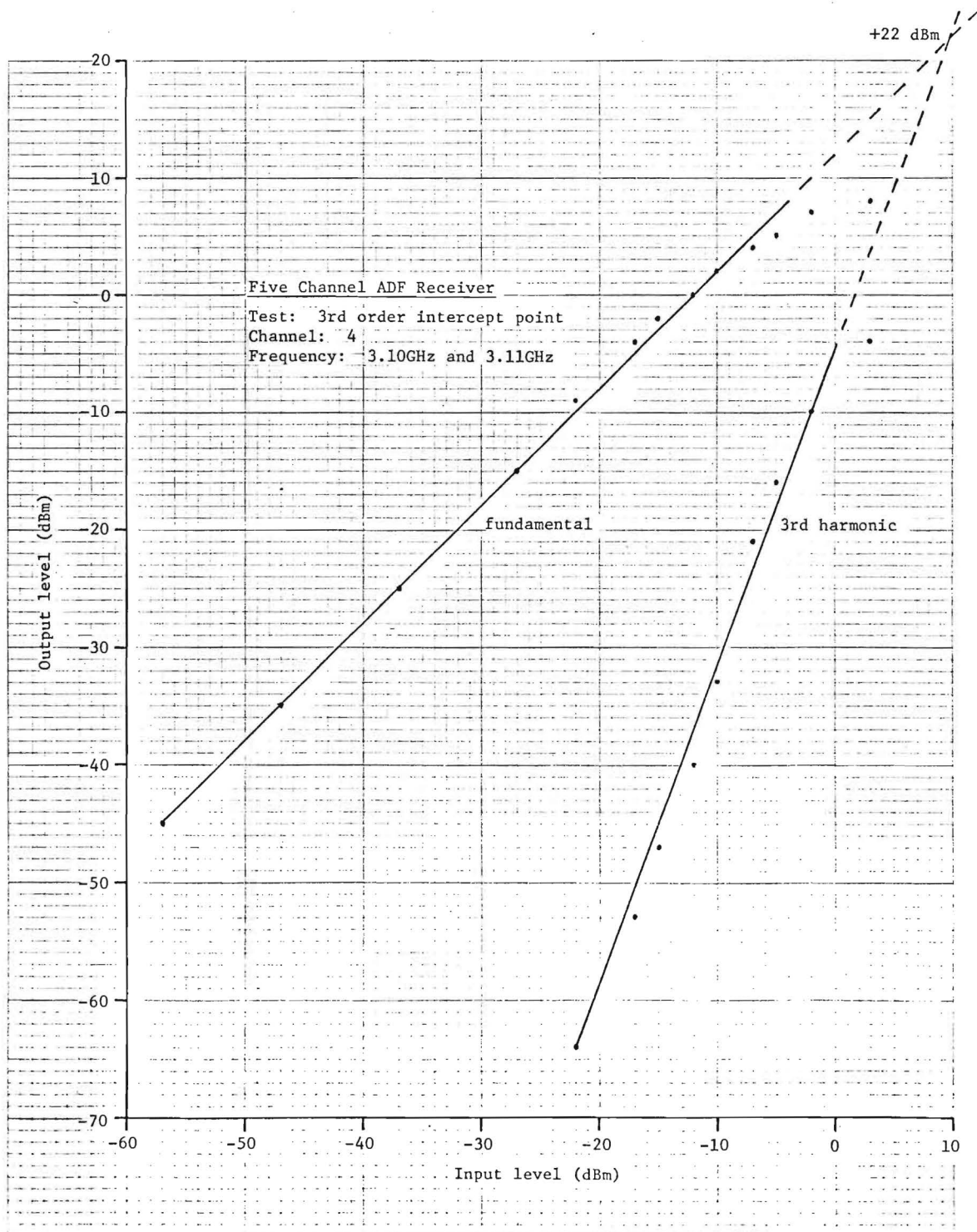


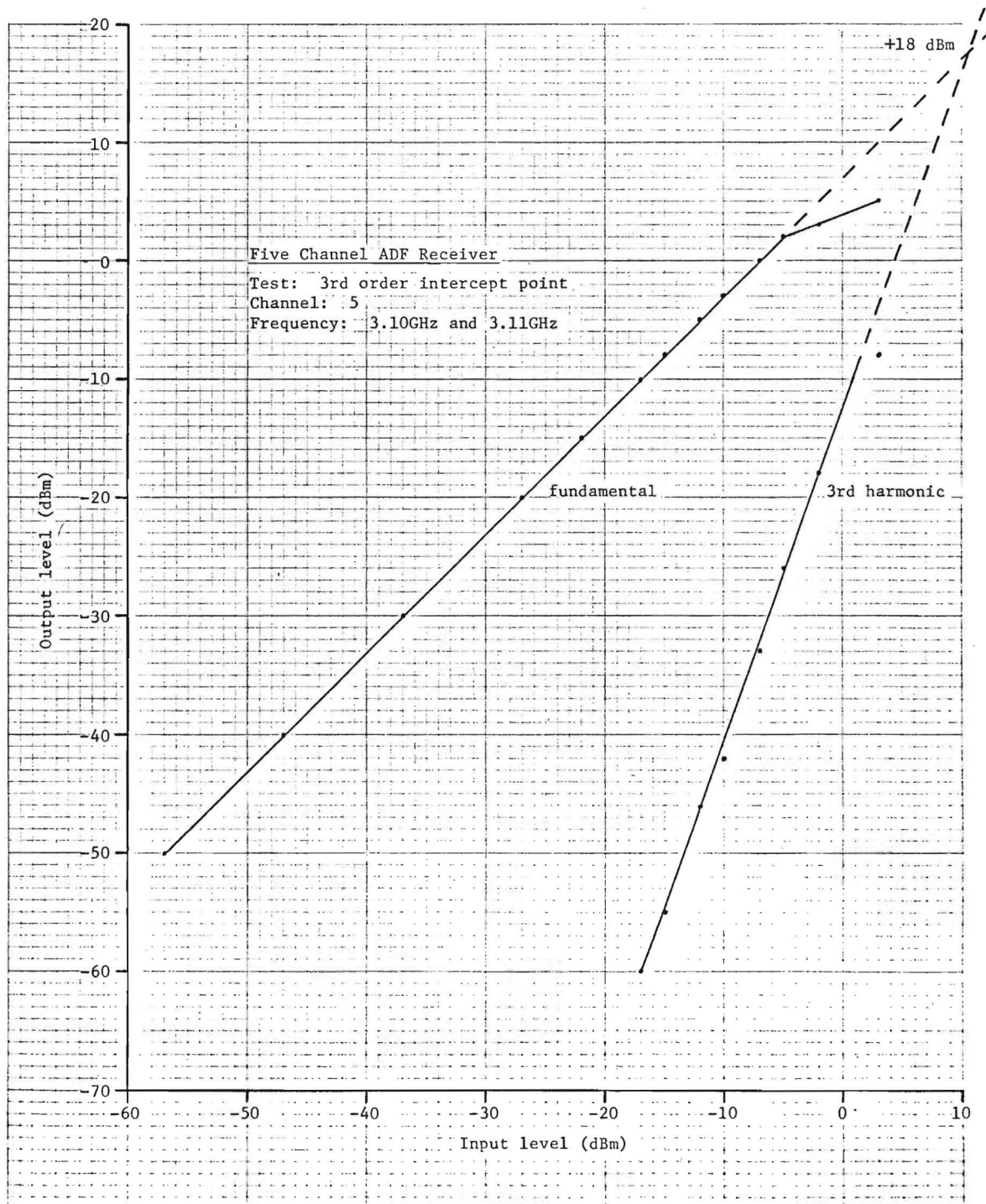












Output Signal vs. Constant Input Level of  
CW and Pulsed Signals

		Pulse Width (ns)				
Channel		CW	2	1	0.5	0.25
Frequency: 14.0 GHz	1	6.3V	6.2V	6.3V	6.3V	6.4V
	2	6.0	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.1
	3	6.3	6.2	6.3	6.3	6.4
	4	6.0	5.9	6.0	6.0	5.9
	5	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.7
Frequency: 9.3 GHz	1	6.2V	6.1V	6.2V	6.2V	6.3V
	2	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.9	6.0
	3	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.3
	4	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.9	6.0
	5	5.6	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.7
Frequency: 3.1 GHz	1	6.6V	6.5V	6.6V	6.6V	6.7V
	2	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.3
	3	6.3	6.2	6.3	6.3	6.4
	4	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.3
	5	5.5	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.6

Five Channel ADF Receiver  
Tangential Sensitivity vs. Frequency

Channel	Frequency (GHz)		
	3.0	9.3	14.0
1	-80 dBm	-77 dBm	-78 dBm
2	-80	-77	-78
3	-79	-75	-76
4	-77	-77	-76
5	-78	-72	-73



